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IMPORTANT - Award will be made on this Form, or on Standard Form 26, or by other authorized official written notice.

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STANDARD FORM 33 (REV. 9-97) Prescribed by GSA - FAR (48 CFR) 53.214(c)

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PART I - THE SCHEDULE

SECTION B - SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES/COSTS

B.1 LEVEL OF EFFORT--COST REIMBURSEMENT TERM CONTRACT (EPAAR 1552.211-73) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

- (a) The Contractor shall perform all work and provide all required reports within the level of effort specified below. The Government will order 25,400 direct labor hours for the base period which represents the Government's best estimate of the level of effort required to fulfill these requirements.
- (b) Direct labor includes personnel such as engineers, scientists, draftsmen, technicians, statisticians, and programmers and not support personnel such as company management, typists, and key punch operators even though such support personnel are normally treated as direct labor by the Contractor. The level of effort specified in paragraph (a) includes Contractor, subcontractor, and consultant labor hours.
- (c) Under any circumstances, if the Government orders or the Contractor provides less than 90 percent of the level of effort specified for the base period or any optional period exercised, an equitable downward adjustment of the fixed fee, if any, for that period will be made. The Government may require the Contractor to provide additional effort up to 110 percent of the level of effort for any period until the estimated cost for that period has been reached. However, this additional effort shall not result in any increase in the fixed fee, if any. If this is a cost-plus-incentive-fee (CPIF) contract, the term "fee" in this paragraph means "base fee and incentive fee." If this is a cost-plus-award-fee (CPAF) contract, the term "fee" in this paragraph means "base fee and award fee."
- (d) If the level of effort specified to be ordered during a given base or option period is not ordered during that period, that level of effort may not be accumulated and ordered during a subsequent period.
- (e) These terms and conditions do not supersede the requirements of either the "Limitation of Cost" or "Limitation of Funds" clauses.

B.2 WORK ASSIGNMENTS (EPAAR 1552.211-74) (APR 1984) ALTERNATE II (MAY 1994) DEVIATION

- (a) The Contractor shall perform work under this contract as specified in written work assignments issued by the Contracting Officer.
- (b) Each work assignment will include (1) a numerical designation, (2) the estimate of required labor hours, (3) the period of performance and schedule of deliverables, and (4) the description of the work.
- (c) The Contractor shall acknowledge receipt of each work assignment by returning to the Contracting Officer a signed copy of the work assignment within 5 calendar days after its receipt. The Contractor shall begin work

immediately upon receipt of a work assignment.

Within 15 calendar days after receipt of a work assignment, the Contractor shall submit one copy of a work plan to the Project Officer, Work Assignment Manager and to the Contracting Officer. The work plan shall include a detailed technical and staffing plan and a detailed cost estimate.

Within 45 calendar days after receipt of the work plan, the Contracting Officer will provide written approval or disapproval of it to the Contractor.

If the Contractor has not received approval on a work plan within 60 calendar days after its submission, the Contractor shall stop work on that work assignment. Also, if the Contracting Officer disapproves a work plan, the Contractor shall stop work until the problem causing the disapproval is resolved. In either case, the Contractor shall resume work only when the Contracting Officer finally approves the work plan.

- (d) This clause does not change the requirements of the "Level of Effort" clause, nor the notification requirements of either the "Limitation of Cost" or "Limitation of Funds" clauses.
- (e) Work assignments shall not allow for any change to the terms or conditions of the contract. Where any language in the work assignment may suggest a change to the terms or conditions, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer.
- (f) Within 20 days of receipt of the work assignment or similar tasking document, the Contractor shall provide a conflict of interest certification.

Before submitting the conflict of interest certification, the contractor shall initially search through all of its available records to identify any actual or potential conflicts of interest. During the first three years of this contract, the contractor shall search through all records created since the beginning of the contract plus the records of the contractor prior to the award of the contract until a minimum of three years of records are accumulated. Once three years of records have accumulated, prior to certifying, the Contractor shall search its records, at a minimum, over the past three years immediately prior to the receipt of the work assignment or similar tasking document. In the COI certification, the Contractor must certify to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, that all actual or potential organizational conflicts of interest have been reported to the Contracting Officer or that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, no actual or potential organizational conflicts of interest exist. In addition, the Contractor must certify that its personnel who perform work under this work assignment or relating to this work assignment have been informed of their obligation to report personal and organizational conflicts of interest to the Contractor. The certification shall also include a statement that the Contractor recognizes its continuing obligation to identify and report any actual or potential conflicts of interest arising during performance of this work assignment.

B.3 ESTIMATED COST AND FIXED FEE (EP 52.216-190) (APR 1984)

(a)	The	estimated	cost	οf	this	contract	is	
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(b)	The	fixed	fee	is	

(C)	The	total	estimated	cost	and	fixed	fee	is	

B.4 LIMITATION OF FUNDS NOTICE (EP 52.232-100) (APR 1984)

(a) Pursua	nt to	the Li	mitati	on of	Funds	s claı	ıse, i	ncreme	ntal f	fundi	ng i	n the
amount of		is	allott	ed to	cove	r esti	imated	cost.	Funds	sin	the	amount
of	are	provid	led to	cover	the o	corres	spondi	ng inc	rement	of	fixe	d fee.
The amount a	llotte	d for	costs	is es	timate	ed to	cover	the c	ontrad	ctor'	s	
performance	throug	h										

⁽b) When the contract is fully funded as specified in the Estimated Cost and Fixed Fee Clause (EP 52.216-190), the Limitation of Cost clause shall become applicable.

SECTION C - DESCRIPTION/SPECIFICATIONS/WORK STATEMENT

C.1 NOTICE REGARDING PROHIBITED CONTRACTOR ACTIVITIES ON ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA) CONTRACTS (EP 52.000-000) (NOV 1994)

The Contractor shall not perform any of the following activities on behalf of EPA in connection with this contract:

- 1. The actual preparation of Congressional testimony.
- 2. The interviewing or hiring of individuals for employment at EPA.
- 3. Developing and/or writing of Position Descriptions and Performance Standards.
- 4. The actual determination of Agency policy.
- 5. Participating as a voting member on a Performance Evaluation Board; participating in and/or attending Award Fee meetings.
- 6. Preparing Award Fee Letters, even under typing services contracts.
- 7. The actual preparation of Award Fee Plans.
- 8. The preparation of documents on EPA Letterhead other than routine administrative correspondence.
- 9. Reviewing vouchers and invoices for the purposes of determining whether costs, hours, and work performed are reasonable.
- 10. The preparation of Statements of Work, Work Assignments, Technical Direction Documents, Delivery Orders, or any other work issuance document under a contract that the contractor is performing or may perform. Such a work issuance document, prepared by an EPA prime contractor under an EPA prime contract for its subcontractor, is exempt from this prohibition.
- 11. The actual preparation of responses to audit reports from the Inspector General, General Accounting Office, or other auditing entities.
- 12. Preparing responses to Congressional correspondence.
- 13. The actual preparation of responses to Freedom of Information Act requests, other than routine, non-judgmental correspondence.
- 14. Any contract which authorizes a contractor to represent itself as EPA to outside parties.
- 15. Conducting administrative hearings.
- 16. Reviewing findings concerning the eligibility of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{EPA}}$ employees for security clearances.

17. The actual preparation of an office's official budget request.

C.2 STATEMENT OF WORK--CONTRACT WHERE WORK IS ORDERED BY WORK ASSIGNMENTS OR DELIVERY ORDERS (EP 52.210-110) (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall furnish the necessary personnel, material, equipment, services and facilities (except as otherwise specified), to perform the Statement of Work/Specifications included

The Contractor shall perform work under this contract only as directed in work assignment issued by the Contracting Officer.

C.3 INCORPORATION OF CONTRACTOR'S TECHNICAL PROPOSAL (EP 52.210-120) (APR 1984)

The Contractor's technical proposal entitled, "_______" dated _____, is incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract. In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of this contract and the Contractor's technical proposal, the contract provisions take precedence.

C.4 COMPLIANCE WITH EPA POLICIES FOR INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT (EPAAR 1552.211-79) (OCT 2000)

- (a) <u>Definition</u>. Information Resources Management (IRM) is defined as any planning, budgeting, organizing, directing, training, promoting, controlling, and managing activities associated with the burden, collection, creation, use and dissemination of information. IRM includes both information itself, and the management of information and related resources such as personnel, equipment, funds, and technology. Examples of these services include but are not limited to the following:
- (1) The acquisition, creation, or modification of a computer program or automated data base for delivery to EPA or use by EPA or contractors operating EPA programs.
- (2) The analysis of requirements for, study of the feasibility of, evaluation of alternatives for, or design and development of a computer program or automated data base for use by EPA or contractors operating EPA programs.
- (3) Services that provide EPA personnel access to or use of computer or word processing equipment, software, or related services.
- (4) Services that provide EPA personnel access to or use of: Data communications; electronic messaging services or capabilities; electronic bulletin boards, or other forms of electronic information dissemination; electronic record-keeping; or any other automated information services.
- (b) General. The Contractor shall perform any IRM related work under this contract in accordance with the IRM policies, standards and procedures set forth in this clause and noted below. Upon receipt of a work request (i.e. delivery order or work assignment), the Contractor shall check this listing of

directives (see paragraph (d) for electronic access). The applicable directives for performance of the work request are those in effect on the date of issuance of the work request.

- (1) IRM Policies, Standards and Procedures. The 2100 Series (2100-2199) of the Agency's Directive System contains the majority of the Agency's IRM policies, standards and procedures.
- (2) Groundwater Program IRM Requirement. A contractor performing any work related to collecting Groundwater data; or developing or enhancing data bases containing Groundwater quality data shall comply with <u>EPA Order 7500.1A</u> Minimum Set of Data Elements for Groundwater.
- (3) EPA Computing and Telecommunications Services. <u>The Enterprise</u> <u>Technology Services Division (ETSD) Operational Directives Manual</u> contains procedural information about the operation of the Agency's computing and telecommunications services. Contractors performing work for the Agency's National Computer Center or those who are developing systems which will be operating on the Agency's national platforms must comply with procedures established in the Manual. (This document may be found at: http://basin.rtpnc.epa.gov:9876/etsd/directives.nsf.)
- (c) $\underline{Printed\ Documents}$. Documents listed in (b)(1) and (b)(2) may be obtained from:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Administration
Facilities Management and Services Division
Distribution Section
Mail Code: 3204
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460
Phone: (202) 260-5797

(d) <u>Electronic Access</u>. Electronic access. A complete listing, including full text, of documents included in the 2100 Series of the Agency's Directive System is maintained on the EPA Public Access Server on the Internet at http://epa.gov/docs/irmpoli8/.

C.5 ACQUISITION AND USE OF ENVIRONMENTALLY PREFERABLE PRODUCTS AND SERVICES (EP-S 97-1) (MAY 1999)

- (a) Executive Order 13101 of September 14, 1998, entitled "Greening the Government through Waste Prevention, Recycling, and Federal Acquisition" and Section 6002 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6962, Pub L. 94-580, 90 Stat. 2822) require Federal agencies to procure designated items with the highest recovered materials content practicable.
- (b) In the performance of this contract, the Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the following issuances:
- (1) Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 247, Comprehensive Guideline for Procurement of Products Containing Recovered Materials (CPG),

which designates items that are or can be made with recovered materials, and its companion pieces, the Recovered Materials Advisory Notices (RMANs). The CPG and RMANs provide recommended procurement practices, including recommended recovered material content levels, for purchasing products designated in the CPG. The Contractor shall comply with these recommendations, and such other CPG revisions and RMANs as the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) may issue with respect to the procurement of products that contain recovered materials. (Copies of the CPG or RMANs, as well as information on manufacturers and vendors of designated items may be obtained by calling EPA's RCRA Hotline at (800) 424-9346, or, in the Washington, D.C., metropolitan area, at (703) 412-9810.)

- (2) In complying with the requirements of paragraph (b), the Contractor shall coordinate its concerns and program guidance with EPA's Recycling Coordinator.
- (c) The Contractor shall prepare and submit reports on the purchase of products containing recovered materials from time to time in accordance with written direction (e.g., in specified format) from the EPA Recycling Coordinator through the Contracting Officer. Reports shall be submitted to the EPA Recycling Coordinator, with a copy to the Contracting Officer, Mail Code 3204, Washington, D.C. 20460.

SECTION D - PACKAGING AND MARKING

[For this Solicitation, there are NO clauses in this Section]

SECTION E - INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

E.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER DATE TITLE

52.246-5 APR 1984 INSPECTION OF SERVICES--COST-REIMBURSEMENT

E.2 HIGHER-LEVEL CONTRACT QUALITY REQUIREMENT (GOVERNMENT SPECIFICATION) (FAR 52.246-11) (MAR 2001)

The Contractor shall comply with the higher-level quality standard selected below.

	Title	Numbering	Date	Tailoring
[•]	Specifications and Guidelines for Quality Systems for Environ mental Data Collection and Environmental Technology Programs	ANSI/ASQC E4	1/5/95	See below

Tailoring:

The contractor shall demonstrate conformance to ANSI/ASQC E4 and the QMP by submitting appropriate documentation for all work involving the production and use of environmental data in environmental programs.

If individual work assignments involve environmental data operations and if required by the work assignment, the contractor shall develop for EPA approval and implement a project specific Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP). Environmental data include any parameters or pieces of information collected or produced rom measurements, laboratory or field analyses, models, or analyses of environmental processes, conditions, and effects of radiation, radionuclides or other indoor air pollutants or substances on human health and the environment. These data operations include the characterization of environmental or ecological systems and the health of human populations; the direct measurement of environmental conditions or releases, including sample collection, analysis, evaluation and reporting of environmental data; and the collection and use of environmental data pertaining to the occupational health and safety of personnel in EPA facilities (e.g., chemical dosimetry, radiation dosimetry). They also include results collected for other purposes or compiled from other sources (also termed "secondary data"), including literature, industry surveys, compilations from computerized databases and information systems, results from computerized or mathematical models of environmental processes or conditions used in a decision making process. If computer code (e.g., models) or other software for environmental data operations is developed or modified as a part of a work assignment, the contractor shall develop for EPA approval and implement a QAPP. Environmental operations include the design, collection and operation of environmental technology by US EPA. A crosswalk matrix as used for developing the QMP is also acceptable in developing QAPPS.

- (a) The Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer's Representative copies of a Quality Assurance Project Plan (or equivalent) that describes the quality assurance and quality control practices for the specific application described in the statement of work as specified within each task order, delivery order, or work assignment. This Plan shall be prepared in accordance with the specifications given in EPA Requirements for Quality Assurance Project Plans (QA/R-5).
- (b) The Contractor shall not commence work involving environmental data generation or use until the Government has approved the project quality documentation.
- (c) The Contractor shall submit quality assurance reports as stipulated in the QAPP for the work assignment used to perform the work or as required by the work assignment.

The contractor is required by ANSI/ASQC E4-1994, Section 2.2.1, to review its quality system annually. The contractor shall submit a letter report of the results of this review for work pertinent to this contract performed by the contractor or its subcontractors to the Project Officer and EPA Quality Assurance Manager within 30 days of completing the review. The contractor shall also report serious quality system problems or deficiencies for environmental data work for this contract within 5 working days of their occurrence of identification to the EPA Quality Assurance Manager between the reviews by telephone or electronic mail. The contractor shall also provide the Project Officer five (5) copies of any revisions to the QMP made during the year. These revisions shall be subject to EPA approval.

The contractor shall submit other quality assurance reports as stipulated in the QAPP for the work assignment used to perform the work or as required by the work assignment.

Where appropriate regarding the quality system, data, or other related matters, the contractor may be required to coordinate with EPA or other laboratories (i.e., Radiation and Indoor Environments National Laboratory, Las Vegas, NV; National Air and Radiation Environmental Laboratory (NAREL), Montgomery, AL; The National Risk Management Research Lab (NRMRL) or any of its divisions such as the Air Pollution Prevention and Control Division, Research Triangle Park, NC; EPA regional laboratories) in order to send data back and forth for review in accordance with EPA procedures. Where coordination is required, it will be specified in individual work assignments.

E.3 INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE (EP 52.246-100) (APR 1984)

- (a) The Contracting Officer or the duly authorized representative will perform inspection and acceptance of materials and services to be provided.
- (b) For the purposes of this clause, the Project Officer is the authorized representative of the Contracting Officer.
 - (c) Inspection and acceptance will be performed at:
 - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC

SECTION F - DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE

F.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER DATE TITLE

52.242-15 AUG 1989 STOP WORK ORDER ALTERNATE I (APR 1984)

F.2 REPORTS OF WORK (EPAAR 1552.210-70) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

The Contractor shall prepare and deliver reports and a technical report abstract for each draft final and final technical report in accordance with Attachment 2.

F.3 WORKING FILES (EPAAR 1552.211-75) (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall maintain accurate working files (by task or work assignment) on all work documentation including calculations, assumptions, interpretations of regulations, sources of information, and other raw data required in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall provide the information contained in its working files upon request of the Contracting Officer.

F.4 ADVISORY AND ASSISTANCE SERVICES (EPAAR 1552.211-78) (APR 1984)

All reports containing recommendations to the Environmental Protection Agency shall include the following information on the cover of each report: (a) name and business address of the contractor; (b) contract number; (c) contract dollar amount; (d) whether the contract was subject to full and open competition or a sole source acquisition (e) name of the EPA Project Officer and the EPA Project Officer's office identification and location; and (f) date of report.

F.5 PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE (EP 52.212-140) (APR 1984)

The period of performance of this contract shall be from date of contract award through September 30, 2004 inclusive of all required reports.

F.6 PLACE OF CONTRACT PERFORMANCE (RTP-F-1)

Performance in or use of government facilities by the contractor is not authorized under this contract without the approval of the Contracting

Officer. This approval will be in the form of a modification to the contract.

SECTION G - CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

G.1 PAYMENT OF FEE (EPAAR 1552.216-74) (MAY 1991)

- (a) The term "fee" in this clause refers to either the fixed fee under a cost-plus-fixed-fee type contract, or the base fee under a cost-plus-award-fee type contract.
- (b) The Government will make provisional fee payments on the basis of percentage of work completed. Percentage of work completed is the ratio of direct labor hours performed to the direct labor hours set forth in clause 1552.211-73, "Level of Effort--Cost-Reimbursement Term Contract."

G.2 SUBCONTRACTING PROGRAM FOR SMALL BUSINESS AND SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS (EP 52.219-105) (APR 1984)

The subcontracting plan submitted by the Contractor and approved by the Contracting Officer for this requirement is incorporated as Attachment

G.3 SUBCONTRACTING REPORTS--SMALL BUSINESS AND SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERNS (EP 52.219-120) (OCT 1991)

The Contractor shall submit Standard Form (SF) 294, Subcontracting Report for Individual Contracts, and/or SF 295, Summary Contract Report, in accordance with the instructions on the forms.

Submit copies of these reports to:

Distribution Addressee

original Contracting Officer

1 copy Senior Program Manager

U.S. EPA

Office of Small & Disadvantaged Business Utilization (1230C)

Ariel Rios Building

1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20460

1 copy U.S. EPA

Mr. Jerry Dodson

RTP Procurement Operations Division (E105-02)

Research Triangle Park, NC 27711

G.4 SUBMISSION OF INVOICES (EPAAR 1552.232-70) (JUN 1996) DEVIATION

In order to be considered properly submitted, an invoice or request for contract financing payment must meet the following requirements in addition to the requirements of FAR 32.905:

- (a) Unless otherwise specified in the contract, an invoice or request for contract financing payment shall be submitted as an original and five copies. The contractor shall submit the invoice or request for contract financing payment to the following offices/individuals in the contract: the original and two copies to the Accounting Operations office shown in Block ____ on the cover of the contract; two copies to the Project Officer (the Project Officer may direct one of these copies to a separate address); and one copy to the Contracting Officer.
- (b) The Contractor shall prepare its invoice or request for contract financing payment on the prescribed Government forms. Standard Forms Number 1034, Public Voucher for Purchases and Services other than Personal, shall be used by contractors to show the amount claimed for reimbursement. Standard Form 1035, Public Voucher for Purchases and Services other than Personal -Continuation Sheet, shall be used to furnish the necessary supporting detail or additional information required by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor may submit self-designed forms which contain the required information.
- (c)(1) The Contractor shall prepare a contract level invoice or request for contract financing payment in accordance with the invoice preparation instructions identified as a separate attachment in Section J of the contract. If contract work is authorized by individual work assignments, the invoice or request for contract financing payment shall also include a summary of the current and cumulative amounts claimed by cost element for each work assignment and for the contract total, as well as any supporting data for each work assignment as identified in the instructions.
- (2) The invoice or request for contract financing payment shall include current and cumulative charges by major cost element such as direct labor, overhead, travel, equipment, and other direct costs. For current costs, each major cost element shall include the appropriate supporting schedule identified in the invoice preparation instructions. Cumulative charges represent the net sum of current charges by cost element for the contract period.
- (d)(1) The charges for subcontracts shall be further detailed in a supporting schedule showing the major cost elements for each subcontract.
- (d)(2) On a case-by-case basis, when needed to verify the reasonableness of subcontractor costs, the Contracting Officer may require that the contractor obtain from the subcontractor cost information in the detail set forth in (c)(2). This information should be obtained through a means which maintains subcontractor confidentiality (for example, via sealed envelopes), if the subcontractor expresses CBI concerns.
- (e) Invoices or requests for contract financing payment must clearly indicate the period of performance for which payment is requested. Separate invoices or requests for contract financing payment are required for charges applicable to the basic contract and each option period.
- (f) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of the clause of this contract at FAR 52.216-7, Allowable Cost and Payment, invoices or requests for contract

financing payment shall be submitted once per month unless there has been a demonstrated need and Contracting Officer approval for more frequent billings. When submitted on a monthly basis, the period covered by invoices or requests for contractor financing payments shall be the same as the period for monthly progress reports required under this contract.

- (2) If the Contracting Officer allows submissions more frequently than monthly, one submittal each month shall have the same ending period of performance as the monthly progress report.
- (3) Where cumulative amounts on the monthly progress report differ from the aggregate amounts claimed in the invoice(s) or request(s) for contract financing payments covering the same period, the contractor shall provide a reconciliation of the difference as part of the payment request.

G.5 FAR CONTRACT RESERVES (EP 52.232-130) (AUG 1991)

The Contracting Officer has determined that a reserve is necessary for this contract to protect the Government's interest. The amount of the reserve shall not exceed \$100,000, or 15% of the negotiated fixed fee, whichever is less. After payment of 85% of the fixed fee on a cost-plus-fixed-fee contract or 85% of the base fee on a cost-plus-award-fee contract, further payment of such fee shall be withheld until this reserve is established.

G.6 METHOD OF PAYMENT (EP 52.232-220) (APR 1984)

- (a) Payments under this contract will be made either by check or by wire transfer through the Treasury Financial Communications System at the option of the Government.
- (b) The Contractor shall forward the following information in writing to the paying office designated in this contract not later than 7 days after receipt of notice of award.
- (1) Full name (where practicable), title, phone number, and complete mailing address of responsible official(s), (i) to whom check payments are to be sent, and (ii) who may be contacted concerning the bank account information requested below.
- (2) The following bank account information required to accomplish wire transfers:
- (i) Name, address, and telegraphic abbreviation of the receiving financial institution.
- (ii) Receiving financial institution's 9-digit American Bankers Association (ABA) identifying number for routing transfer of funds. (Provide this number only if the receiving financial institution has access to the Federal Reserve Communications System.)
- (iii) Recipient's name and account number at the receiving financial institution to be credited with the funds.
- (iv) If the receiving financial institution does not have access to the Federal Reserve Communications System, provide the name of the

correspondent financial institution through which the receiving financial institution receives electronic funds transfer messages. If a correspondent financial institution is specified, also provide:

- (A) Address and telegraphic abbreviation of the correspondent financial institution.
- (B) The correspondent financial institution's 9- digit ABA identifying number for routing transfer of funds.
- (c) Any changes to the information furnished under paragraph (b) of this clause shall be furnished to the paying office in writing at least 30 days before the effective date of the change. It is the contractor's responsibility to furnish these changes promptly to avoid payments to erroneous addresses or bank accounts.
- (d) The document furnishing the information required in paragraphs (b) and (c) must be dated and contain the signature, title, and telephone number of the Contractor official authorized to provide it, as well as the Contractor's name and contract number.
- (e) If this contract is assigned, the Contractor shall ensure that the information required above is submitted by the assignee to the paying office designated in the contract.

G.7 INDIRECT COSTS (EPAAR 1552.242-70) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

(a) In accordance with paragraph (d) of the "Allowable Cost and Payment" clause, the final indirect cost rates applicable to this contract shall be established between the Contractor and the appropriate Government representative (EPA, other Government agency, or auditor), as provided by FAR 42.703-1(a). EPA's procedures require a Contracting Officer determination of indirect cost rates for its contracts. In those cases where EPA is the cognizant agency (see FAR 42.705-1), the final rate proposal shall be submitted to the cognizant audit activity and to the following:

Environmental Protection Agency Chief, Cost and Rate Negotiation Service Center Office of Acquisition Management (3802R) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D. C. 20460

The Contractor shall also follow the notification and cost impact procedures prescribed in paragraph (b) below.

Where EPA is not the cognizant agency, the final rate proposal shall be submitted to the above-cited address, to the cognizant audit agency, and to the designated Contracting Officer of the cognizant agency. Upon establishment of the final indirect cost rates, the Contractor shall submit an executed Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data (see FAR 15.406-2) applicable to the data furnished in connection with the final rates to the cognizant audit agency. The final rates shall be contained in a written understanding between the Contractor and the appropriate Government representative. Pursuant to the "Allowable Cost and Payment" clause, the allowable indirect costs under this contract shall be obtained by applying the

final agreed upon rate(s) to the appropriate bases.

(b) Until final annual indirect cost rates are established for any period, the Government shall reimburse the Contractor at billing rates established by the appropriate Government representative in accordance with FAR 42.704, by means of a separate indirect cost rate agreement or a contract modification subject to adjustment when the final rates are established. The established billing rates are currently as follows:

Cost Center Period Rate Base

These billing rates may be prospectively or retroactively revised by mutual agreement, at the request of either the Government or the Contractor, to prevent substantial overpayment or underpayment.

- (1) For any retroactive indirect cost rate adjustments (i.e.,indirect costs already billed), including final indirect cost rate adjustments, the Contractor shall provide to the Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Section, with copies to the current EPA Contracting Officers of active contracts, a cost impact statement showing the effect of the indirect cost rate changes for each contract. This statement shall compare the cost billed to the cost the Contractor proposes to bill.
- (2) For prospective indirect cost rate adjustments only, the Contractor shall notify the current EPA Contracting Officers of the new proposed rates when it proposes rates to the Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Section.
- (3) For either prospective or retroactive indirect cost rate adjustments, the Contractor shall provide the Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Section with the names of the current EPA Contracting Officers for the affected contracts.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) above, ceilings are hereby established on indirect costs reimbursable under this contract. The Government shall not be obligated to pay the Contractor any additional amount on account of indirect costs in excess of the ceiling rates listed below:

Cost Center Period Rate Base

The ceiling rates specified above are applicable from the effective date of the contract through the end of the period of performance including any option periods.

G.8 CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION REPRESENTATIVES (EP 52.242-100) (AUG 1984)

Project Officer(s) for this contract:

Project Officer:

TO BE IDENTIFIED AT TIME OF CONTRACT AWARD

Contract Specialist(s) responsible for administering this contract:

Administrative Contracting Officer:

TO BE IDENTIFIED AT TIME OF CONTRACT AWARD

G.9 SUBCONTRACT CONSENT (EP 52.244-100) (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall submit the information required by the "Subcontracts," clause to the Contracting Officer and assigned Project Officer. The Contracting Officer will provide written notice to the Contractor of his decision.

Consent is given to issue the following subcontracts:

To be completed as appropriate at the time of award.

G.10 GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED DATA (EPAAR 1552.245-71) (APR 1984)

- (a) The Government shall deliver to the Contractor the Government-furnished data described in the contract. If the data, suitable for its intended use, is not delivered to the Contractor, the Contracting Officer shall equitably adjust affected provisions of this contract in accordance with the "Changes" clause when:
- (1) The Contractor submits a timely written request for an equitable adjustment; and
 - (2) The facts warrant an equitable adjustment.
 - (b) Title to Government-furnished data shall remain in the Government.
- (c) The Contractor shall use the Government-furnished data only in connection with this contract.
- (d) The data will be furnished to the Contractor as specified in the work assignments.

G.11 GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (EPAAR 1552.245-73) (JUN 2003) DEVIATION

(a) The contractor shall not fabricate or acquire, on behalf of the Government, either directly or indirectly through a subcontract, any item of property without written approval from the Contracting officer.

(b) In accordance with paragraph (a) above, the contractor is authorized to acquire and/or fabricate the equipment listed below for use in the performance of this contract. The equipment is subject to the provisions of the "Government Property" clause.

None

(c) The Government will provide the following item(s) of Government property to the contractor for use in the performance of this contract. This property shall be used and maintained by the contractor in accordance with the provisions of the "Government Property" clause.

Item No.	Description	Quantity	
1	Radon Resistant New Construction Display Booth (10 \times 20)	1	
2	Radon Display Booth/Case - Table Top	1	
3	Radon Display Booth/Case - full size (8 x 10)	1	
4	Tools for Schools Display Booth - Full size (8 x	x 10) 1	
5	Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) - full size (8	8 x 10)	1
6	IAQ/RADON Display Booth - full size (8 x 10)	1	
7	Asthma Booth, Large	1	
8	Asthma Booth, Small	1	
9	Case (to counter conversion kit)	1	
10	4 sided foldaway counter with carry/shipping cas	se	1
11	Literature Rack with shipping case	1	
12	Halogen Light Bulbs	4	
13	10' Arc Kit with fabric covered end caps	1	
14	Arc Tabletop Frame (2 x 1)	1	
15	Halogen lights with case	1	
16	Extension Cord	1	
17	Extra halogen light bulbs	4	
18	Locking counter with laminate counter top		1
19	Thermo-plastic rolling case	1	
20	Literature Rack with shipping case	1	
21	Case to table conversion kit for 10' display		1

(d) The "EPA Contract Property Administration Requirements" provided below apply to this contract.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Property Administration Requirements (PAR)

- 1. PURPOSE. This document sets forth the requirements for Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) contractors in the performance of their Government property management responsibilities under contracts with EPA. These requirements supplement those contained in the Government property clause(s) in this contract, and part 45 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).
- 2. DELEGATION OF CONTRACT PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION. EPA has delegated much of its contract property management oversight to the Defense Contract Management Command (DCMC). Shortly after award of a contract, the EPA contracting officer (CO) delegates the functions of property administration and plant clearance

(disposal) for the contract to DCMC. Upon acceptance of that delegation, DCMC will provide notification to the contractor, identifying the assigned property administrator (PA) and plant clearance officer (PLCO). If the contract is not delegated to DCMC for administration, any reference to PA and PLCO throughout this document shall be construed to mean CO. The DCMC PA is available to the contractor for assistance in all matters of property administration.

Notwithstanding the delegation, as necessary, the contractor may contact their EPA CO. In the event of disagreement between the contractor and the DCMC PA, the contractor should seek resolution from the CO. Unless otherwise directed in the contract, or this document, all originals of written information or reports, except direct correspondence between the contractor and the DCMC PA, relative to Government property, should be forwarded to the administrative CO assigned to this contract.

3. REQUESTS FOR GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

- a. In accordance with FAR 45.102, the contractor shall furnish all property required for performing Government contracts. If a contractor believes that Government facilities are required for performance of the contract, the contractor shall submit a written request to the CO. At a minimum, the request shall contain the following elements:
 - 1. Contract number for which the facilities are required.
 - 2. An item(s) description, quantity and estimated cost.
- 3. Certification that no like contractor facilities exist which could be utilized.
- 4. A detailed description of the task-related purpose of the facilities.
- 5. Explanation of negative impact if facilities are not provided by the Government.
- 6. If applicable, recommend the exception under FAR 45.302-1(a) or any applicable EPA class deviation (available upon request), and provide any other information which would support the furnishing of facilities, including contractor-acquired property (CAP).
- 7. Except when the request is for material, a lease versus purchase analysis shall be furnished with the request to acquire property on behalf of the Government.

The contractor may not proceed with acquisition of facilities on behalf of the Government until receipt of written authorization from the EPA CO.

4. TRANSFER OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. When the contractor receives Government-furnished property (GFP), the contractor should receive, from the transferor, (either EPA or another contractor) all of the applicable data elements (Attachment 1 of this clause) needed to maintain the required records. If this information is not provided at the time of receipt of the property, the contractor shall request it from the EPA CO. The CO will attempt to obtain the data from the previous property holder, or, if data does not exist, will assist the current property holder in estimating the elements. Prior to

signing an acceptance document for the property, the receiving contractor should perform a complete inventory of the property. Responsibility, as well as accountability, passes with the signed acceptance.

When, at the written direction of the EPA CO, the contractor transfers GFP to another contractor, or another Agency, the contractor shall provide the applicable data elements (Attachment 1 of this clause). Upon return of the property to EPA, the same data must be provided by the contractor to the EPA CO.

5. RECORDS OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

- a. In accordance with FAR 45.505 and 45.505-1, the contractor shall establish and maintain adequate property records for all Government property, regardless of value, including property provided to and in the possession of a subcontractor. Material (supplies) provided by the Government or acquired by the contractor and billed as a direct charge to the Government is Government property and records must be established as such.
- b. The contractor shall establish and maintain the official Government property record. (If the contract contains the FAR Clause 52.245-1, the Government will maintain the official Government property records.) Such records shall contain the applicable data elements (Attachment 1 of this clause) for all items of Government property regardless of cost.
- c. The Contractor shall identify all Superfund property and designate it as such both on the item and on the official Government property record. If it is not practicable to tag the item, the contractor shall write the ID number on a tag, card or other entity that may be kept with the item or in a file.
- d. Support documentation used for posting entries to the property record shall provide complete, current and auditable data. Entries shall be posted to the record in a timely manner following an action.
- e. For Government vehicles, in addition to the data elements required by EPA, the contractor shall also comply with the General Services Administration (GSA) and Department of Energy (DOE) record and report requirements supplied with all EPA provided motor vehicles. If the above requirements were not provided with the vehicle, the contractor shall notify the EPA CO.
- f. When Government property is disclosed to be in the possession or control of the contractor but not provided under any contract, the contractor shall record and report the property in accordance with FAR 45.502(f) and (h).
- 6. INVENTORIES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. The contractor shall conduct a complete physical inventory of EPA property at least once per year, unless otherwise directed by the PA. Reconciliation shall be completed within 30 calendar days of inventory completion. The contractor shall report the results of the inventory, including any discrepancies, to the DCMC PA upon completion of the reconciliation. The contractor's records shall indicate the completion date of the inventory.

See section 9 herein, Contract Closeout, for information on final inventories.

7. REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. In accordance with FAR 45.505-14, EPA

requires an annual summary report, for each contract, by contract number, of Government property in the contractor's possession as of September 30 each year.

- a. For each classification listed in FAR 45.505-14 (a), except material, the contractor shall provide the total acquisition cost and total quantity. If there are zero items in a classification, or if there is an ending balance of zero, the classification must be listed with zeros in the quantity and acquisition cost columns.
- b. For material, the contractor shall provide the total acquisition cost only.
- c. Property classified as equipment, Superfund site equipment, and special test equipment, for the purpose of this report, must be reported on two separate lines. The first line shall include the total acquisition cost and quantity of all items or systems with a unit acquisition cost of \$25,000 or more. The second line shall include the total acquisition cost and quantity of all items with a unit acquisition cost of less than \$25,000.
- d. For items comprising a system, which is defined as "a group of interacting items functioning as a complex whole," the contractor may maintain the record as a system noting all components of the system under the main component or maintain individual records for each item. However, for the annual report of Government property the components must be reported as a system with one total dollar amount for the system, if that system total is \$25,000 or more.
- e. These reports are due at EPA no later than October 5 of each year. If October 5 is not a business day, the report is due on the first business day following October 5.
 - f. Distribution shall be as follows:

Original to: EPA CO

1 copy: DCMC PA

- g. EPA Contractors are required to comply with GSA's and DOE's special reporting requirements for motor vehicles. A statement of these requirements will be provided by the EPA Facility Management and Services Division (FMSD) concurrent with receipt of each vehicle.
- h. The contractor shall provide detailed reports on an as-needed basis, as may be requested by the ${\tt CO}$ or the ${\tt PA}$.
- **8. DISPOSITION OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.** The disposition process is composed of three distinct phases: identification of excess property, reporting of excess property, and final disposition.
- a. <u>Identification of Excess Property.</u> The disposition process begins with the contractor identifying Government property that is excess to its contract. **Effective contractor property control systems provide for disclosing excesses as they occur.** Once inactive Government property has been determined to be excess to the contract to which it is accountable, it must be screened

against the contractor's other EPA contracts for further use. If the property may be reutilized, the contractor shall notify the CO in writing. Government property will be transferred to other contracts only when the COs on both the current contract and the receiving contract authorize such a transfer in writing.

- b. Reporting Excess Government Property. Excess Government property shall be reported in accordance with FAR Subpart 45.6. Inventory schedules A-E (SF Forms 1426-1434) provide the format for reporting of excess Government property. Instructions for completing the forms are located at FAR 45.606-5 and samples may be found in FAR 53.301-1426 thru 1434. Inventory schedules shall be forwarded to the DCMC PLCO with a copy to the EPA CO. The cover letter, which accompanies the inventory schedules, must include the EPA CO's name, address and telephone number. Inventory schedules must also contain a notification if the property is Superfund property. If the property is Superfund property, the contractor must also prominently include the following language on the inventory schedule: "Note to PLCO: Reimbursement to the EPA Superfund is required." When requested, by the PLCO or the CO, the contractor will provide the fair market value for those items requested.
 - c. Disposition Instructions.
- 1. If directed in writing by the EPA CO, the contractor will retain all or part of the excess Government property under the current contract for possible future requirements. The contractor shall request, from the PLCO, withdrawal from the inventory schedule of those items to be retained.
- 2. If directed in writing by the EPA CO, the contractor shall transfer the property to another EPA contractor. The contractor will transfer the property by shipping it in accordance with the instructions provided by the CO. The contractor shall request, from the PLCO, withdrawal from the inventory schedule of those items to be transferred. Further, the contractor shall notify the CO when the transfer is complete.
- 3. If directed in writing by the EPA CO, the contractor shall transfer the property to EPA. The contractor shall ship/deliver the property in accordance with the instructions provided by the CO. The contractor will request, from the PLCO, withdrawal from the inventory schedule of those items to be transferred to EPA. Further, the contractor shall notify the CO when the transfer is complete.
- 4. The contractor will ship the property elsewhere if directed, in writing, by the PLCO.
- 5. The PLCO will either conduct the sale or instruct the contractor to conduct a sale of surplus property. The contractor will allow prospective bidders access to property offered for sale.
- 6. Property abandoned by the PLCO on the contractor's site must be disposed of in a manner that does not endanger the health and safety of the public.
- 7. To effect transfer of accountability, the contractor shall provide the recipient of the property with the applicable data elements set forth in Attachment 1 of this clause. The contractor shall also obtain either a signed receipt from the recipient, or proof of shipment. The contractor shall update

the official Government property record to indicate the disposition of the item and to close the record.

9. CONTRACT CLOSEOUT. The contractor shall complete a physical inventory of all Government property at contract completion and the results, including any discrepancies, shall be reported to the DCMC PA. In the case of a terminated contract, the contractor shall comply with the inventory requirements set forth in the applicable termination clause. The results of the inventory, as well as a detailed inventory listing, must be forwarded to the CO. For terminated contracts, the contractor will conduct and report the inventory results as directed by the CO.

However, in order to expedite the disposal process, contractors may be required to, or may elect to submit to the CO, an inventory schedule for disposal purposes up to six (6) months prior to contract completion. If such an inventory schedule is prepared, the contractor must indicate the earliest date that each item may be disposed.

The contractor shall update all property records to show disposal action. The contractor shall notify the DCMC PA, in writing, when all work has been completed under the contract and all Government property accountable to the contract has been disposed.

10. REQUIRED DATA ELEMENTS. Where applicable (all elements are not applicable to material) the contractor is required to maintain, at a minimum, the information related to the following data elements for EPA Government property:

Contractor Identification/Tag Number;
Description;
Manufacturer;
Model;
Serial Number;
Acquisition Date;
Date received;
Acquisition Cost*;
Acquisition Document Number;
Location;
Contract Number;
Account Number (if supplied);
Superfund (Yes/No);
Inventory Performance Date;
Disposition Date.

* Acquisition cost shall include the price of the item plus all taxes, transportation and installation charges allocable to that item.

NOTE: For items comprising a system which is defined as, "a group of interacting items functioning as a complex whole," the contractor may maintain the record as a system noting all components of the system under the main component or maintain individual records for each item. However, for the Annual Report of Government Property, the components must be reported as a **system** with one total dollar amount for the system, if that system total is \$25,000 or more.

G.12 DESIGNATION OF PROPERTY ADMINISTRATOR (EP 52.245-140) (SEP 1994)

The contract property administrator

Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA)

TBD at Contract Award

is the Contracting Officer's designated representative on property matters. The Contractor shall furnish all required information on property to the property administrator.

G.13 ANNUAL SUMMARY REPORT FORMAT (RTP-G-4)

The EPA form, "Report of Government-Owned/Contractor-Held Property" can be found on the internet at: http://www.epa.gov/oam/rtp_cmd under the heading "Forms."

SECTION H - SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

H.1 DISPLAY OF EPA OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL HOTLINE POSTER (EPAAR 1552.203-71) (AUG 2000)

- (a) For EPA contracts valued at \$1,000,000 or more including all contract options, the contractor shall prominently display EPA Office of Inspector General Hotline posters in contractor facilities where the work is performed under the contract.
- (b) Office of Inspector General hotline posters may be obtained from the EPA Office of Inspector General, ATTN: OIG Hotline (2443), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460, or by calling (202) 260-5113.
- (c) The Contractor need not comply with paragraph (a) of this clause if it has established a mechanism, such as a hotline, by which employees may report suspected instances of improper conduct, and provided instructions that encourage employees to make such reports.

H.2 PRINTING (EPAAR 1552.208-70) (OCT 2000)

(a) Definitions.

"Printing" is the process of composition, plate making, presswork, binding and microform; or the end items produced by such processes and equipment. Printing services include newsletter production and periodicals which are prohibited under EPA contracts.

"Composition" applies to the setting of type by hot-metal casting, photo typesetting, or electronic character generating devices for the purpose of producing camera copy, negatives, a plate or image to be used in the production of printing or microform.

"Camera copy" (or "camera-ready copy") is a final document suitable for printing/duplication.

"Desktop Publishing" is a method of composition using computers with the final output or generation of camera copy done by a color inkjet or color laser printer. This is not considered "printing." However, if the output from desktop publishing is being sent to a typesetting device (i.e., Linotronic) with camera copy being produced in either paper or negative format, these services are considered "printing".

"Microform" is any product produced in a miniaturized image format, for mass or general distribution and as a substitute for conventionally printed material. Microform services are classified as printing services and includes microfiche and microfilm. The contractor may make up to two sets of microform files for archival purposes at the end of the contract period of performance.

"Duplication" means the making of copies on photocopy machines employing electrostatic, thermal, or other processes without using an intermediary such as a negative or plate.

"Requirement" means an individual photocopying task. (There may be multiple requirements under a Work Assignment or Delivery Order. Each requirement would be subject to the photocopying limitation of 5,000 copies of one page or 25,000 copies of multiple pages in the aggregate per

requirement).

(b) Prohibition.

The contractor shall not engage in, nor subcontract for, any printing in connection with the performance of work under this contract. Duplication of more than 5,000 copies of one page or more than 25,000 copies of multiple pages in the aggregate per requirement constitutes printing. The intent of the limitation is not to allow the duplication of final documents for use by the Agency. In compliance with EPA Order 2200.4a, EPA Publication Review Procedure, the Office of Communications, Education, and Media Relations is responsible for the review of materials generated under a contract published or issued by the Agency under a contract intended for release to the public.

(c) Affirmative Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise directed by the contracting officer, the contractor shall use double-sided copying to produce any progress report, draft report or final report.
- (2) Unless otherwise directed by the contracting officer, the contractor shall use recycled paper for reports delivered to the Agency which meet the minimum content standards for paper and paper products as set forth in EPA's Web site for the Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines at: http://www.epa.gov/cpg/.

(d) Permitted Contractor Activities.

- (1) The prohibitions contained in paragraph (b) do not preclude writing, editing, or preparing manuscript copy, or preparing related illustrative material to a final document (camera-ready copy) using desktop publishing.
- (2) The contractor may perform a requirement involving the duplication of less than 5,000 copies of only one page, or less than 25,000 copies of multiple pages in the aggregate, using one color (black), so long as such pages do not exceed the maximum image size of $10\3/4\$ by $14\1/4\$ inches, or 11 by 17 paper stock. Duplication services below these thresholds are not considered printing. If performance of the contract will require duplication in excess of these limits, contractors must immediately notify the contracting

officer in writing. EPA may then seek a waiver from the Joint Committee on Printing, U. S. Congress. The intent of the limitation is to allow `incidental'' duplication (drafts, proofs) under a contract. The intent of the limitation is not to allow the duplication of copies of final documents for use by the Agency or as distributed as instructed by the Agency.

(3) The contractor may perform a requirement involving the multi-color duplication of no more than 100 pages in the aggregate using color copier technology, so long as such pages do not exceed the maximum image size of $10\3/4\$ by $14\1/4\$ inches, or 11 by 17 paper stock. Duplication services below these thresholds are not considered printing. If performance of the contract will require duplication in excess of these limits, contractors must immediately notify the contracting officer in writing. EPA may then seek a

waiver from the Joint Committee on Printing, U. S. Congress.

(4) The contractor may perform the duplication of no more than a total

of 100 diskettes or CD-ROM's. Duplication services below these thresholds are not considered printing. If performance of the contract will require duplication in excess of these limits, contractors must immediately notify the contracting officer in writing. EPA may then seek a waiver from the Joint Committee on Printing, U. S. Congress.

(e) Violations.

The contractor may not engage in, nor subcontract for, any printing in connection with the performance of work under the contract. The cost of any printing services in violation of this clause will be disallowed, or not accepted by the Government.

(f) Flowdown Provision.

The contractor shall include in each subcontract which may involve a requirement for any printing/duplicating/copying a provision substantially the same as this clause.

H.3 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST (EPAAR 1552.209-71) (MAY 1994) ALTERNATE I (MAY 1994)

- (a) The Contractor warrants that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, there are no relevant facts or circumstances which could give rise to an organizational conflict of interest, as defined in FAR Subpart 9.5, or that the Contractor has disclosed all such relevant information.
- (b) Prior to commencement of any work, the Contractor agrees to notify the Contracting Officer immediately that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no actual or potential conflict of interest exists or to identify to the Contracting Officer any actual or potential conflict of interest the firm may have. In emergency situations, however, work may begin but notification shall be made within five (5) working days.
- (c) The Contractor agrees that if an actual or potential organizational conflict of interest is identified during performance, the Contractor will immediately make a full disclosure in writing to the Contracting Officer. This disclosure shall include a description of actions which the Contractor has taken or proposes to take, after consultation with the Contracting Officer, to avoid, mitigate, or neutralize the actual or potential conflict of interest. The Contractor shall continue performance until notified by the Contracting Officer of any contrary action to be taken.
- (d) Remedies The EPA may terminate this contract for convenience, in whole or in part, if it deems such termination necessary to avoid an organizational conflict of interest. If the Contractor was aware of a potential organizational conflict of interest prior to award or discovered an actual or potential conflict after award and did not disclose it or misrepresented relevant information to the Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate the contract for default, debar the Contractor from Government contracting, or pursue such other remedies as may be permitted by law or this contract.
- (e) The Contractor agrees to insert in each subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph, unless otherwise

authorized by the Contracting Officer.

H.4 NOTIFICATION OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST REGARDING PERSONNEL (EPAAR 1552.209-73) (MAY 1994) ALTERNATE I (JUN 1994) DEVIATION

- (a) In addition to the requirements of the contract clause entitled "Organizational Conflicts of Interest," the following provisions with regard to employee personnel performing under this contract shall apply until the earlier of the following two dates: the termination date of the affected employee(s) or the expiration date of the contract.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to notify immediately the EPA Project Officer and the Contracting Officer of (1) any actual or potential personal conflict of interest with regard to any of its employees working on or having access to information regarding this contract, or (2) any such conflicts concerning subcontractor employees or consultants working on or having access to information regarding this contract, when such conflicts have been reported to the Contractor. A personal conflict of interest is defined as a relationship of an employee, subcontractor employee, or consultant with an entity that may impair the objectivity of the employee, subcontractor employee, or consultant in performing the contract work.
- (c) The Contractor agrees to notify each Project Officer and Contracting Officer prior to incurring costs for that employee's work when an employee may have a personal conflict of interest. In the event that the personal conflict of interest does not become known until after performance on the contract begins, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer of the personal conflict of interest. The Contractor shall continue performance of this contract until notified by the Contracting Officer of the appropriate action to be taken.
- (d) The Contractor agrees to insert in any subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (d), unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

H.5 LIMITATION OF FUTURE CONTRACTING (HEADQUARTERS SUPPORT) (EPAAR 1552.209-74) (MAR 1997) ALTERNATE V (MAY 1994)

- (a) The parties to this contract agree that the Contractor will be restricted in its future contracting in the manner described below. Except as specifically provided in this clause, the Contractor shall be free to compete for contracts on an equal basis with other companies.
- (b) If the Contractor, under the terms of this contract, or through the performance of work pursuant to this contract, is required to develop specifications or statements of work and such specifications or statements of work are incorporated into an EPA solicitation, the Contractor shall be ineligible to perform the work described in that solicitation as a prime Contractor or subcontractor under an ensuing EPA contract.
- (c) Once the Contractor receives a work assignment on a particular indoor air pollution issue, the Contractor, during the life of this contract, shall not contract with another entity that would present an organizational conflict of interest on the subject matter of the work assignment (e.g.,

contracting with a manufacturer of radon detection devices), unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

- (d) The Contractor agrees in advance that if any bids/proposals are submitted for any work that would require written approval of the Contracting Officer prior to entering into a contract subject to the restrictions of this clause, then the bids/proposals are submitted at the Contractor's own risk. Therefore, no claim shall be made against the Government to recover bid/proposal costs as a direct cost whether the request for authorization to enter into the contract is denied or approved.
- (e) To the extent that the work under this contract requires access to proprietary or confidential business or financial data of other companies, and as long as such data remains proprietary or confidential, the Contractor shall protect such data from unauthorized use and disclosure.
- (f) The Contractor agrees to insert in each subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder, except for subcontracts or consultant agreements for nondiscretionary technical or engineering services, including treatability studies, well drilling, fence erecting, plumbing, utility hookups, security guard services, or electrical services, provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (f), unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor may request in writing that the Contracting Officer exempt from this clause a particular subcontract or consultant agreement for nondiscretionary technical or engineering services not specifically listed above, including laboratory analysis. The Contracting Officer will review and evaluate each request on a case-by-case basis before approving or disapproving the request.
- (g) If the Contractor seeks an expedited decision regarding its initial future contracting request, the Contractor may submit its request to both the Contracting Officer and the next administrative level within the Contracting Officer's organization.
- (h) A review process available to the Contractor when an adverse determination is received shall consist of a request for reconsideration to the Contracting Officer or a request for review submitted to the next administrative level within the Contracting Officer's organization. An adverse determination resulting from a request for reconsideration by the Contracting Officer will not preclude the Contractor from requesting a review by the next administrative level. Either a request for review or a request for reconsideration must be submitted to the appropriate level within 30 calendar days after receipt of the initial adverse determination.

H.6 CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS (EPAAR 1552.209-76) (OCT 2002)

The contracting officer shall complete a Contractor Performance Report (Report) within ninety (90) business days after the end of each 12 months of contract performance (interim Report) or after the last 12 months (or less) of contract performance (final Report) in accordance with EPAAR 1509.170-5. The contractor shall be evaluated based on the following ratings:

- 0 = Unsatisfactory,
- 1 = Poor,
- 2 = Fair,

3 = Good,

4 = Excellent,

5 = Outstanding,

N/A = Not Applicable.

The contractor may be evaluated based on the following performance categories:

Quality,
Cost Control,
Timeliness of Performance,
Business Relations,
Compliance with Labor Standards,
Compliance with Safety Standards, and
Meeting Small Disadvantaged Business Subcontracting Requirements.

- (a) The contracting officer shall initiate the process for completing interim Reports within five (5) business days after the end of each 12 months of contract performance by requesting the project officer to evaluate contractor performance for the interim Report. In addition, the contracting officer shall initiate the process for completing final Reports within five (5) business days after the last 12 months (or less) of contract performance by requesting the project officer to evaluate contractor performance for the final Report. The final Report shall cover the last 12 months (or less) of contract performance. Within thirty (30) business days after the project officer receives a request from the contracting officer to complete an evaluation, the project officer shall:
 - (1) Complete a description of the contract requirements;
- (2) Evaluate contractor performance and assign a rating for quality, cost control, timeliness of performance, compliance with labor standards, and compliance with safety standards performance categories (including a narrative for each rating);
- (3) Provide any information regarding subcontracts, key personnel, and customer satisfaction;
- (4) Assign a recommended rating for the business relations performance category (including a narrative for the rating); and
- (5) Provide additional information appropriate for the evaluation or future evaluations.
 - (b) The contracting officer shall:
- (1) Ensure the accuracy of the project officer's evaluation by verifying that the information in the contract file corresponds with the designated project officer's ratings;
- (2) Assign a rating for the business relations and meeting small disadvantaged business subcontracting requirements performance categories (including a narrative for each rating).
- (3) Concur with or revise the project officer's ratings after consultation with the project officer;

- (4) Provide any additional information concerning the quality, cost control, timeliness of performance, compliance with labor standards, and compliance with safety standards performance categories if deemed appropriate for the evaluation or future evaluations (if any), and provide any information regarding subcontracts, key personnel, and customer satisfaction; and
- (5) Forward the Report to the contractor within ten (10) business days after the contracting officer receives the project officer's evaluation.
- (c) The contractor shall be granted thirty (30) business days from the date of the contractor's receipt of the Report to review and provide a response to the contracting officer regarding the contents of the Report. The contractor shall:
 - (1) Review the Report;
- (2) Provide a response (if any) to the contracting officer on company letter head or electronically;
 - (3) Complete contractor representation information; and
- (4) Forward the Report to the contracting officer within the designated thirty (30) business days.
- (d) The contractor's response to the Report may include written comments, rebuttals (disagreements), or additional information. If the contractor does not respond to the Report within the designated thirty (30) business days, the specified ratings in the Report are deemed appropriate for the evaluation period. In this instance, the contracting officer shall complete the Agency review and sign the Report within three (3) business days after expiration of the specified 30 business days.
- (e) If the contractor submits comments, rebuttals (disagreements), or additional information to the contracting officer which contests the ratings, the contracting officer, in consultation with the project officer, shall initially try to resolve the disagreement(s) with the contractor.
- (f) If the disagreement(s) is (are) not resolved between the contractor and the contracting officer, the contracting officer shall provide a written recommendation to one level above the contracting officer for resolution as promptly as possible, but no later than five (5) business days after the contracting officer is made aware that the disagreement(s) has (have) not been resolved with the contractor. The individual who is one level above the contracting officer shall:
 - (1) Review the contracting officer's written recommendation; and
- (2) Provide a written determination to the contracting officer for summary ratings (ultimate conclusion for ratings pertaining to the performance period being evaluated) within five (5) business days after the individual one level above the contracting officer receives the contracting officer's written recommendation.
- (g) If the disagreement is resolved, the contracting officer shall complete the Agency review and sign the Report within three (3) business

days after consultation.

- (h) The contracting officer shall complete the Agency review and sign the Report within three (3) business days after the contracting officer receives a written determination for summary ratings from one level above the contracting officer.
- (i) An interim or final Report is considered completed after the contracting officer signs the Report. The contracting officer must provide a copy of completed Reports (interim and final) to the contractor within two (2) business days after completion.

H.7 OPTION TO EXTEND THE TERM OF THE CONTRACT--COST-TYPE CONTRACT (EPAAR 1552.217-71) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

The Government has the option to extend the term of this contract for 4 additional period(s). If more than 60 days remain in the contract period of performance, the Government, without prior written notification, may exercise this option by issuing a contract modification. To exercise this option within the last 60 days of the period of performance, the Government must provide to the Contractor written notification prior to that last 60-day period. This preliminary notification does not commit the Government to exercising the option. Use of an option will result in the following contract modifications:

(a) The "Period of Performance" clause will be amended as follows to cover the Base and Option Periods:

<u> </u>	Period		Start Date	End Date
Option	Period	I	10/01/04	9/30/05
Option	Period	II	10/01/05	9/30/06
Option	Period	III	10/01/06	9/30/07
Option	Period	IV	10/01/07	9/30/08

(b) Paragraph (a) of the "Level of Effort" clause will be amended to reflect a new and separate level of effort of:

	Level of Effort
Period	(Direct Labor Hours)
Option Period I	25,400
Option Period II	25,400
Option Period III	25,400
Option Period IV	25,400

(c) The "Estimated Cost and Fixed Fee" clause will be amended to reflect increased estimated costs and fixed fees for each option period as follows:

Option	Estimated		
Period	Cost	Fixed Fee	Total

H.8 OPTION FOR INCREASED QUANTITY--COST-TYPE CONTRACT (EPAAR 1552.217-73) (JUN 1997)

(a) By issuing a contract modification, the Government may increase the estimated level of effort by:

	Level of Effort
Period	(Direct Labor Hours)
Base Period	21 , 170
Option Period I	25,000
Option Period II	25,000
Option Period III	25,000
Option Period IV	25,000

The Government may issue a maximum of 50 orders to increase the level of effort in multiples of 500 hours during any given period.

The estimated cost and fixed fee of each multiple of hours is as follows:

Period	Estimated Cost	Fixed Fee	Total
Base Period			

(b) When these options are exercised, paragraph (a) of the "Level of Effort" clause and the "Estimated Cost" clause will be modified accordingly.

H.9 MENTOR-PROTEGE PROGRAM (EPAAR 1552.219-70) (OCT 2000)

- (a) The Contractor has been approved to participate in the EPA Mentor-Protege program. The purpose of the Program is to increase the participation of small disadvantaged businesses (SDBs) as subcontractors, suppliers, and ultimately as prime contractors; to establish a mutually beneficial relationship with SDB's and EPA's large business prime contractors (although small businesses may participate as Mentors); to develop the technical and corporate administrative expertise of SDBs which will ultimately lead to greater success in competition for contract opportunities; to promote the economic stability of SDBs; and to aid in the achievement of goals for the use of SDBs in subcontracting activities under EPA contracts.
 - (b) The Contractor shall submit an executed Mentor-Protege agreement to

the contracting officer, with a copy to the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization or the Small Business Specialist, within thirty (30) calendar days after the effective date of the contract. The contracting officer will notify the Contractor within thirty (30) calendar days from its submission if the agreement is not accepted.

- (c) The Contractor as a Mentor under the Program agrees to fulfill the terms of its agreement(s) with the Protege firm(s).
- (d) If the Contractor or Protege firm is suspended or debarred while performing under an approved Mentor-Protege agreement, the Contractor shall promptly give notice of the suspension or debarment to the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization and the contracting officer.
- (e) Costs incurred by the Contractor in fulfilling their agreement(s) with the Protege firm(s) are not reimbursable on a direct basis under this contract.
- (f) In an attachment to Standard Form 294, Subcontracts Report for Individual Contracts, the Contractor shall report on the progress made under their Mentor-Protege agreement(s), providing:
 - (1) The number of agreements in effect; and
- (2) The progress in achieving the developmental assistance objectives under each agreement, including whether the objectives of the agreement have been met, problem areas encountered, and any other appropriate information.

H.10 SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS TARGETS (EPAAR 1552.219-73) (OCT 2000)

(a) In accordance with FAR 19.1202-4 (a) and EPAAR 52.219-72, the following small disadvantaged business (SDB) participation targets proposed by the contractor are hereby incorporated into and made part of the contract:

1		1	Percentage of
Contractor	NAICS		Total Contract
Targets	Major Group	Dollars	Value
Total Prime	1		1
Contractor	1		1
Targets	1		1
(Including	1		1
joint venture	1		1
partners)	1		1
l			
Total	1		1
Subcontractor	1		1
Targets			

(b) The following specifically identified SDB(s) was (were) considered under the Section M-SDB participation evaluation factor or subfactor (continue on separate sheet if more space is needed):

(1								

(2)	
(3)	
(4)	
(5)	

The contractor shall promptly notify the contracting officer of any substitution of firms if the new firms are not SDB concerns.

(c) In accordance with FAR 52.219-25, Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program - Disadvantaged Status and Reporting, the contractor shall report on the participation of SDB concerns in the performance of the contract no less than thirty (30) calendar days prior to each annual contractor performance evaluation [contracting officer may insert the dates for each performance evaluation (i.e., every 12 months after the effective date of contract)] or as otherwise directed by the contracting officer.

H.11 UTILIZATION OF RURAL AREA SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS (EP 52.219-110) (APR 1990)

- (a) (1) "Rural area small business concern," as used in this clause, means a small business concern that is located and conducts its principal operations in a rural geographic area (county or parish) listed in the Small Business Administration's Listing of Non-Metropolitan Rural Counties by State.
- (2) "Small business concern," as used in this clause, means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria and size standard in 13 CFR 121.
- (b) It is the policy of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that rural area small business concerns shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts awarded by EPA.
- (c) The contractor shall use its best efforts to give rural area small business concerns the opportunity to participate in the subcontracts it awards to the fullest extent consistent with efficient performance of this contract.
- (d) The contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause in any subcontract that may provide for additional subcontracting opportunities.

H.12 UTILIZATION OF HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES (EP 52.219-115) (JUL 1991)

- (a) It is the Policy of the Environmental Protection Agency that historically black colleges and universities shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts awarded by the Agency.
- (b) The Contractor shall use its best efforts to give historically black colleges and universities the opportunity to participate in any subcontracts awarded to the fullest extent consistent with efficient performance of this contract.

(c) The contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause in any subcontract which may provide for additional subcontracting opportunities.

H.13 PROJECT EMPLOYEE CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT (EPAAR 1552.227-76) (MAY 1994) ALTERNATE I (JUN 1994) DEVIATION

- (a) The Contractor recognizes that Contractor employees in performing this contract may have access to data, either provided by the Government or first generated during contract performance, of a sensitive nature which should not be released to the public without Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) approval. Therefore, the Contractor agrees to obtain confidentiality agreements from all of its employees working on requirements under this contract.
- (b) Such agreements shall contain provisions which stipulate that each employee agrees that the employee will not disclose, either in whole or in part, to any entity external to EPA, the Department of Justice, or the Contractor, any information or data (as defined in FAR Section 27.401) provided by the Government or first generated by the Contractor under this contract, any site-specific cost information, or any enforcement strategy without first obtaining the written permission of the EPA Contracting Officer. If a contractor, through an employee or otherwise, is subpoenaed to testify or produce documents, which could result in such disclosure, the Contractor must provide immediate advance notification to the EPA so that the EPA can authorize such disclosure or have the opportunity to take action to prevent such disclosure. Such agreements shall be effective for the life of the contract and for a period of five (5) years after completion of the contract.
- (c) The EPA may terminate this contract for convenience, in whole or in part, if it deems such termination necessary to prevent the unauthorized disclosure of information to outside entities. If such a disclosure occurs without the written permission of the EPA Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate the contract, for default or convenience, or pursue other remedies as may be permitted by law or this contract.
- (d) The Contractor agrees to insert in any subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (d), unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

H.14 INSURANCE LIABILITY TO THIRD PERSONS (EPAAR 1552.228-70) (OCT 2000)

- (a)(1) Except as provided in subparagraph (2) below, the Contractor shall provide and maintain workers' compensation, employer's liability, comprehensive general liability (bodily injury), and comprehensive automobile liability (bodily injury and property damage) insurance, and such other insurance as the Contracting officer may require under this contract.
- (2) The Contractor may, with the approval of the Contracting officer, maintain a self-insurance program; provided that, with respect to workers' compensation, the Contractor is qualified pursuant to statutory authority.
- (3) All insurance required by this paragraph shall be in a form and amount and for those periods as the Contracting officer may require or approve and with insurers approved by the Contracting officer.

- (b) The Contractor agrees to submit for the Contracting officer's approval, to the extent and in the manner required by the Contracting officer, any other insurance that is maintained by the Contractor in connection with the performance of this contract and for which the Contractor seeks reimbursement.
- (c) The Contractor shall be reimbursed for that portion of the reasonable cost of insurance allocable to this contract, and required or approved under this clause, in accordance with its established cost accounting practices.

H.15 INSURANCE COVERAGE (EP 52.228-100) (JUL 1993)

As provided in paragraph (a)(1) of EPAAR 1552.228-70, "Insurance Liability to Third Persons", the Contractor shall maintain the minimum amounts of liability insurance coverage set forth in FAR 28.307-2, unless otherwise required by the Contracting Officer.

H.16 STATE AND LOCAL TAXES (EPAAR 1552.229-70) (NOV 1989)

In accordance with FAR 29.303 and FAR 31.205-41, the Contractor or any subcontractor under this contract shall not be reimbursed for payment of any State and local taxes for which an exemption is available. The Contractor is responsible for determining the availability of State and local tax exemptions and obtaining such exemptions, if available. The Contractor shall include this clause, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subcontracts at any tier. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer if problems arise in obtaining a State and local tax exemption. The contractor may seek a waiver by the Contracting Officer from this requirement if the administrative burden of seeking an exemption appears to outweigh the potential savings to the Government.

H.17 SCREENING BUSINESS INFORMATION FOR CLAIMS OF CONFIDENTIALITY (EPAAR 1552.235-70) (APR 1984)

- (a) Whenever collecting information under this contract, the Contractor agrees to comply with the following requirements:
- (1) If the Contractor collects information from public sources, such as books, reports, journals, periodicals, public records, or other sources that are available to the public without restriction, the Contractor shall submit a list of these sources to the appropriate program office at the time the information is initially submitted to EPA. The Contractor shall identify the information according to source.
- (2) If the Contractor collects information from a State or local Government or from a Federal agency, the Contractor shall submit a list of these sources to the appropriate program office at the time the information is initially submitted to EPA. The Contractor shall identify the information according to source.
- (3) If the Contractor collects information directly from a business or from a source that represents a business or businesses, such as a trade association:
- (i) Before asking for the information, the Contractor shall identify itself, explain that it is performing contractual work for the

Environmental Protection Agency, identify the information that it is seeking to collect, explain what will be done with the information, and give the following notice:

- (A) You may, if you desire, assert a business confidentiality claim covering part or all of the information. If you do assert a claim, the information will be disclosed by EPA only to the extent, and by means of the procedures, set forth in 40 CFR Part 2, Subpart B.
- (B) If no such claim is made at the time this information is received by the Contractor, it may be made available to the public by the Environmental Protection Agency without further notice to you.
- (C) The Contractor shall, in accordance with FAR Part 9, execute a written agreement regarding the limitations of the use of this information and forward a copy of the agreement to the Contracting Officer.
- (ii) Upon receiving the information, the Contractor shall make a written notation that the notice set out above was given to the source, by whom, in what form, and on what date.
- (iii) At the time the Contractor initially submits the information to the appropriate program office, the Contractor shall submit a list of these sources, identify the information according to source, and indicate whether the source made any confidentiality claim and the nature and extent of the claim.
- (b) The Contractor shall keep all information collected from nonpublic sources confidential in accordance with the clause in this contract entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information" as if it had been furnished to the Contractor by EPA.
- (c) The Contractor agrees to obtain the written consent of the Contracting Officer, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, prior to entering into any subcontract that will require the subcontractor to collect information. The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (c), and the clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information" in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the subcontractor to collect information.

H.18 TREATMENT OF CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-71) (APR 1984)

- (a) The Contracting Officer, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, may disclose confidential business information (CBI) to the Contractor necessary to carry out the work required under this contract. The Contractor agrees to use the CBI only under the following conditions:
- (1) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall: (i) use the CBI only for the purposes of carrying out the work required by the contract; (ii) not disclose the information to anyone other than properly cleared EPA employees without the prior written approval of the Assistant General Counsel for Contracts and Information Law; and (iii) return to the Contracting Officer all copies of the information, and any abstracts or excerpts therefrom, upon request by the Contracting Officer, whenever the

information is no longer required by the Contractor for the performance of the work required by the contract, or upon completion of the contract.

- (2) The Contractor shall obtain a written agreement to honor the above limitations from each of the Contractor's employees who will have access to the information before the employee is allowed access.
- (3) The Contractor agrees that these contract conditions concerning the use and disclosure of CBI are included for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, both EPA and any affected businesses having a proprietary interest in the information.
- (4) The Contractor shall not use any CBI supplied by EPA or obtained during performance hereunder to compete with any business to which the CBI relates.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to obtain the written consent of the CO, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, prior to entering into any subcontract that will involve the disclosure of CBI by the Contractor to the subcontractor. The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (b), in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of CBI to the subcontractor.

H.19 RELEASE OF CONTRACTOR CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-79) (APR 1996)

- (a) The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) may find it necessary to release information submitted by the Contractor either in response to this solicitation or pursuant to the provisions of this contract, to individuals not employed by EPA. Business information that is ordinarily entitled to confidential treatment under existing Agency regulations (40 C.F.R. Part 2) may be included in the information released to these individuals. Accordingly, by submission of this proposal or signature on this contract or other contracts, the Contractor hereby consents to a limited release of its confidential business information (CBI).
- (b) Possible circumstances where the Agency may release the Contractor's CBI include, but are not limited to the following:
- (1) To other Agency contractors tasked with assisting the Agency in the recovery of Federal funds expended pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9607, as amended, (CERCLA or Superfund);
- (2) To the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) and contractors employed by DOJ for use in advising the Agency and representing the Agency in procedures for the recovery of Superfund expenditures;
- (3) To parties liable, or potentially liable, for costs under CERCLA Sec. 107 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 9607), et al, and their insurers (Potentially Responsible Parties) for purposes of facilitating settlement or litigation of claims against such parties;
- (4) To other Agency contractors who, for purposes of performing the work required under the respective contracts, require access to information the Agency obtained under the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.); the

Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.1251 et seq.); the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.); the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.); the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.); the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.); or the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.);

- (5) To other Agency contractors tasked with assisting the Agency in handling and processing information and documents in the administration of Agency contracts, such as providing both preaward and post award audit support and specialized technical support to the Agency's technical evaluation panels;
- (6) To employees of grantees working at EPA under the Senior Environmental Employment (SEE) Program;
- (7) To Speaker of the House, President of the Senate, or Chairman of a Committee or Subcommittee;
- (8) To entities such as the General Accounting Office, boards of contract appeals, and the Courts in the resolution of solicitation or contract protests and disputes;
- (9) To Agency contractor employees engaged in information systems analysis, development, operation, and maintenance, including performing data processing and management functions for the Agency; and
 - (10) Pursuant to a court order or court-supervised agreement.
- (c) The Agency recognizes an obligation to protect the contractor from competitive harm that may result from the release of such information to a competitor. (See also the clauses in this document entitled "Screening Business Information for Claims of Confidentiality" and "Treatment of Confidential Business Information.") Except where otherwise provided by law, the Agency will permit the release of CBI under subparagraphs (1), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (9) only pursuant to a confidentiality agreement.
- (d) With respect to contractors, 1552.235-71 will be used as the confidentiality agreement. With respect to Potentially Responsible Parties, such confidentiality agreements may permit further disclosure to other entities where necessary to further settlement or litigation of claims under CERCLA. Such entities include, but are not limited to accounting firms and technical experts able to analyze the information, provided that they also agree to be bound by an appropriate confidentiality agreement.
- (e) This clause does not authorize the Agency to release the Contractor's CBI to the public pursuant to a request filed under the Freedom of Information Act.
- (f) The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (f), in all subcontracts at all levels awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of confidential business information by the subcontractor.
- H.20 CONTRACT PUBLICATION REVIEW PROCEDURES (EPAAR 1552.237-70) (APR 1984)

- (a) Material generated under this contract intended for release to the public is subject to the Agency's publication review process in accordance with the EPA Order on this subject and the following.
- (b) Except as indicated in paragraph (c) below, the Contractor shall not independently publish or print material generated under this contract until after completion of the EPA review process. The Project Officer will notify the Contractor of review completion within 45 calendar days after the Contractor's transmittal to the Project Officer of material generated under this contract. If the Contractor does not receive Project Officer notification within this period, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer in writing.
- (c) The Contractor may publish, in a scientific journal, material resulting directly or indirectly from work performed under this contract, subject to the following:
- (1) The Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer and the Project Officer, at least 30 days prior to publication, a copy of any paper, article, or other dissemination of information intended for publication.
- (2) The Contractor shall include the following statement in a journal article which has not been subjected to EPA review: "Although the research described in this article has been funded wholly or in part by the United States Environmental Protection Agency contract (number) to (Name of Contractor), it has not been subject to the Agency's review and therefore does not necessarily reflect the views of the Agency, and no official endorsement should be inferred."
- (3) Following publication of the journal article, the Contractor shall submit five copies of the journal article to the Project Officer, and one copy to the Contracting Officer.
- (d) If the Government has completed the review process and agreed that the contract material may be attributed to EPA, the Contractor shall include the following statement in the document:

This material has been funded wholly or in part by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under contract (number) to (name). It has been subject to the Agency's review, and it has been approved for publication as an EPA document. Mention of trade names or commercial products does not constitute endorsement or recommendation for use.

(e) If the Government has completed the review process, but decides not to publish the material, the Contractor may independently publish and distribute the material for its own use and at its own expense, and shall include the following statement in any independent publication:

Although the information described in this article has been funded wholly or in part by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under contract (number) to (name), it does not necessarily reflect the views of the Agency and no official endorsement should be inferred.

H.21 TECHNICAL DIRECTION (EPAAR 1552.237-71) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

(a) The Project Officer is the primary representative of the Contracting

Officer authorized to provide technical direction on contract performance.

- (b) Individuals other than the Project Officer may be authorized to provide technical direction. If individuals other than the Project Officer are authorized to provide technical direction, their names will be specified in the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document as appropriate. A Delivery Order Project Officer, Work Assignment Manager or Task Manager is authorized to provide technical direction, subject to the limitations set forth below, only on his/her delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document.
 - (c) Technical direction includes:
- (1) Direction to the contractor which assists the contractor in accomplishing the Statement of Work.
 - (2) Comments on and approval of reports or other deliverables.
- (d) Technical direction must be within the contract and the delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document statement of work. The Project Officer or any other technical representative of the Contracting Officer does not have the authority to issue technical direction which (1) institutes additional work outside the scope of the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document; (2) constitutes a change as defined in the "Changes" clause; (3) causes an increase or decrease in the estimated cost of the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document; (4) alters the period of performance; or (5) changes any of the other express terms or conditions of the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document.
- (e) Technical direction will be issued in writing or confirmed in writing within five (5) calendar days after verbal issuance. One copy of the technical direction memorandum will be forwarded to the Contracting Officer and the Project Officer.

H.22 KEY PERSONNEL (EPAAR 1552.237-72) (APR 1984)

(a) The Contractor shall assign to this contract the following key personnel:

TBD at Contract Award.

- (b) During the first ninety (90) calendar days of performance, the Contractor shall make no substitutions of key personnel unless the substitution is necessitated by illness, death, or termination of employment. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer within 15 calendar days after the occurrence of any of these events and provide the information required by paragraph (c) below. After the initial ninety (90) calendar day period, the Contractor shall submit the information required by paragraph (c) to the Contracting Officer at least 15 calendar days prior to making any permanent substitutions.
- (c) The Contractor shall provide a detailed explanation of the circumstances necessitating the proposed substitutions, complete resumes for

the proposed substitutes, and any additional information requested by the Contracting Officer. Proposed substitutes should have comparable qualifications to those of the persons being replaced. The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor within 15 calendar days after receipt of all required information of the decision on substitutions. This clause will be modified to reflect any approved changes of key personnel.

H.23 PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT (EPAAR 1552.237-75) (APR 1984)

If it is established at award or subsequently becomes a contractual requirement to collect identical information from ten (10) or more public respondents, the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq. applies. In that event, the Contractor shall not take any action to solicit information from any of the public respondents until notified in writing by the Contracting Officer that the required Office of Management and Budget (OMB) final clearance was received.

H.24 GOVERNMENT - CONTRACTOR RELATIONS (EPAAR 1552.237-76) (JUL 1999)

- (a) The Government and the Contractor understand and agree that the services to be delivered under this contract by the contractor to the Government are non-personal services and the parties recognize and agree that no employer-employee relation-ship exists or will exist under the contract between the Government and the Contractor's personnel. It is, therefore, in the best interest of the Government to afford both parties a full understanding of their respective obligations.
 - (b) Contractor personnel under this contract shall not:
- (1) Be placed in a position where they are under the supervision, direction, or evaluation of a Government employee.
- (2) Be placed in a position of command, supervision, administration or control over Government personnel, or over personnel of other Contractors under other EPA contracts, or become a part of the Government organization.
- (3) Be used in administration or supervision of Government procurement activities.
 - (C) Employee Relationship:
- (1) The services to be performed under this contract do not require the Contractor or his/her personnel to exercise personal judgment and discretion on behalf of the Government. Rather the Contractor's personnel will act and exercise personal judgment and discretion on behalf of the Contractor.
- (2) Rules, regulations, directives, and requirements that are issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under its responsibility for good order, administration, and security are applicable to all personnel who enter the Government installation or who travel on Government transportation. This is not to be construed or interpreted to establish any degree of Government control that is inconsistent with a non-personal services contract.

- (d) Inapplicability of Employee Benefits: This contract does not create an employer-employee relationship. Accordingly, entitlements and benefits applicable to such relationships do not apply.
- (1) Payments by the Government under this contract are not subject to Federal income tax withholdings.
- (2) Payments by the Government under this contract are not subject to the Federal Insurance Contributions Act.
- (3) The Contractor is not entitled to unemployment compensation benefits under the Social Security Act, as amended, by virtue of performance of this contract.
- (4) The Contractor is not entitled to workman's compensation benefits by virtue of this contract.
- (5) The entire consideration and benefits to the Contractor for performance of this contract is contained in the provisions for payment under this contract.
- (e) Notice. It is the Contractor's, as well as, the Government's responsibility to monitor contract activities and notify the Contracting Officer if the Contractor believes that the intent of this clause has been or may be violated.
- (1) The Contractor should notify the Contracting Officer in writing promptly, within ___ calendar days from the date of any incident that the Contractor considers to constitute a violation of this clause. The notice should include the date, nature and circumstance of the conduct, the name, function and activity of each Government employee or Contractor official or employee involved or knowledgeable about such conduct, identify any documents or substance of any oral communication involved in the conduct, and the estimate in time by which the Government must respond to this notice to minimize cost, delay or disruption of performance.
- (2) The Contracting Officer will promptly, within $__$ calendar days after receipt of notice, respond to the notice in writing. In responding, the Contracting Officer will either:
- (i) confirm that the conduct is in violation and when necessary direct the mode of further performance, $\$
 - (ii) countermand any communication regarded as a violation,
- (iii) deny that the conduct constitutes a violation and when necessary direct the mode of further performance; or
- (iv) in the event the notice is inadequate to make a decision, advise the Contractor what additional information is required, and establish the date by which it should be furnished by the Contractor and the date thereafter by which the Government will respond.

H.25 REHABILITATION ACT NOTICE (EPAAR 1552.239-70) (OCT 2000)

(a) EPA has a legal obligation under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29

U.S.C. 791, to provide reasonable accommodation to persons with disabilities who wish to attend EPA programs and activities. Under this contract, the contractor may be required to provide support in connection with EPA programs and activities, including conferences, symposia, workshops, meetings, etc. In such cases, the contractor shall, as applicable, include in its draft and final meeting announcements (or similar documents) the following notice:

It is EPA's policy to make reasonable accommodation to persons with disabilities wishing to participate in the agency's programs and activities, pursuant to the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. 791. Any request for accommodation should be made to the specified registration contact for a particular program or activity, preferably one month in advance of the registration deadline, so that EPA will have sufficient time to process the request.

(b) Upon receipt of such a request for accommodation, the contractor shall immediately forward the request to the EPA contracting officer, and provide a copy to the appropriate EPA program office. The contractor may be required to provide any accommodation that EPA may approve. However, in no instance shall

the contractor proceed to provide an accommodation prior to receiving written authorization from the contracting officer.

(c) The contractor shall insert in each subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder provisions that shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph, unless otherwise authorized by the contracting officer.

H.26 FABRICATION OR ACQUISITION OF NONEXPENDABLE PROPERTY (EPAAR 1552.245-72) (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall not fabricate nor acquire under this contract, either directly or indirectly through a subcontract, any item of nonexpendable property without written approval from the Contracting Officer.

H.27 GOVERNMENT HOLIDAYS (RTP-H-10)

The following holidays are observed by the Government and the normal operation of the facilities will be closed on these days:

New Year's Day
Martin Luther King's Birthday
Presidents' Birthday
Memorial Day
Independence Day
Labor Day
Columbus Day
Veterans' Day
Thanksgiving Day
Christmas Day

H.28 IDENTIFICATION OF ON-SITE CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES (RTP-H-2)

All Contractor, subcontractor, and consultant personnel shall wear prominently displayed identification badges at all times when performing

work on EPA property or attending meetings in the performance of this contract. The badge shall contain the individual's name, the company name and logo. When participating in such meetings (e.g., as a speaker, panel member), those individuals in Contractor employ must supplement physical identification (e.g., badges, placemarkers) with verbal announcements so that it is clear to the assembled group that they are employees of the Contractor, not Agency staff members. In addition, when working on EPA property, all contractor, subcontractor, and consultant personnel shall have signs visible on their desks or at their work sites that clearly state that they are not EPA employees.

H.29 EPA SPONSORED MEETINGS, WORKSHOPS, CONFERENCES (RTP-H-4)

If this contract requires contractor support for an EPA-sponsored meeting, workshop, conference, etc., the following shall apply:

EPA meetings shall be held in Federal facilities whenever available. EPA is required to notify GSA when the Agency has a short term need for meeting facilities and such facilities are not available within the Agency. (FPMR 101-17.104-4). The EPA Project Officer or Work Assignment Manager will determine and advise contractor as to the availability of Federal facilities.

Except for contractor, experts, consultants, subcontractor, or other personnel necessary for performance of the work called for by this contract, the cost of travel, subsistence, lodging, etc. for other participants or attendees shall not be an allowable cost under this contract. All such required personnel for which costs are being claimed must be approved by the Project Officer.

Light refreshments for Agency-sponsored conferences are allowed for Federal attendees only, provided at least 50% of the Federal attendees are in a travel status. (Light refreshments are defined as coffee, tea, milk, juice, soft drinks, donuts, bagels, fruit, pretzels, cookies, chips, or muffins.)

The cost of any beverages, food, or refreshments shall not be an allowable charge under this contract if for other than an Agency-sponsored conference, for other than Federal attendees, and/or where 50% of the Federal attendees are not in travel status.

Any registration fees must be approved by the Contracting Officer. If approved, fees collected must be accounted for and turned over to the EPA Finance Office. They may not be used to offset any of the cost for performing the contract.

H.30 APPLICATION OF RIGHTS IN DATA--SPECIAL WORKS CLAUSE (RTP-H-5)

The Rights in Data--Special Works clause (FAR 52.227-17) shall apply to work assignments "...that are primarily for the production or compilation of data (other than limited rights data or restricted computer software) for the Government's own use..." or when the Contracting Officer determines that there is a specific need to limit data distribution first produced under a particular work assignment. The Rights in Data--Special Works clause (FAR 52.227-17) shall apply to work assignments which are included in the examples set forth in FAR 27.405(a) and also to other work assignments

specifically identified by the Contracting Officer.

H.31 SPECIAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT: REGULATORY ASSISTANCE (RTP-H-6)

As concerns any work assignment which requires the Contractor to provide services that involve or relate to the development of regulations, the Contractor shall:

- (a) submit reports that contain recommendations and that explain and rank policy or action alternatives, if any;
- (b) describe what procedures were used to arrive at or which support the Contractor's recommendations;
 - (c) summarize the substance of their deliberations;
 - (d) report any dissenting views;
 - (e) list sources relied upon; and
- (f) otherwise make clear the methods and considerations upon which the Contractor's recommendations are based.

The Contracting Officer will specify whether this Special Reporting Requirement is applicable to the work encompassed by any particular work assignment.

[Source of Reporting Requirement: OFPP Letter 93-1, "Management Oversight of Service Contracting", May 18, 1994] SPECIAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT: REGULATORY ASSISTANCE (RTP-H-6)

H.32 IDENTIFICATION OF SUBCONTRACTORS (RTP-H-8)

- (a) The purpose of this clause is to identify the subcontractors in the Contractor's proposal which resulted in award of this contract.
- (b) Notwithstanding the clause of this contract entitled "Subcontracts (Cost-Reimbursement and Letter Contracts)", it is hereby agreed to and understood that the following "team subcontractors" will perform the work under this contract as outlined in the Contractor's technical proposal incorporated in Section C of this contract:

Estimated Amount of Subcontractor Total Potential Subcontract

(c) Any substitutions in the above listing of subcontractors which will result in a deviation from the Contractor's technical proposal which resulted in award of this contract shall be approved in advance of the substitution in writing by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall provide a detailed explanation of the circumstances necessitating the proposed substitutions, information required by the clause of this contract

entitled "Subcontracts (Cost-Reimbursement and Letter Contracts)" and any additional information requested by the Contracting Officer. Proposed substitutes should have comparable qualifications to those of the subcontractors being replaced. This clause may be modified upon approval of the requested substitutions by the Contracting Officer.

(d) This clause is not intended to grant consent to the above subcontracts. Subcontract consent will be granted in accordance with EPA procedures and the clause of this contract entitled "Subcontracts (Cost-Reimbursement and Letter Contracts)".

H.33 SUBCONTRACTOR - KEY PERSONNEL (RTP-H-9)

(a) The Contractor's proposal which resulted in award of this contract indicated that a portion(s) of the work hereunder would be performed under a subcontract(s). As a part of this proposal, certain subcontractor key personnel were identified. It is hereby agreed and understood that the following subcontracts shall contain a provision which requires the following key personnel:

Subcontractor Key Personnel Title

TBD at Contract Award

- (b) It is further agreed and understood that the subcontract(s) listed above will contain the following provisions:
- (1) during the first ninety (90) calendar days of performance the subcontractor shall make no substitutions of key personnel unless the substitution is necessitated by illness, death, or termination of employment;
- (2) the subcontractor shall notify the Contractor within 15 calendar days after the occurrence of any of the events in paragraph (1) above, and provide the information required by paragraph (4) below;
- (3) after the initial ninety (90) day period, the subcontractor shall submit the information required by paragraph (4) to the Contractor at least 15 calendar days prior to making any permanent substitutions;
- (4) the subcontractor shall provide a detailed explanation of the circumstances necessitating the proposed substitutions, complete resumes for the proposed substitutes, and any additional information requested by the Contractor. Proposed substitutes should have comparable qualifications to those of the persons being replaced.
- (c) If a substitution in key personnel is considered appropriate by the Contractor, the Contractor shall issue a modification to the subcontract. Prior to any such modification, the Contractor shall obtain the written consent of the Contracting Officer.

PART II - CONTRACT CLAUSES

SECTION I - CONTRACT CLAUSES

I.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER	DATE	TITLE
52.202-1	DEC 2001	DEFINITIONS
52.203-3	APR 1984	GRATUITIES
52.203-5	APR 1984	COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES
52.203-6	JUL 1995	RESTRICTIONS ON SUBCONTRACTOR SALES TO THE
		GOVERNMENT
52.203-7	JUL 1995	ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES
52.203-8	JAN 1997	CANCELLATION, RESCISSION, AND RECOVERY OF
		FUNDS FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY
52.203-10	JAN 1997	PRICE OR FEE ADJUSTMENT FOR ILLEGAL OR
		IMPROPER ACTIVITY
52.203-12	JUN 2003	LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN
		FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS
52.204-4	AUG 2000	PRINTED OR COPIED DOUBLE-SIDED ON RECYCLED
		PAPER
52.209-6	JUL 1995	PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST WHEN
		SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED,
		SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT
52.215-2	JUN 1999	AUDIT AND RECORDSNEGOTIATION
52.215-8	OCT 1997	ORDER OF PRECEDENCE-UNIFORM CONTRACT FORMAT
52.215-11	OCT 1997	PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR
		PRICING DATAMODIFICATIONS
52.215-13	OCT 1997	SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING
		DATAMODIFICATIONS
52.215-14	OCT 1997	INTEGRITY OF UNIT PRICES
52.215-17	OCT 1997	WAIVER OF FACILITIES CAPITAL COST OF MONEY
52.215-18	OCT 1997	REVERSION OR ADJUSTMENT OF PLANS FOR
		POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (PRB) OTHER THAN
		PENSIONS
52.216-7	DEC 2002	ALLOWABLE COST AND PAYMENT
52.216-8	MAR 1997	FIXED FEE
52.219-4	JAN 1999	NOTICE OF PRICE EVALUATION PREFERENCE FOR
		HUBZONE SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS
52.219-8	OCT 2000	UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS
52.219-9	OCT 2001	SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN
52.219-16	JAN 1999	LIQUIDATED DAMAGESSUBCONTRACTING PLAN
52.219-25	OCT 1999	SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS PARTICIPATION

		PROGRAM DISADVANTAGED STATUS AND
		REPORTING
52.222-2	JUL 1990	PAYMENT FOR OVERTIME PREMIUMS
52.222-3	JUN 2003	CONVICT LABOR
52.222-26	APR 2002	EQUAL OPPORTUNITY
52.222-35	DEC 2001	EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR SPECIAL DISABLED
		VETERANS, VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA, AND
50 000 06	TTTT 1000	OTHER ELIGIBLE VETERANS
52.222-36	JUN 1998	AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR WORKERS WITH
52.222-37	DEC 2001	
JZ • ZZZ J I	DEC 2001	VETERANS, VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA, AND
		OTHER ELIGIBLE VETERANS
52.223-6	MAY 2001	DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE
52.223-14	JUN 2003	TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING
52.225-13	JUN 2003	RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PURCHASES
52.227-1	JUL 1995	AUTHORIZATION AND CONSENT ALTERNATE I (APR
		1984)
52.227-2	AUG 1996	
FO 007 14	TIIN 1007	COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT
52.227-14 52.227-14	JUN 1987 JUN 1987	
JZ.ZZ/-14	JUN 1907	1987)
52.227-14	JUN 1987	RIGHTS IN DATAGENERAL ALTERNATE III (JUN
		1987)
52.227-16	JUN 1987	ADDITIONAL DATA REQUIREMENTS
		LIMITATION ON WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENTS
52.232-17	JUN 1996	INTEREST
52.232-18	APR 1984	AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS
52.232-20	APR 1984	
		LIMITATION OF FUNDS
52.232-25	FEB 2002	ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS PROMPT PAYMENT
52.232-34		PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFEROTHER
02.202 01	11111 1999	THAN CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION
52.233-1	JUL 2002	
52.233-3	AUG 1996	
52.237-3	JAN 1991	CONTINUITY OF SERVICES
		NOTICE OF INTENT TO DISALLOW COSTS
52.242-3	MAY 2001	PENALTIES FOR UNALLOWABLE COSTS
52.242-4	JAN 1997	CERTIFICATION OF FINAL INDIRECT COSTS BANKRUPTCY
52.243-2	AUG 1987	CHANGESCOST REIMBURSEMENT ALTERNATE I (APR 1984)
52.244-2	AUG 1998	SUBCONTRACTS ALTERNATE II (AUG 1998)
52.245-5	JUN 2003	GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (COST-REIMBURSEMENT,
02.210 0	00N 2003	TIME-AND-MATERIAL, OR LABOR-HOUR CONTRACTS)
52.245-5	JUN 2003	GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (COST-REIMBURSEMENT,
		TIME-AND-MATERIAL, OR LABOR-HOUR CONTRACTS)
		ALTERNATE I (JUN 2003)
52.246-25	FEB 1997	LIMITATION OF LIABILITYSERVICES
52.249-6	SEP 1996	TERMINATION (COST-REIMBURSEMENT)
52.249-14	APR 1984	EXCUSABLE DELAYS
52.253-1	JAN 1991	COMPUTER GENERATED FORMS

I.2 PRINTING/COPYING DOUBLE-SIDED ON RECYCLED PAPER (FAR 52.204-4) (JUN 1996) DEVIATION

(a) In accordance with Executive Order 12873, dated October 20, 1993, as amended by Executive Order 12995, dated March 25, 1996, the Offeror/Contractor is required to submit paper documents, such as offers, letters, or reports, that are printed/copied double-sided on recycled paper that has at least 20% postconsumer material.

(b) The 20% standard applies to high-speed copier paper, offset paper, forms bond, computer printout paper, carbonless paper, file folders, white woven envelopes, and other uncoated printed and writing paper, such as writing and office paper, book paper, cotton fiber paper, and cover stock. An alternative standard to meeting the 20% postconsumer material standard is 50% recovered material content of certain industrial by-products.

I.3 NOTIFICATION OF OWNERSHIP CHANGES (FAR 52.215-19) (OCT 1997)

- (a) The Contractor shall make the following notifications in writing:
- (1) When the Contractor becomes aware that a change in its ownership has occurred, or is certain to occur, that could result in changes in the valuation of its capitalized assets in the accounting records, the Contractor shall notify the Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) within 30 days.
- (2) The Contractor shall also notify the ACO within 30 days whenever changes to asset valuations or any other cost changes have occurred or are certain to occur as a result of a change in ownership.
 - (b) The Contractor shall--
- (1) Maintain current, accurate, and complete inventory records of assets and their costs;
- (2) Provide the ACO or designated representative ready access to the records upon request;
- (3) Ensure that all individual and grouped assets, their capitalized values, accumulated depreciation or amortization, and remaining useful lives are identified accurately before and after each of the Contractor's ownership changes; and
- (4) Retain and continue to maintain depreciation and amortization schedules based on the asset records maintained before each Contractor ownership change.
- (c) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause in all subcontracts under this contract that meet the applicability requirement of FAR $15.408\,(k)$.

I.4 REQUIREMENTS FOR COST OR PRICING DATA OR INFORMATION OTHER THAN COST OR PRICING DATA--MODIFICATIONS (FAR 52.215-21) (OCT 1997)

(a) Exceptions from cost or pricing data. (1) In lieu of submitting cost

or pricing data for modifications under this contract, for price adjustments expected to exceed the threshold set forth at FAR 15.403-4 on the date of the agreement on price or the date of the award, whichever is later, the Contractor may submit a written request for exception by submitting the information described in the following subparagraphs. The Contracting Officer may require additional supporting information, but only to the extent necessary to determine whether an exception should be granted, and whether the price is fair and reasonable--

- (i) Identification of the law or regulation establishing the price offered. If the price is controlled under law by periodic rulings, reviews, or similar actions of a governmental body, attach a copy of the controlling document, unless it was previously submitted to the contracting office.
- (ii) Information on modifications of contracts or subcontracts for commercial items. (A) $\;$ If--
- (1) The original contract or subcontract was granted an exception from cost or pricing data requirements because the price agreed upon was based on adequate price competition or prices set by law or regulation, or was a contract or subcontract for the acquisition of a commercial item; and
- (2) The modification (to the contract or subcontract) is not exempted based on one of these exceptions, then the Contractor may provide information to establish that the modification would not change the contract or subcontract from a contract or subcontract for the acquisition of a commercial item to a contract or subcontract for the acquisition of an item other than a commercial item.
- (B) For a commercial item exception, the Contractor shall provide, at a minimum, information on prices at which the same item or similar items have previously been sold that is adequate for evaluating the reasonableness of the price of the modification. Such information may include—
- (1) For catalog items, a copy of or identification of the catalog and its date, or the appropriate pages for the offered items, or a statement that the catalog is on file in the buying office to which the proposal is being submitted. Provide a copy or describe current discount policies and price lists (published or unpublished), e.g., wholesale, original equipment manufacturer, or reseller. Also explain the basis of each offered price and its relationship to the established catalog price, including how the proposed price relates to the price of recent sales in quantities similar to the proposed quantities.
- (2) For market-priced items, the source and date or period of the market quotation or other basis for market price, the base amount, and applicable discounts. In addition, describe the nature of the market.
- (3) For items included on an active Federal Supply Service Multiple Award Schedule contract, proof that an exception has been granted for the schedule item.
- (2) The Contractor grants the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative the right to examine, at any time before award, books, records, documents, or other directly pertinent records to verify any

request for an exception under this clause, and the reasonableness of price. For items priced using catalog or market prices, or law or regulation, access does not extend to cost or profit information or other data relevant solely to the Contractor's determination of the prices to be offered in the catalog or marketplace.

- (b) Requirements for cost or pricing data. If the Contractor is not granted an exception from the requirement to submit cost or pricing data, the following applies:
- (1) The Contractor shall submit cost or pricing data and supporting attachments in accordance with Table 15-2 of FAR 15.408.
- (2) As soon as practicable after agreement on price, but before award (except for unpriced actions), the Contractor shall submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, as prescribed by FAR 15.406-2.

I.5 OPTION TO EXTEND SERVICES (FAR 52.217-8) (NOV 1999)

The Government may require continued performance of any services within the limits and at the rates specified in the contract. These rates may be adjusted only as a result of revisions to prevailing labor rates provided by the Secretary of Labor. The option provision may be exercised more than once, but the total extension of performance hereunder shall not exceed 6 months. The Contracting Officer may exercise the option by written notice to the Contractor within 30 days.

I.6 NOTICE OF PRICE EVALUATION ADJUSTMENT FOR SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERNS (FAR 52.219-23) (JUN 2003) ALTERNATE I (JUN 2003)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Small disadvantaged business concern" means an offeror that represents, as part of its offer, that it is a small business under the size standard applicable to this acquisition; and either--

- (1) It has received certification by the Small Business Administration as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B; and
- (i) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;
- (ii) Where the concern is owned by one or more disadvantaged individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (iii) It is identified, on the date of its representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business concern in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration (PRO-Net).
- (2) It has submitted a completed application to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier to be certified as a small disadvantaged business concern in accordance with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B, and a decision on that application is pending, and that no material change in

disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its application was submitted. In this case, in order to receive the benefit of a price evaluation adjustment, an offeror must receive certification as a small disadvantaged business concern by the Small Business Administration prior to contract award; or

(3) Is a joint venture as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002(f).

"Historically black college or university" means an institution determined by the Secretary of Education to meet the requirements of 34 CFR 608.2. For the Department of Defense (DOD), the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), and the Coast Guard, the term also includes any nonprofit research institution that was an integral part of such a college or university before November 14, 1986.

"Minority institution" means an institution of higher education meeting the requirements of Section 1046(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067k, including a Hispanic-serving institution of higher education, as defined in Section 316(b)(1) of the Act (20 U.S.C. 1101a)).

- (b) Evaluation adjustment. (1) The Contracting Officer will evaluate offers by adding a factor of 10 percent to the price of all offers, except-
- (i) Offers from small disadvantaged business concerns that have not waived the adjustment;
- (ii) An otherwise successful offer of eligible products under the Trade Agreements Act when the dollar threshold for application of the Act is equaled or exceeded (see section 25.402 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR));
- (iii) An otherwise successful offer where application of the factor would be inconsistent with a Memorandum of Understanding or other international agreement with a foreign government;
- (iv) For DoD, NASA, and Coast Guard acquisitions, an otherwise successful offer from a historically black college or university or minority institution; and
- (v) For DoD acquisitions, an otherwise successful offer of qualifying country end products (see sections 225.000-70 and 252.225-7001 of the Defense FAR Supplement).
- (2) The Contracting Officer will apply the factor to a line item or a group of line items on which award may be made. The Contracting Officer will apply other evaluation factors described in the solicitation before application of the factor. The factor may not be applied if using the adjustment would cause the contract award to be made at a price that exceeds the fair market price by more than the factor in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause.
- (c) Waiver of evaluation adjustment. A small disadvantaged business concern may elect to waive the adjustment, in which case the factor will be added to its offer for evaluation purposes. The agreements in paragraph (d) of this clause do not apply to offers that waive the adjustment.

- ____Offeror elects to waive the adjustment.
- (d) Agreements. (1) A small disadvantaged business concern, that did not waive the adjustment, agrees that in performance of the contract, in the case of a contract for--
- (i) Services, except construction, at least 50 percent of the cost of personnel for contract performance will be spent for employees of the concern;
- (ii) Supplies (other than procurement from a non-manufacturer of such supplies), at least 50 percent of the cost of manufacturing, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by the concern;
- (iii) General construction, at least 15 percent of the cost of the contract, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by employees of the concern; or
- (iv) Construction by special trade contractors, at least 25 percent of the cost of the contract, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by employees of the concern.
- (2) A small disadvantaged business concern submitting an offer in its own name shall furnish in performing this contract only end items manufactured or produced by small business concerns in the United States or its outlying areas. This paragraph does not apply to construction or service contracts.

I.7 ESTIMATE OF PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERED MATERIAL CONTENT FOR EPA-DESIGNATED PRODUCTS (FAR 52.223-9) (AUG 2000)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Postconsumer material" means a material or finished product that has served its intended use and has been discarded for disposal or recovery, having completed its life as a consumer item. Postconsumer material is a part of the broader category of "recovered material."

"Recovered material" means waste materials and by-products recovered or diverted from solid waste, but the term does not include those materials and by-products generated from, and commonly reused within, an original manufacturing process.

- (b) The Contractor, on completion of this contract, shall--
- (1) Estimate the percentage of the total recovered material used in contract performance, including, if applicable, the percentage of postconsumer material content; and
 - (2) Submit this estimate to $___$.

I.8 COMPETITION IN SUBCONTRACTING (FAR 52.244-5) (DEC 1996)

(a) The Contractor shall select subcontractors (including suppliers) on a competitive basis to the maximum practical extent consistent with the objectives and requirements of the contract.

(b) If the Contractor is an approved mentor under the Department of Defense Pilot Mentor-Protege Program (Pub. L. 101-510, section 831 as amended), the Contractor may award subcontracts under this contract on a noncompetitive basis to its proteges.

I.9 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (FAR 52.244-6) (APR 2003)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Commercial item" has the meaning contained in the clause at 52.202-1, Definitions.

"Subcontract" includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier.

- (b) To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractors at all tiers to incorporate, commercial items or nondevelopmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.
- (c) (1) The Contractor shall insert the following clauses in subcontracts for commercial items:
- (i) 52.21908, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2000) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2)(3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceed \$500,000 (\$1,000,000 for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
 - (ii) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Apr 2002) (E.O. 11246).
- (iii) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans (Dec 2001) (38 U.S.C. 4212(a));
- (iv) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 1998) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- (v) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (APR 2003) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241 and 10 U.S.C. 2631) (flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64).
- (2) While not required, the Contractor may flow down to subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.
- (d) The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts awarded under this contract.

I.10 SUBMISSION OF COMMERCIAL TRANSPORTATION BILLS TO THE GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION FOR AUDIT (FAR 52.247-67) (JUN 1997)

(a)1) In accordance with paragraph (a)(2) of this clause, the Contractor

shall submit to the General Services Administration (GSA) for audit, legible copies of all paid freight bills/invoices, commercial bills of lading (CBL's), passenger coupons, and other supporting documents for transportation services on which the United States will assume freight charges that were paid (i) by the Contractor under a cost-reimbursement contract, and (ii) by a first -tier subcontractor under a cost-reimbursement subcontract thereunder.

- (2) Cost-reimbursement Contractors shall only submit for audit those CBL's with freight shipment charges exceeding \$50.00. Bills under \$50.00 shall be retained on-site by the Contractor and made available for GSA on-site audits. This exception only applies to freight shipment bills and is not intended to apply to bills and invoices for any other transportation services.
- (b) The Contractor shall forward copies of paid freight bills/invoices, CBL's, passenger coupons, and supporting documents as soon as possible following the end of the month, in one package to the General Services Administration, ATTN: FWA, 1800 F Street, NW, Washington, DC 20405. The Contractor shall include the paid freight bills/invoices, CBL's, passenger coupons, and supporting documents for first tier subcontractors under a cost-reimbursement contract. If the inclusion of the paid freight bills/invoices, CBL's, passenger coupons, and supporting documents for any subcontractor in the shipment is not practicable, the documents may be forwarded to GSA in a separate package.
- (c) Any original transportation bills or other documents requested by GSA shall be forwarded promptly by the Contractor to GSA. The Contractor shall ensure that the name of the contracting agency is stamped or written on the face of the bill before sending it to GSA.
- (d) A statement prepared in duplicate by the Contractor shall accompany each shipment of transportation documents. GSA will acknowledge receipt of the shipment by signing and returning the copy of the statement. The statement shall show --
 - (1) The name and address of the Contractor;
- (2) The contract number including any alpha-numeric prefix identifying the contracting office;
 - (3) The name and address of the contracting office:
 - (4) The total number of bills submitted with the statement; and
- (5) A listing of the respective amounts paid or, in lieu of such listing, an adding machine tape of the amounts paid showing the Contractor's voucher or check numbers.

I.11 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FAR 52.252-2) (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

ht	tp://ww	ww.a:	rnet	.gov	/far/						
								 	 	 	 -
	-										
[Insert	one	or	more	Internet	addresses]				

I.12 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN CLAUSES (FAR 52.252-6) (APR 1984)

- (a) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "DEVIATION" after the date of the clause.
- (b) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Environmental Protection Agency (48 CFR Chapter 15) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "DEVIATION" after the name of the regulation.

PART III - LIST OF DOCUMENTS, EXHIBITS, AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS

SECTION J - LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

J.1 LIST OF ATTACHMENTS (EP 52.252-100) (APR 1984)

Number	Attachment Title
1	Statement of Work
2	Reports of Work
3	Invoice Preparation Instructions
4	Client Authorization Letter
5	Past Performance Ouestionnaire

PART IV - REPRESENTATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

SECTION K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS

K.1 CERTIFICATION AND DISCLOSURE REGARDING PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS (FAR 52.203-11) (APR 1991)

- (a) The definitions and prohibitions contained in the clause, at FAR 52.203-12, Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions, included in this solicitation, are hereby incorporated by reference in paragraph (b) of this certification.
- (b) The offeror, by signing its offer, hereby certifies to the best of his or her knowledge and belief that on or after December 23, 1989--
- (1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with this solicitation, the offeror shall complete and submit OMB standard form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities to the Contracting Officer; and
- (3) He or she will include the language of this certification in all subcontract awards at any tier and require that all recipients of subcontract awards in excess of \$100,000\$ shall certify and disclose accordingly.
- (c) Submission of this certification and disclosure is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by section 1352, title 31, United States Code. Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under this provision or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by this provision, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000, and not more than \$100,000, for each such failure.

K.2 TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION (FAR 52.204-3) (OCT 1998)

(a) Definitions.

"Common parent," as used in this provision, means that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which the offeror is a member.

"Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)," as used in this provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in reporting income tax and other returns. The TIN may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.

- (b) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (d) through (f) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 4.904, the failure or refusal by the offeror to furnish the information may result in a 31 percent reduction of payments otherwise due under the contract.
- (c) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

offeror's Tin.
(d) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).
[] TIN:
[] TIN has been applied for.
[] TIN is not required because:
[] Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;
[] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;
[] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
(e) Type of organization.
[] Sole proprietorship;
[] Partnership;
[] Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
[] Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
[] Government entity (Federal, State, or local);

[] Foreign government;
[] International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;
[] Other
(f) Common parent.
$[\]$ Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent as defined in paragraph (a) of this provision.
[] Name and TIN of common parent:
Name
TIN
K.3 WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS (OTHER THAN SMALL BUSINESS) (FAR 52.204-5) (MAY 1999)
(a) Definition. "Women-owned business concern," as used in this provision, means a concern that is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.
(b) Representation. [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and has not represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b) (1) of FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representations, of this solicitation.] The offeror represents that it [] is, [] is not a women-owned business concern.
K.4 CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, PROPOSED DEBARMENT, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (FAR 52.209-5) (DEC 2001)
(a)(1) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that – $$
(i) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals -
(A) Are [] are not [] presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
(B) Have [] have not [], within a 3-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, or receiving stolen property; and

(C) Are [] are not [] presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of

any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(1)(i)(B) of this

provision.

- (ii) The Offeror has [] has not [], within a 3-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.
- (2) "Principals," for the purposes of this certification, means officers; directors; owners; partners; and, persons having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment, and similar positions).

THIS CERTIFICATION CONCERNS A MATTER WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE MAKING OF A FALSE, FICTITIOUS, OR FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATION MAY RENDER THE MAKER SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION UNDER SECTION 1001, TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

- (b) The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- (c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.
- (d) Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- (e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

K.5 PLACE OF PERFORMANCE (FAR 52.215-6) (OCT 1997)

- (a) The offeror or respondent, in the performance of any contract resulting from this solicitation, \square intends, \square does not intend [check applicable block] to use one or more plants or facilities located at a different address from the address of the offeror or respondent as indicated in this proposal or response to request for information.
- (b) If the offeror or respondent checks "intends" in paragraph (a) of this provision, it shall insert in the following spaces the required information:

Place of Performance
(Street Address, City,
State, County, Zip Code)
Name and Address of the Plant
or Facility if Other than
Offeror or Respondent

K.6 SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATIONS (FAR 52.219-1) (APR 2002)

- (a)(1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is _____ [insert NAICS code].
- (2) The small business size standard is $___$ [insert size standard].
- (3) The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or service contract, but which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.
 - (b) Representations.
- (1) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it []is, []is not a small business concern.
- (2) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision. The offeror represents, for general statistical purposes, that it []is, []is not, a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.
- (3) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it []is, []is not a women-owned small business concern.
- (4) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision. The offferor represents as part of its offer that it []is, []is not a veteran-owned small business concern.
- (5) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (b)(4) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that is []is, []is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.
- (6) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that--
- (i) It [] is, [] is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material change in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage has occurred since it was certified by the Small

Business Administration in accordance with 13 CFR part 126; and

- (ii) It [] is, [] is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 126, and the representation in paragraph (b)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture:______.] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.
 - (c) Definitions. As used in this provision--

"Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern"-

- (1) Means a small business concern-
- (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
- (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).
- "Small business concern," means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (a) of this provision.

"Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern-

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

"Women-owned small business concern," means a small business concern --

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

- (d) Notice.
- (1) If this solicitation is for supplies and has been set aside, in whole or in part, for small business concerns, then the clause in this solicitation providing notice of the set-aside contains restrictions on the source of the end items to be furnished.
- (2) Under 15 U.S.C. 645(d), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business concern in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs established pursuant to section 8(a), 8(d), 9, or 15 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically references section 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, shall --
 - (i) Be punished by imposition of fine, imprisonment, or both;
- (ii) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and
- (iii) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the $\mbox{Act.}$

K.7 SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS STATUS (FAR 52.219-22) (OCT 1999)

- (a) *General*. This provision is used to assess an offeror's small disadvantaged business status for the purpose of obtaining a benefit on this solicitation. Status as a small business and status as a small disadvantaged business for general statistical purposes is covered by the provision at FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representation.
- (b) Representations.(1) General. The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it is a small business under the size standard applicable to this acquisition; and either--
- [] (i) It has received certification by the Small Business Administration as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B; and
- (A) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;
- (B) Where the concern is owned by one or more disadvantaged individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (C) It is identified, on the date of its representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business concern in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration (PRO-Net); or
- [] (ii) It has submitted a completed application to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier to be certified as a small disadvantaged business concern in accordance with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B, and a decision on that application is pending, and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its application was

submitted.

- (2) [] For Joint Ventures. The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it is a joint venture that complies with the requirements at 13 CFR 124.1002(f) and that the representation in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision is accurate for the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name of the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint venture: ______.]
- (c) Penalties and Remedies. Anyone who misrepresents any aspects of the disadvantaged status of a concern for the purposes of securing a contract or subcontract shall:
 - (1) Be punished by imposition of a fine, imprisonment, or both;
- (2) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and
- (3) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Small Business Act .

K.8 PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED FACILITIES (FAR 52.222-21) (FEB 1999)

- (a) "Segregated facilities," as used in this clause, means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees, that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin because of written or oral policies or employee custom. The term does not include separate or single-user rest rooms or necessary dressing or sleeping areas provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The Contractor agrees that a breach of this clause is a violation of the Equal Opportunity clause in this contract.
- (c) The Contractor shall include this clause in every subcontract and purchase order that is subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this contract.

K.9 PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (FAR 52.222-22) (FEB 1999)

The offeror represents that--

- (a) It [] has, [] has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation;
 - (b) It [] has, [] has not filed all required compliance reports; and

(c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.

K.10 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE (FAR 52.222-25) (APR 1984)

The offeror represents that--

(a) It [] has developed and has on file, [] has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2), or (b) It [] has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

K.11 RECOVERED MATERIAL CERTIFICATION (FAR 52.223-4) (OCT 1997)

As required by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(i)), the offeror certifies, by signing this offer, that the percentage of recovered material to be used in the performance of the contract will be at least the amount required by the applicable contract specifications.

K.12 CERTIFICATION OF TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING (FAR 52.223-13) (JUN 2003)

- (a) Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by Executive Order 12969, August 8, 1995.
 - (b) By signing this offer, the offeror certifies that--
- (1) As the owner or operator of facilities that will be used in the performance of this contract that are subject to the filing and reporting requirements described in section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11023) and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13106), the offeror will file and continue to file for such facilities for the life of the contract the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) as described in sections 313(a) and (g) of EPCRA and section 6607 of PPA; or
- (2) None of its owned or operated facilities to be used in the performance of this contract is subject to the Form R filing and reporting requirements because each such facility is exempt for at least one of the following reasons: [Check each block that is applicable.]
- [] (i) The facility does not manufacture, process, or otherwise use any toxic chemicals listed under section 313(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(c);
- [] (ii) The facility does not have 10 or more full-time employees as specified in section 313(b)(1)(A) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(b)(1)(A);
- [] (iii) The facility does not meet the reporting thresholds of toxic chemicals established under section 313(f) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(f) (including the alternate thresholds at 40 CFR 372.27, provided an appropriate certification form has been filed with EPA);

- [] (iv) The facility does not fall within Standard Industrial Classification Code (SIC) major groups 20 through 39 or their corresponding North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) sectors 31 through 33; or
- $\mbox{\footnotemark}$ [] (v) The facility is not located in the United States or its outlying areas.

K.13 HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY AND MINORITY INSTITUTION REPRESENTATION (FAR 52.226-2) (MAY 1997)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—historically Black College or University means an institution determined by the Secretary of Education to meet the requirements of 34 CFR 608.2. For the Department of Defense, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and the Coast Guard, the term also includes any nonprofit research institution that was an integral part of such a college or university before November 14, 1986.

Minority Institution means an institution of higher education meeting the requirements of Section 1046(3) of the higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1135d-5(3) which, for the purpose of this provision, includes a Hispanic-serving institution of higher education as defined in Section 316(b) of the Act (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)(1)).

(b) Representation. The offeror represents that it- __is __is not a Historically Black College or University;
 __is __is not a Minority Institution.

K.14 REPRESENTATION OF LIMITED RIGHTS DATA AND RESTRICTED COMPUTER SOFTWARE (FAR 52.227-15) (MAY 1999)

- (a) This solicitation sets forth the work to be performed if a contract award results, and the Government's known delivery requirements for data (as defined in FAR 27.401). Any resulting contract may also provide the Government the option to order additional data under the Additional Data Requirements clause at 52.227-16 of the FAR, if included in the contract. Any data delivered under the resulting contract will be subject to the Rights in Data--General clause at 52.227-14 that is to be included in this contract. Under the latter clause, a Contractor may withhold from delivery data that qualify as limited rights data or restricted computer software, and deliver form, fit, and function data in lieu thereof. The latter clause also may be used with its Alternates II and/or III to obtain delivery of limited rights data or restricted computer software, marked with limited rights or restricted rights notices, as appropriate. In addition, use of Alternate V with this latter clause provides the Government the right to inspect such data at the Contractor's facility.
- (b) As an aid in determining the Government's need to include Alternate II or Alternate III in the clause at 52.227-14, Rights in Data--General, the offeror shall complete paragraph (c) of this provision to either state that none of the data qualify as limited rights data or restricted computer software, or identify, to the extent feasible, which of the data qualifies as limited rights data or restricted computer software. Any identification of limited rights data or restricted computer software in the offeror's response is not determinative of the status of such data should a contract

be awarded to the offeror.

- (c) The offeror has reviewed the requirements for the delivery of data or software and states [offeror check appropriate block]--
- [] None of the data proposed for fulfilling such requirements qualifies as limited rights data or restricted computer software.
- [] Data proposed for fulfilling such requirements qualify as limited rights data or restricted computer software and are identified as follows:

NOTE: "Limited rights data" and "Restricted computer software" are defined in the contract clause entitled "Rights in Data--General."

K.15 COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOTICES AND CERTIFICATION (FAR 52.230-1) (JUN 2000)

Note: This notice does not apply to small businesses or foreign governments. This notice is in three parts, identified by Roman numerals I through III.

Offerors shall examine each part and provide the requested information in order to determine Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) requirements applicable to any resultant contract.

If the offeror is an educational institution, Part II does not apply unless the contemplated contract will be subject to full or modified CAS coverage pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2(c)(5) or 9903.201-2(c)(6), respectively.

- I. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT -- COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICES AND CERTIFICATION
- (a) Any contract in excess of \$500,000 resulting from this solicitation will be subject to the requirements of the Cost Accounting Standards Board (48 CFR Chapter 99), except for those contracts which are exempt as specified in 48 CFR 9903.201-1.
- (b) Any offeror submitting a proposal which, if accepted, will result in a contract subject to the requirements of 48 CFR Chapter 99 must, as a condition of contracting, submit a Disclosure Statement as required by 48 CFR 9903.202. When required, the Disclosure Statement must be submitted as a part of the offeror's proposal under this solicitation unless the offeror has already submitted a Disclosure Statement disclosing the practices used in connection with the pricing of this proposal. If an applicable Disclosure Statement has already been submitted, the offeror may satisfy the requirement for submission by providing the information requested in paragraph (c) of Part I of this provision.

CAUTION: In the absence of specific regulations or agreement, a practice disclosed in a Disclosure Statement shall not, by virtue of such disclosure,

be deemed to be a proper, approved, or agreed- to practice for pricing proposals or accumulating and reporting contract performance cost data.

(c) Check the appropriate box below: (1) Certificate of Concurrent Submission of Disclosure Statement. The offeror hereby certifies that, as a part of the offer, copies of the Disclosure Statement have been submitted as follows: (i) original and one copy to the cognizant Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) or cognizant Federal agency official authorized to act in that capacity (Federal official), as applicable, and (ii) one copy to the cognizant Federal auditor. (Disclosure must be on Form No. CASB DS-1 or CASB DS-2, as applicable. Forms may be obtained from the cognizant ACO or Federal Official and/or from the looseleaf version of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.) Date of Disclosure Statement: Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed: The offeror further certifies that practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the Disclosure Statement. (2) Certificate of Previously Submitted Disclosure Statement. The offeror hereby certifies that Disclosure Statement was filed as follows: Date of Disclosure Statement: Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed:

The offeror further certifies that the practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the applicable disclosure statement.

(3) Certificate of Monetary Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that the offeror, together with all divisions, subsidiaries, and affiliates under common control, did not receive net awards of negotiated prime contracts and subcontracts subject to

CAS totaling \$50 million or more in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

(4) Certificate of Interim Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that (i) the offeror first exceeded the monetary exemption for disclosure, as defined in (3) of this subsection, in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this offer was submitted and (ii) in accordance with 48 CFR 9903.202-1, the offeror is not yet required to submit a Disclosure Statement. The offeror further certifies that if an award resulting from this proposal has not been made within 90 days after the end of that period, the offeror will immediately submit a revised certificate to the Contracting Officer, in the form specified under subparagraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of Part I of this provision, as appropriate, to verify submission of a completed Disclosure Statement.

CAUTION: Offerors currently required to disclose because they were awarded a CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more in the current cost accounting period may not claim this exemption (4). Further, the exemption applies only in connection with proposals submitted before expiration of the 90-day period following the cost accounting period in which the monetary exemption was exceeded.

II. COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS -- ELIGIBILITY FOR MODIFIED CONTRACT COVERAGE

If the offeror is eligible to use the modified provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and elects to do so, the offeror shall indicate by checking the box below. Checking the box below shall mean that the resultant contract is subject to the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause in lieu of the Cost Accounting Standards clause.

|__| The offeror hereby claims an exemption from the Cost Accounting Standards clause under the provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and certifies that the offeror is eligible for use of the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause because during the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted, the offeror received less than \$50 million in awards of CAS-covered prime contracts and subcontracts. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

CAUTION: An offeror may not claim the above eligibility for modified contract coverage if this proposal is expected to result in the award of a CAS-covered contract of \$50 million or more or if, during its current cost accounting period, the offeror has been awarded a single CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more.

III. ADDITIONAL COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO EXISTING CONTRACTS

The offeror shall indicate below whether award of the contemplated contract would, in accordance with subparagraph (a)(3) of the Cost Accounting Standards clause, require a change in established cost accounting practices affecting existing contracts and subcontracts.

__ | YES | NO

K.16 BUSINESS OWNERSHIP REPRESENTATION (EPAAR 1552.204-70) (JAN 2001)

The successful awardee should check one or more of the categories below that represents its business ownership and return this information to the contracting officer within ten (10) calendar days after award. Completion of this clause by the successful awardee is voluntary.

"Ownership," as used in this clause, means: (a) At least 51 percent of the concern is owned by one or more individuals from a category listed below; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of the concern is owned by one or more such individuals; and (b) The management and daily business operations of the concern are controlled by one or more such individuals.

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[]	Hisp	panic	or	Lati	no.
[]	Not	Hispa	anic	or	Latino.

Race

l American	T	T - 1	 7 7

- [] Asian or Pacific Islander.
- [] Black or African American.
- [] White.

K.17 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST CERTIFICATION (EPAAR 1552.209-72) (APR 1984)

The offeror [] is [] is not aware of any information bearing on the existence of any potential organizational conflict of interest. If the offeror is aware of information bearing on whether a potential conflict may exist, the offeror shall provide a disclosure statement describing this information. (See Section L of the solicitation for further information.)

K.18 SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS OF CONSULTANTS AND CERTAIN SOLE PROPRIETORS AND PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT (EPAAR 1552.224-70) (APR 1984)

- (a) Section 6041 of Title 26 of the U.S. Code requires EPA to file Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Form 1099 with respect to individuals who receive payments from EPA under purchase orders or contracts. Section 6109 of Title 26 of the U.S. Code authorizes collection by EPA of the social security numbers of such individuals for the purpose of filing IRS Form 1099. Social security numbers obtained for this purpose will be used by EPA for the sole purpose of filing IRS Form 1099 in compliance with Section 6041 of Title 26 of the U.S. Code.
- (b) If the offeror or quoter is an individual, consultant, or sole proprietor and has no Employer Identification Number, insert the offeror's or quoter's social security number on the following line.

K.19 SIGNATURE BLOCK (EP 52.299-900) (APR 1984)

I hereby certify that the responses to the above Representations, Certifications and other statements are accurate and complete.
Signature:
Title :
Date :
K.20 CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT/DUN AND BRADSTREET NUMBER (RTP-K-1)
A. Congressional district for offeror's place of business (as noted on the SF1411):
Congressional district for offeror's place(s) of performance:
B. Dun and Bradstreet Number:

SECTION L - INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

L.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER	DATE	TITLE
52.204-6	SEP 1999	DATA UNIVERSAL NUMBERING SYSTEM (DUNS) NUMBER
52.215-1	OCT 1997	INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS-COMPETITIVE
		ACQUISITION ALTERNATE I (OCT 1997)
52.219-24	OCT 2000	SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS PARTICIPATION
		PROGRAM TARGETS
52.222-24	FEB 1999	PREAWARD ON-SITE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY
		COMPLIANCE EVALUATION
52.222-46	FEB 1993	EVALUATION OF COMPENSATION FOR PROFESSIONAL
		EMPLOYEES

L.2 FACILITIES CAPITAL COST OF MONEY (FAR 52.215-16) (JUN 2003)

- (a) Facilities capital cost of money will be an allowable cost under the contemplated contract, if the criteria for allowability in FAR 31.205-10(b) are met. One of the allowability criteria requires the prospective Contractor to propose facilities capital cost of money in its offer.
- (b) If the prospective Contractor does not propose this cost, the resulting contract will include the clause Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money.

L.3 REQUIREMENTS FOR COST OR PRICING DATA OR INFORMATION OTHER THAN COST OR PRICING DATA (FAR 52.215-20) (OCT 1997)

- (a) Exceptions from cost or pricing data. (1) In lieu of submitting cost or pricing data, offerors may submit a written request for exception by submitting the information described in the following subparagraphs. The Contracting Officer may require additional supporting information, but only to the extent necessary to determine whether an exception should be granted, and whether the price is fair and reasonable.
- (i) Identification of the law or regulation establishing the price offered. If the price is controlled under law by periodic rulings, reviews, or similar actions of a governmental body, attach a copy of the controlling document, unless it was previously submitted to the contracting office.

- (ii) Commercial item exception. For a commercial item exception, the offeror shall submit, at a minimum, information on prices at which the same item or similar items have previously been sold in the commercial market that is adequate for evaluating the reasonableness of the price for this acquisition. Such information may include—
- (A) For catalog items, a copy of or identification of the catalog and its date, or the appropriate pages for the offered items, or a statement that the catalog is on file in the buying office to which the proposal is being submitted. Provide a copy or describe current discount policies and price lists (published or unpublished), e.g., wholesale, original equipment manufacturer, or reseller. Also explain the basis of each offered price and its relationship to the established catalog price, including how the proposed price relates to the price of recent sales in quantities similar to the proposed quantities;
- (B) For market-priced items, the source and date or period of the market quotation or other basis for market price, the base amount, and applicable discounts. In addition, describe the nature of the market;
- (C) For items included on an active Federal Supply Service Multiple Award Schedule contract, proof that an exception has been granted for the schedule item.
- (2) The offeror grants the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative the right to examine, at any time before award, books, records, documents, or other directly pertinent records to verify any request for an exception under this provision, and the reasonableness of price. For items priced using catalog or market prices, or law or regulation, access does not extend to cost or profit information or other data relevant solely to the offeror's determination of the prices to be offered in the catalog or marketplace.
- (b) Requirements for cost or pricing data. If the offeror is not granted an exception from the requirement to submit cost or pricing data, the following applies:
- (1) The offeror shall prepare and submit cost or pricing data and supporting attachments in accordance with Table 15-2 of FAR 15.408.
- (2) As soon as practicable after agreement on price, but before contract award (except for unpriced actions such as letter contracts), the offeror shall submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, as prescribed by FAR 15.406-2.

L.4 TYPE OF CONTRACT (FAR 52.216-1) (APR 1984)

The Government contemplates award of a Cost-Plus-Fixed-Fee contract resulting from this solicitation.

L.5 SERVICE OF PROTEST (FAR 52.233-2) (AUG 1996)

(a) Protests, as defined in Section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the General Accounting Office (GAO) shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining

written and dated acknowledgement of receipt from:

Robert D. Flowers

Hand-Carried Address:

Environmental Protection Agency 4930 Old Page Road Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Mailing Address:

Environmental Protection Agency RTP Procurement Operations Division (D143-01) Research Triangle Park, NC 27711

(b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with the GAO.

L.6 IDENTIFICATION OF UNCOMPENSATED OVERTIME (FAR 52.237-10) (OCT 1997)

(a) Definitions. As used in the provision--

Uncompensated overtime means the hours worked without additional compensation in excess of an average of 40 hours per week by direct charge employees who are exempt from the Fair Labor Standards Act. Compensated personal absences such as holidays, vacations, and sick leave shall be included in the normal work week for purposes of computing uncompensated overtime hours.

Uncompensated overtime rate is the rate that results from multiplying the hourly rate for a 40-hour work week by 40, and then dividing by the proposed hours per week. For example, 45 hours proposed on a 40-hour work week basis at \$20 per hour would be converted to an uncompensated overtime rate of \$17.78 per hour (\$20.00 x40 divided by \$45=\$17.78).

- (b) For any proposed hours against which an uncompensated overtime rate is applied, the offeror shall identify in its proposal the hours in excess of an average of 40 hours per week, by labor category at the same level of detail as compensated hours, and the uncompensated overtime rate per hour, whether at the prime or subcontract level. This includes uncompensated overtime hours that are in indirect cost pools for personnel whose regular hours are normally charged direct.
- (c) The offeror's accounting practices used to estimate uncompensated overtime must be consistent with its cost accounting practices used to accumulate and report uncompensated overtime hours.
- (d) Proposals that include unrealistically low labor rates, or that do not otherwise demonstrate cost realism, will be considered in a risk assessment and will be evaluaterd for award in accordance with that assessment.
- (e) The offeror shall include a copy of its policy addressing uncompensated overtime with its proposal.

L.7 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FAR 52.252-1) (FEB 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://www.arnet.gov/far/

L.8 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN PROVISIONS (FAR 52.252-5) (APR 1984)

- (a) The use in this solicitation of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "DEVIATION" after the date of the provision.
- (b) The use in this solicitation of any Environmental Protection Agency (48 CFR Chapter 15) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "DEVIATION" after the name of the regulation.

L.9 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST NOTIFICATION (EPAAR 1552.209-70) (APR 1984)

- (a) The prospective Contractor certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it is not aware of any information bearing on the existence of any potential organizational conflict of interest. If the prospective Contractor cannot so certify, it shall provide a disclosure statement in its proposal which describes all relevant information concerning any past, present, or planned interests bearing on whether it (including its chief executives and directors, or any proposed consultant or subcontractor) may have a potential organizational conflict of interest.
- (b) Prospective Contractors should refer to FAR Subpart 9.5 and EPAAR Part 1509 for policies and procedures for avoiding, neutralizing, or mitigating organizational conflicts of interest.
- (c) If the Contracting Officer determines that a potential conflict exists, the prospective Contractor shall not receive an award unless the conflict can be avoided or otherwise resolved through the inclusion of a special contract clause or other appropriate means. The terms of any special clause are subject to negotiation.

L.10 PROPOSED CONTRACT START DATE--LEVEL OF EFFORT CONTRACT (EP 52.212-180) (AUG 1984)

For proposal preparation purposes, offerors may assume a contract start date of February 1, 2004 and that the remaining required effort will be uniformly incurred on a fiscal year basis throughout each contract period.

L.11 INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PREPARATION OF PROPOSALS (EPAAR 1552.215-72) (AUG 1999)

- (a) Other than cost proposal instructions.
- (1) Submit proposal for other than cost factors as a separate part of the total proposal package. Omit all cost or pricing details from this proposal.
 - (2) Special proposal instructions:
- a. Submit your technical proposal as a separate part of the total proposal package. Omit all cost or pricing details from the Technical proposal.
 - b. Special technical proposal instructions:

You are advised to closely read the technical proposal instructions and technical evaluation criteria before preparing a technical proposal. The technical proposal will consist of two parts: (1) a written technical proposal, and (2) an oral presentation to the Government. Oral presentations will be held only for those firms determined to be in the competitive range. The Past Performance Questionnaires prepared by the offerors will be used to contact references and to evaluate the offeror's past performance.

The following sections provide further details regarding the written and oral portions of the technical proposal. Please note that the terms "offerors", "you", "your", etc., as used below, refer to the prime contractor, all subcontractors, consultants, and any other team contractors.

I. Written Proposal

Written proposals should consist of seven sections: Technical Approach, Past Performance, Management Plan, Qualifications of Personnel, Quality Assurance, Facilities and Equipment, and SDB Participation, which are each linked to the corresponding evaluation criteria detailed in provision M.3 of this RFP. Further detail on the format and content of the requested information is discussed below.

A. General Instructions

The written technical proposals shall be prepared using the following quidance:

1. Length - The maximum length of the written technical proposal shall be limited to 30 single spaced typewritten pages (15 double sided pages) on 8 $1/2 \times 11$ " paper, using no less than 10 point character size and no less than an average of 3/4" all around for margins. Any pages submitted beyond the aforementioned limit will not be considered. The following items are excluded from the above stated page limitation: letters of transmittal, cover page, table-of-contents, and dividers. Resumes and

past performance questionnaires are also excluded from the above stated 30 page limitation. Foldout pages are considered as the total number of 8 1/2 by 11 inch pages or fractions thereof that they fit. Offerors are strongly urged to be as succinct, clear and concise as possible in writing the proposal and adhering to the page limitation.

- 2. Organization The offerors shall supply all information in the sequence and format specified below. The offeror's proposal and supporting documentation must provide a sufficient basis for a thorough evaluation of the proposal and provide the information needed to evaluate the proposal, in accordance with the evaluation factors set forth in Provision M.3. The contractor shall submit proposals in binders with dividers clearly indicating the following sections:
 - a. Technical Approach
 - b. Past Performance
 - c. Management Plan
 - d. Personnel Qualifications
 - e. Quality Assurance
 - f. Facilities and Equipment
 - g. SDB Participation
- 3. Charts In the written proposal, the offerors shall use quantitative and graphical methods to portray facts whenever possible, through the use of charts, lists, matrices, diagrams, tabulations, etc. These charts are not excluded from the page limitation.
- 4. Prohibition of Cost Data All costs or pricing details shall be omitted from the technical proposal.
- 5. Exceptions any exceptions or conditional assumptions taken with respect to the requirements of this RFP shall be fully explained in the proposal. Please note, however, that exceptions or deviations may render your proposal ineligible for an award without discussions.
 - B. Additional Information Concerning Quality Assurance

The offeror shall demonstrate conformance to ANSI/ASQC E4 by submitting as a separate and identifiable part of its technical proposal:

A Quality Management Plan (or equivalent) that describes the offeror's quality system for its organization. The Plan should be prepared in accordance with the specifications provided in EPA Requirements from Quality Management Plans (QA/R-2) (November 1999 Interim Final). The quality system shall be based on the principle of graded approach so that managerial controls are applied according to the scope of the program and/or the intended use of the outputs. The Plan or a part of the plan such as an addendum or appendix shall address the specific types of work to be performed for this contract. The contractor's plan shall establish and implement an effective quality system for all work or activities performed under the contract involving environmental data, including subcontracted work. The plan shall include a title page including the contractor's signature and space for Government approval. The approved quality system document will be incorporated into the contract.

If the contractor has an existing quality system, and if another document contains the information that is required to be in the QMP by ANSI/ASQC E4 1994 and QA /R-2, then it is not necessary to repeat or duplicate it in the QMP. Likewise, if information required to be in the QMP is addressed in the information provided for the FAR 15.304 evaluation factors, such as the non-cost evaluation factor of management capability, then it is not necessary to repeat or duplicate it in the QMP. The QMP should provide a cross-walk table stating the element of the QMP and where information for that element can be found. For example, Element 3.5 of the QMP from EPA QA/R-2 is the "Procurement of Items and Services." If some or all of this information is already covered in a contractor quality manual, then the QMP could include a crosswalk like this:

QMP Element Location Where Information is Found

3.5 Procurement of Contractor quality Items and Services manual

II. Oral Presentations to the Government

A. General

ORAL PRESENTATION WILL BE HELD ONLY FOR THOSE FIRMS DETERMINED TO BE IN THE COMPETITIVE RANGE. Each offeror must make an oral presentation and participate in a Q&A session conducted by representatives of the Government. The oral presentation and Q&A sessions will be held at an unclassified level. The Contracting Officer will attend the oral presentation and Q&A session. The technical evaluation team will also attend. The purpose of the oral presentation is to assess the offeror's knowledge and understanding of the program and the Government's program objectives, and to assess the offeror's capability to satisfy the requirements set forth in attachment 1. The offeror shall make an oral presentation containing the information cited in the following paragraphs.

- Oral Presentation Constraints

The offeror shall identify the authors of the presentation by name and association with the offeror. Attendance at the oral presentation and the subsequent question and answer session shall be limited to the offeror's key personnel and no more than two corporate representatives of the offeror. An offeror's "key personnel" includes only those persons who will be assigned to the contract as key personnel described in clause EPAAR 1552.237-72 KEY PERSONNEL. The two additional people (e.g., CEO's, company presidents, legal or contract representatives, etc.) from the offeror may attend but will not be allowed to present at the oral presentation, except as part of a brief introduction that will not be evaluated but will count towards the offeror's allotted time. For the remainder of the oral presentation, only key personnel shall present.

The offeror will be given 5 minutes for set up. A laptop, a laptop projector and a screen will be made available. Presentations should be brought stored on either a 3.5" diskette or CD and be in Microsoft Office 2000 Powerpoint format. After opening remarks by the Government, for the

first portion of the presentation, not to exceed 15 minutes, the offeror should address any technical interrogatories that have previously been forwarded to the offeror by the Government. At the beginning of this portion, the offeror should distribute to the Government the written responses to the interrogatories. The offeror will then be given up to 60 minutes to make the best case that they can to convince the Government that they should be selected to perform the contract. The presentation will be stopped precisely after 60 minutes. During the 60 minutes, no breaks will occur.

To ensure no unfair competitive advantage is gained through oral presentation scheduling, all hard copies of the presentation materials will be due to the Contracting Officers on the day of the first oral presentation. Offerors shall provide ten (10) appropriately bound hard copies of the presentation materials (including slides, transparencies, etc.). Additional handouts in connection to the oral presentation are not allowed and will not be considered. The hard copy of the presentation materials will be incorporated into and become a part of the contract. The Government will consider the slides submitted on the first day of oral presentation to be final. If changes to the slides are made between submission and the actual oral presentation, the offeror must request permission in advance from the Contracting Officer to use the revised or additional slides during the oral presentation. Only those slides actually presented at the oral presentation, will be considered in the technical evaluation.

Upon completion of the offeror's presentation, the Government will provide the offeror two (2) scenarios, for which the offeror will provide a response. The offeror will be given, per scenario, up to 15 minutes to prepare, and up to 15 minutes to present the response.

Upon completion of the scenario response, the Government will caucus to discuss the offeror's presentation and to formulate any questions regarding the presentation. The approximate length of time the offeror can expect the Government to caucus is 45 minutes. The Government and offeror will then address any questions or clarifications posed by the Contracting Officer or the Technical Evaluation Team (TET) Chairman. The question and answer session is expected to last no more than one (1) hour. If necessary, the offeror may briefly caucus to coordinate response to specific questions or clarifications. The total presentation, caucus, and question and answer session are expected to last no more than four (4) hours.

The Government will not conduct discussions regarding the offerors proposal within the meaning of FAR 15.306. In accordance with FAR 52.215-1(f)(4), the Government intends to award a contract without discussions with offerors. Offerors may be given the opportunity to clarify certain aspects of their proposals (e.g., the relevance of its past performance information and adverse past performance information to which it has not previously had an opportunity to respond) or to resolve minor or clerical errors.

The Contracting Officer and the TEP Chairman will be responsible for ensuring the schedule is met and that all offerors are given the same opportunity to present and ask or answer questions.

- Oral Presentation Media

There is no limit to the number of slides that can be presented during the oral presentation, but only those slides presented will be considered for evaluation. Any additional slides over and above those presented will be returned to the offeror and will not be evaluated as part of this source selection. No other media may be used. Presentation media is limited to computer-based graphics of the offeror's choice or normal viewgraph slides displayed using an appropriate projector. Unobtrusive company logos or names can be inserted in any or all slides. Slides should be sequentially numbered in the lower right corner. Transition effects will not be used. The slides shall not contain any fonts smaller than a proportionally-spaced font (such as Times New Roman) or at least 12 points.

- Oral Presentation Scheduling

The Contracting Officer will schedule the exact date and time of each presentation with the authorized negotiator or the signatory of the offeror's proposal. Time slots will be assigned randomly and may not be swapped or changed. The Government reserves the right to reschedule any offeror's presentation at its sole discretion.

Presentations will be given at facilities designated by the Contracting Officer. The exact location, seating capacity, etc. will be provided when the presentations are scheduled. The Government anticipates two presentations each day.

- Recording of Oral Presentation

Offerors' presentations will be videotaped by the Government. Submission of videotapes or other forms of media containing presentation are not authorized and such technical proposals shall be rejected.

- Oral Presentation Topics

Under the oral presentation portion of this requirement, the Government does not expect the offeror to provide a detailed presentation of the Written Technical Proposal. Instead, during the oral presentations, proposed key personnel shall expound on the information provided. The presentation shall include the following topics, and be organized in the following order:

- Topic 1: Technical Approach
 Topic 2: Management Approach
- Topic 3: Key Personnel and Project Staffing Approach

The written technical proposal and oral presentations will be combined into one technical score. Therefore, oral presentations are considered part of the offer.

B. No COST OR PRICING information shall be included in the presentation.

III. Cost or pricing proposal instructions.

The offeror shall prepare and submit cost or pricing information data and supporting attachments in accordance with Table 15-2 of FAR 15.408. In addition to a hard copy of the information, to expedite review of the proposal, submit a 3.5" high density IBM-compatible formatted computer disk containing the financial data required, if this information is available using a commercial spreadsheet program on a personal computer. Submit this information using LOTUS 1-2-3, if available. Identify which version of LOTUS used. If the offeror used another spreadsheet program, indicate the software program used to create this information. Offerors should include the formulas and factors used in calculating the financial data. Although submission of a computer disk will expedite review, failure to submit a disk will not affect consideration of the proposal.

- (1) General--Submit cost or pricing information prepared in accordance with FAR Table 15-2, Instructions for Submitting Cost/Price Proposals When Cost or Pricing Information Are Required and the following:
- (i) Clearly identify separate cost or pricing information associated with any:
 - (A) Options to extend the term of the contract;
- (B) Options for the Government to order incremental quantities; and/or $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}$
 - (C) Major tasks, if required by the special instructions.
- (ii) If the contract schedule includes a "Fixed Rate for Services" clause, please provide in the cost proposal a schedule duplicating the format in the clause and include proposed fixed hourly rates per labor category for the base and any optional contract periods.
- (iii) If the contract includes the clause at EPAAR 1552.232-73 "Payments--Fixed-Rate Services Contract," or the clause at FAR 52.232-7, "Payments Under Time and Materials and Labor-Hour Contracts," include in the cost proposal the estimated costs and burden rate to be applied to materials, other direct costs, or subcontracts. The Government will include these costs as part of its cost proposal evaluation.
- (iv) If other divisions, subsidiaries, a parent or affiliated companies will perform work, provide the name and location of such affiliate and offeror's intercompany pricing policy. Separately identify costs and supporting data for each entity proposed.
- (v) The realism of costs, including personnel compensation rates (including effective hourly rates due to uncompensated overtime) will be part of the proposal evaluation. Any reductions to proposed costs or differences between proposed and known EPA/DCAA recommended rates must be fully explained. If an offeror makes a reduction which makes its offer or portions of its offer below anticipated costs, the offeror shall identify where (i.e., which elements of costs) the proposed reductions will be made.

Unsubstantiated rates may result in an upward or downward adjustment of the cost proposals to reflect more realistic costs. Based on this analysis, a projected cost for

the offeror will be calculated to reflect the Government's estimate of the offeror's probable costs. Any inconsistency, whether real or apparent, between the promised performance and cost or price should be explained. The burden of proof for cost credibility rests with the offeror.

(2) Direct Labor.

- (i) The direct technical labor hours (level-of-effort) appearing in the solicitation are for professional and technical labor only. These hours do not include management at a level higher than project management, e.g., corporate and day-to-day management, nor do they include clerical and support staff at a level lower than technician. If it is the offeror's normal practice to charge these types of costs as direct costs, include these costs along with an estimate of the directly chargeable labor-hours for these personnel. These direct charges are to be shown separately from the technical (level-of-effort) effort. If this type of effort is normally included in the offeror's indirect cost allocations, no estimate is required. However, direct charging of these on any resulting contract will not be allowed. Additionally the direct technical labor hours are the workable hours required by the Government and do not include release time (i.e., holidays, vacation, etc.) Submit the proposal utilizing the labor categories and distribution of the level-of-effort specified in the solicitation. These are approximate distribution levels and do not necessarily represent the actual levels which may be experienced during contract performance.
- (ii) Explain the basis of the proposed labor rates, including a complete justification for all judgmental factors used to develop weights applied to company's category or individual rates that comprise the rates for labor categories specified in the solicitation. This explanation should describe how technical approach coincides with the proposed costs. If the proposed direct labor rates are based on an average of the individuals proposed to work on the contract, provide a list of the individuals proposed and the hours associated with each individual in deriving the rates. If the proposed direct labor rates are based on an average of company category rates, identify and describe the labor categories and the percentages associated with each category in deriving the rates, explaining in detail the basis for the percentages assigned.
- (iii) Describe for each labor category proposed, the company's qualifications and experience requirements. If individual rates are used, provide the employee's name. If specific individuals are identified in the technical proposal, correlate these individuals with the labor categories specified in the solicitation.
- (iv) Provide a matrix summarizing the effort proposed, including the subcontracts, by professional and technical level specified in the solicitation.
- (v) Indicate whether current rates or escalated rates are used. If escalation is included, state the degree (percent) and methodology. The methodology shall include the effective date of the base rates and the

policy on salary reviews (e.g. anniversary date of employee or salary reviews for all employees on a specific date).

- (vi) State whether any additional direct labor (new hire or temporary hires) will be required during the performance period of this acquisition. If so, state the number required, the professional or technical level and the methodology used to estimate proposed labor rates.
- (vii) With respect to educational institutions, include the following information for those professional staff members whose salary is expected to be covered by a stipulated salary support agreement pursuant to OMB Circular A-21.
 - (A) Individual's name;
- (B) Annual salary and the period for which the salary is applicable; $\ensuremath{\mathsf{P}}$
- (C) List of other research Projects or proposals for which salaries are allocated, and the proportionate time charged to each; and
- (D) Other duties, such as teaching assignments, administrative assignments, and other institutional activities. Show the proportionate time charged to each. (Show proportionate time charges as a percentage of 100% of time for the entire academic year, exclusive of vacation or sabbatical leave.)
- (viii) Uncompensated overtime. The decision to propose uncompensated overtime is the offeror's decision. Should the offeror, however, elect to propose uncompensated overtime, the offeror must propose a methodology that is consistent with their cost accounting practices and company policy. If proposed, provide an estimate of any uncompensated overtime proposed for exempt personnel working at the offeror's facilities. This estimate should identify the number of uncompensated labor hours and the percentage of compensated labor. Uncompensated labor hours are defined as hours for exempt personnel in excess of regular hours for a pay period which are actually worked and recorded in accordance with company policy. Provide a copy of the company policy on uncompensated overtime. Provide historical percentages of uncompensated overtime for the past three years. If proposed for subcontractors, provide separately with subcontractor information.
- (ix) For labor rate contracts, for each fixed labor rate, offerors shall identify the basis for for the loaded fixed hourly rate for each contract period for example, the rate might consist of the following cost elements: raw wage or salary rate, plus fringe benefits (if applicable), plus overhead rate (if applicable), plus G& A expense rate (if applicable), plus profit. When determining the composite raw wage for a labor category, the offeror shall:
- (A) provide in narrative form the basis for the raw wage for each labor category. If actual wages of current employees are used, the basis for the projections should be explained.
 - (B) If employees are subject to the Service Contract Act or

Davis Bacon Act, they must be compensated at least at the minimum wage rate required by the applicable Wage Determination.

- (3) Indirect costs (fringe, overhead, general, and administrative expenses).
- (i) If the rates have been recently approved, include a copy of the rate agreement. If the agreement does not cover the projected performance period of the proposed effort, provide the rationale and any estimated rate calculations for the proposed performance period.
- (ii) Submit supporting documentation for rates which have not been approved or audited. Indicate whether computations are based upon historical or projected data.
- (iii) Provide actual pool expenses, base dollars, or hours (as applicable for the past five years). Include the actual indirect rates for the past five years including the indirect rates proposed, the actual indirect rates experienced and, if available, the final negotiated rate. Indicate the amount of unallowable costs included in the historical data.
- (iv) Offerors who propose indirect rates for new or substantially reorganized cost centers should consider offering to accept ceilings on the indirect rates at the proposed rates. Similarly, offerors whose subcontractors propose indirect rates for new or substantially reorganized cost centers should likewise consider offering to accept ceilings on the subcontractors' indirect rates at the proposed rates.

Note to paragraph (b)(3)(iv): The Government reserves the right to adjust an offeror's or its subcontractor's estimated indirect costs for evaluation purposes based on the Agency's judgment of the most probable costs up to the amount of any stated ceiling.

- (v) If the employees are subject to the Service Contract Act or Davis Bacon Act, employees must receive the minimum level of benefits stated in the applicable Wage Determination.
 - (4) Travel expense.
- (i) If the solicitation specifies the amount of travel costs, this amount is exclusive of any applicable indirect costs and fee.
- (ii) If the solicitation does not specify the amount of travel costs, attach a schedule illustrating how travel was computed. Include a breakdown indicating number of trips, number of travelers, destinations from and to, purpose and cost, e.g., mileage, transportation costs, subsistence rates.
 - (5) Equipment, facilities and special equipment, including tooling.
- (i) If direct charges for use of existing contractor equipment are proposed, provide a description of these items, including estimated usage hours, rates, and total costs.
 - (ii) If equipment purchases are proposed, provide a description of

these items, and a justification as to why the Government should furnish the equipment or allow its purchase with contract funds. (Unless specified elsewhere in this solicitation, FAR 45.302-1 requires contractors to furnish all facilities in performance of contracts with certain limited exceptions.)

- (iii) Identify Government-owned property in the possession of the offeror or proposed to be used in the performance of the contract, and the Government **agency** which has cognizance over the property.
- (iv) Submit proposed rates or use charges for equipment, along with documentation to support those rates.
- (v) If special purposes facilities or equipment are being proposed, provide a description of these items, details for the proposed costs including competitive prices, and justification as to why the Government should furnish the equipment or allow its purchase with contract funds.
- (vi) If fabrication by the prime contractor is contemplated, include details of material, labor, and overhead.
 - (6) Other Direct Costs (ODC).
- (i) If the solicitation specifies the amount of other direct costs, this amount is exclusive of any applicable indirect cost and fee.
- (ii) If the amount is not specified in the solicitation, attach a schedule detailing how other direct costs were computed. Identify the major ODC items that under the accounting system would be a direct charge on any resulting contract.
- (iii) If any of the cost elements identified as part of the specified other direct costs are recovered as an indirect cost, in accordance with the offeror's accounting system, those costs should not be included as a direct cost. Complete explanation of this adjustment and the contractor's practice should be provided.
- (iv) Provide historical other direct costs dollars per level of effort hour on similar contracts or work assignments.
- (7) Team Subcontracts. When the cost of a subcontract is substantial (5 percent of the total estimated contract dollar value or \$100,000, whichever is less), the offeror shall include the following subcontractor information:
- (i) Provide details of subcontract costs in the same format as the prime contractor's costs. This detailed information may be provided separately to the EPA if the subcontractor does not wish to provide this data to the prime contractor. Cost data provided separately by a contractor must be received by the time, date and at the location specified for the receipt of proposals. The subcontractor's package should be clearly marked with the RFP number, the name of the prime offeror, and a statement that the package is subcontractor data relevant to the proposal from the prime offeror. If submitted with the prime contractor's proposal, identify the subcontractors. State the amount of service estimated to be required and the quoted daily or hourly rate. Offerors are encouraged to provide letters of intent, signed by subcontractors, agreeing to a specified rate for life of

the contract. Include a cost or price analysis of the subcontractor cost showing the reasons why the costs are considered reasonable;

- (ii) Describe how the prospective team subcontractors were chosen as part of the offeror's proposed team; and rationale for selection;
- (iii) Describe the necessity for the subcontractor's effort as either a supplement or complement to the offeror's in-house expertise;
- (iv) Identify the areas of the scope of work and the level of effort the subcontractors are anticipated to perform. Provide a reconciliation summary of the proposed hours and ODCs for the prime contractor and proposed subcontractor(s).
- (v) Describe the prime contractor's management structure and internal controls to ensure efficient and quality performance of team subcontractors.
- (8) Facilities Capital Cost of Money (FCCM). When an offeror elects to claim FCCM as an allowable cost, the offeror must submit Form CASB-CNF and show calculation of the proposed amount. FCCM will be an allowable cost under the contemplated contract, if the criteria for allowability at FAR 31.205-10 (a) (2) are met.

L.12 GENERAL FINANCIAL AND ORGANIZATIONAL INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.215-73) (AUG 1999)

Offerors or quoters are requested to provide information regarding the following items in sufficient detail to allow a full and complete business evaluation. If the question indicated is not applicable or the answer is none, it should be annotated. If the offeror has previously submitted the information, it should certify the validity of that data currently on file at EPA and to whom and where it was submitted or update all outdated information on file.

(a)	Contractor's	Name:
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(]	b) A	ddress	(If	finar	ncial	records	are	mainta:	ined	аt	some	other	location,
show	the	addres	ss of	the	place	where	the	records	are	ker	ot):		

- (c) Telephone Number:----
- (d) Individual(s) to contact re this proposal:-----
- (e) Cognizant Government:

	dit 	 	 	
Address:		 	 	
Auditor:		 	 	

(f)(1) Work Distribution for the Last Completed Fiscal Accounting Perio	d:
Sales: Government cost-reimbursement type prime contracts and subcontracts	
(2) Total Sales for first and second fiscal years immediately preceding last completed fiscal year.	
Total Sales for First Preceding Fiscal Year \$ Total Sales for Second Preceding Fiscal Year \$	
(g) Is company a separate rate entity or division?	
Yes No	
If a division or subsidiary corporation, name parent company:	
(h) Date Company Organized:	
(i) Manpower:	
Total Employees:	
Direct:	
Indirect:	
Standard Work Week (Hours):	
(j) Commercial Products:	
(k) Attach a current organizational chart of the company.	
(1) Description of Contractor's system of estimating and accumulating costs under Government contracts. (Check appropriate blocks.)	
Estimated/ Standard	
actual cost cos	t
Estimating System: Job Order	.——
Accumulating System:	

	Process
agency	Has your cost estimating system been approved by any Government
	If yes, give name, date or approval, and location of agency :
agency	Has your cost accumulation system been approved by any Government ?
	Yes No If yes, give name, date of approval, and address of agency :
(m)	What is your fiscal year period? (Give month-to-month dates):
	What were the indirect cost rates for your last completed fiscal year?
of alloca	Indirect Basis Fiscal year cost rate
	Fringe Benefits
	Have the proposed indirect cost rate(s) been evaluated and accepted Government agency? Yes No If yes, give name, date of approval, and location of the Government:
	Date of last preaward audit review by a Government agency:

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If the answer is no, data supporting the proposed rates must accompathe cost or price proposal. A breakdown of the items comprising overhead a $G\&A$ must be furnished.
(o) Cost estimating is performed by:
Accounting Department
Contracting Department
Other (describe)
(p) Has system of control of Government property been approved by a Government agency ? Yes No
If yes, give name, date of approval, and location of the Government agency:
(q) Purchasing System: FAR 44.302 requires EPA, where it is the cogniza Government agency, to conduct a Contractor Purchasing System Review for ear contractor whose sales to the Government, using other than sealed bid procedures, are expected to exceed \$25 million (annual billings) during the next twelve months. The \$25 million sales threshold is comprised of prime contracts, subcontractors under Government prime contracts, and modifications (except when the negotiated price is based on established catalog or market prices or is set by law or regulation). Has your purchasing system been approved by a Government agency? Yes No If yes, name and location of the Government agency:
Period of Approval:
If no, do you estimate that your negotiated sales to the Government during the next twelve months will meet the \$25 million threshold? Yes No
If you responded yes to the \$25 million threshold question, is EPA t cognizant agency for your organization based on the preponderance of Government contract dollars? Yes No
If EPA is not your cognizant Government agency , provide the name and location of the cognizant agency

Are your purchasing policies and procedures written?
Are your purchasing policies and procedures written?
Are your purchasing policies and procedures written?
Yes No

(r) Does your firm have an established written incentive compensation or bonus plan?

Yes _____ No ____

(s) Additionally, offerors shall submit current financial statements, including a Balance Sheet, Statement of Income (Loss), and Cash Flow for the last two completed fiscal years. Specify resources available to perform the contract without assistance from any outside source. If sufficient resources are not available, indicate in proposal the amount required and the anticipated source (i.e., bank loans, letter or lines of credit, etc.).

L.13 PAST PERFORMANCE INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.215-75) (OCT 2000)

- (a) Offerors shall submit the information requested below as part of their proposal for both the offeror and any proposed subcontractors for subcontracts expected to exceed \$500,000. The information may be submitted prior to other parts of the proposal in order to assist the Government in reducing the evaluation period.
- (b) Offerors shall submit a list of all or at least (5) contracts and subcontracts completed in the last (3) years, and all contracts and subcontracts currently in process, which are similar in nature to this requirement.
- (1) The contracts and subcontracts listed may include those entered into with Federal, State and local governments, and commercial businesses, which are of similar scope, magnitude, relevance, and complexity to the requirement which is described in the RFP. Include the following information for each contract and subcontract listed:
 - (a) Name of contracting activity.
 - (b) Contract number.
 - (c) Contract title.
 - (d) Contract type.
- (e) Brief description of contract or subcontract and relevance to this requirement.
 - (f) Total contract value.
 - (g) Period of performance.
- (h) Contracting officer, telephone number, and E-mail address (if available).
- (i) Program manager/project officer, telephone number, and E-mail address (if available).
- (j) Administrative Contracting officer, if different from (h)above, telephone number, and E-mail address (if available).
 - (k) List of subcontractors (if applicable).
- (1) Compliance with subcontracting plan goals for small disadvantaged business concerns, monetary targets for small disadvantaged business participation, and the notifications submitted under FAR 19.1202-4 (b), if applicable.
 - (c) Offerors should not provide general information on their performance

on the identified contracts and subcontracts. General performance information will be obtained from the references.

- (1) Offerors may provide information on problems encountered and corrective actions taken on the identified contracts and subcontracts.
- (2) References that may be contacted by the Government include the contracting officer, program manager/project officer, or the administrative contracting officer identified above.
- (3) If no response is received from a reference, the Government will make an attempt to contact another reference identified by the offeror, to contact a reference not identified by the offeror, or to complete the evaluation with those references who responded. The Government shall consider the information provided by the references, and may also consider information obtained from other sources, when evaluating an offeror's past performance.
- (4) Attempts to obtain responses from references will generally not go beyond two telephonic messages and/or written requests from the Government, unless otherwise stated in the solicitation. The Government is not obligated to contact all of the references identified by the offeror.
- (d) If negative feedback is received from an offeror's reference, the Government will compare the negative response to the responses from the offeror's other references to note differences. A score will be assigned appropriately to the offeror based on the information. The offeror will be given the opportunity to address adverse past performance information obtained from references on which the offeror has not had a previous opportunity to comment, if that information makes a difference in the Government's decision to include the offeror in or exclude the offeror from the competitive range. Any past performance deficiency or significant weakness will be discussed with offerors in the competitive range during discussions.
- (e) Offerors must send Client Authorization Letters (see Section J of the solicitation) to each reference listed in their proposal to assist in the timely processing of the past performance evaluation. Offerors are encouraged to consolidate requests whenever possible (i.e., if the same reference has several contracts, send that reference a single notice citing all applicable contracts). Offerors may send Client Authorization Letters electronically to references with copies forwarded to the contracting officer.
- (1) If an offeror has no relevant past performance history, an offeror must affirmatively state that it possesses no relevant past performance history.
- (2) Client Authorization Letters should be mailed or E-mailed to individual references no later than five (5) working days after proposal submission. The offeror should forward a copy of the Client Authorization Letter to the contracting officer simultaneously with mailing to references.
- (f) Each offeror may describe any quality awards or certifications that indicate the offeror possesses a high-quality process for developing and producing the product or service required. Such awards or certifications

include, for example, the Malcolm Baldrige Quality Award, other Government quality awards, and private sector awards or certifications.

- (1) Identify the segment of the company (one division or the entire company) which received the award or certification.
- (2) Describe when the award or certification was bestowed. If the award or certification is over three years old, present evidence that the qualifications still apply.
- (g) Past performance information will be used for both responsibility determinations and as an evaluation factor for award. The Past Performance Questionnaire identified in section J will be used to collect information on an offeror's performance under existing and prior contracts/subcontracts for products or services similar in scope, magnitude, relevance, and complexity to this requirement in order to evaluate offerors consistent with the past performance evaluation factor set forth in section M. References other than those identified by the offeror may be contacted by the Government and used in the evaluation of the offeror's past performance.
- (h) Any information collected concerning an offeror's past performance will be maintained in the official contract file.
- (i) In accordance with FAR 15.305 (a) (2) (iv), offerors with no relevant past performance history, or for whom information on past performance is not available, will be evaluated neither favorably nor unfavorably on past performance.

L.14 TECHNICAL QUESTIONS (EP 52.215-110) (APR 1984)

Offerors must submit all technical questions concerning this solicitation in writing to the contract specialist. EPA must receive the questions no later than 10 calendar days after the date of issuance of this solicitation. EPA will answer questions which may affect offers in an amendment to the solicitation. EPA will not reference the source of the questions.

L.15 RELEASE OF COST OR PRICING PROPOSALS OUTSIDE THE GOVERNMENT FOR AUDIT (EP 52.215-115) (MAR 1989)

Cost or pricing proposals submitted in response to this solicitation may be released outside the Government for audit purposes regardless of whether information contained in such proposals has been claimed or determined to be business confidential. If an outside audit is obtained, the non-Government auditor shall use the information only for audit purposes; shall not disclose any information in the proposals to anyone other than authorized EPA employees without the prior written approval of the Assistant General Counsel responsible for information law matters; and shall return all copies of proposals, as well as any abstracts, to the Government upon completion of the audit. The non-Government auditor shall obtain a written agreement from each of its employees with access to the proposals to honor these limitations prior to allowing the employee access.

L.16 DEFINITION OF LABOR CLASSIFICATIONS (EP 52.215-120) (FEB 1985)

Offerors shall use the following labor classifications in preparing their technical and cost proposals.

- (a) Definition of labor classifications. The direct labor hours appearing below are for professional and technical labor only. These hours do not include management at a level higher than the project management and clerical support staff at a level lower than technician. If it is your normal practice to charge these types of personnel as a direct cost, your proposal must include them along with an estimate of the directly chargeable man-hours for these personnel. If this type of effort is normally included in your indirect cost allocations, no estimate is required. However, direct charging of indirect costs on any resulting contract will not be allowed. Additionally, the hours below are the workable hours required by the Government and do not include release time (i.e., holiday, vacation, etc.).
- (b) Distribution of level of effort. Submit your proposal utilizing the labor categories and distribution of the level of effort specified below:

Period	Base Amount	Optional Amount
Base Period		
Professional Level 4	4,200	4,250
Professional Level 3	4,600	4,500
Professional Level 2	7,800	10,000
Professional Level 1	4,570	6,250
Total Base Period	21,170	25,000
Option Period I		
Professional Level 4	4,400	4,250
Professional Level 3	4,700	4,500
Professional Level 2	10,100	10,000
Professional Level 1	6,200	6,250
Total Base Period	25,400	25,000
Option Period II		
Professional Level 4	4,400	4,250
Professional Level 3	4,700	4,500
Professional Level 2	10,100	10,000
Professional Level 1	6,200	6,250
Total Base Period	25,400	25,000
Option Period III		
Professional Level 4	4,400	4,250
Professional Level 3	4,700	4,500
Professional Level 2	10,100	10,000
Professional Level 1	6,200	6,250
Total Base Period	25,400	25,000
Option Period IV		
Professional Level 4	4,400	4,250
Professional Level 3	4,700	4,500
Professional Level 2	10,100	10,000
Professional Level 1	6,200	6 , 250
Total Base Period	25,400	25,000

(c) When identifying individuals assigned to the project, specify in which of the above categories the identified individual belongs. If your company

proposes an average rate for a company classification, identify the professional or technical level within which each company category falls.

DEFINITION OF LABOR CLASSIFICATIONS

Offerors shall use the following labor classifications in preparing their technical and cost proposals:

PROFESSIONAL

(1) Level 4 - Plans, conducts and supervises projects of major significance, necessitating advanced knowledge and the ability to originate and apply new and unique methods and procedures. Supplies technical advice and counsel to other professionals. Generally operates with wide latitude for unreviewed action.

Typical Title: Project Leader, Chief Engineer Normal Qualifications: Ph.D. Degree or equivalent; and Experience: 10 years or more

(2) Level 3 - Under general supervision of project leader, plans, conducts and supervises assignments normally involving smaller or less important projects. Estimates and schedules work to meet completion dates. Directs assistance, reviews progress and evaluates results; makes changes in methods, design or equipment where necessary. Operates with same latitude for unreviewed action or decision.

Typical Title: Project Engineer, Group Leader Normal Qualifications: Masters Degree or equivalent; and Experience: 6-12 years

(3) Level 2 - Under supervision of a senior or project leader, carries out assignments associated with projects. Translates technical guidance received from supervisor into usable data applicable to the particular assignment coordinates the activities of juniors or technicians. Work assignments are varied and require some originality and ingenuity.

Typical Title: Engineer, Analyst Normal Qualifications: B.S. Degree or equivalent; and Experience: 3-8 years

(4) Level 1 - Lowest or entering classification. Works under close supervision of senior or project leader. Gathers and correlates basic data and performs routine analyses. Works on less complicated assignments where little evaluation is required.

Typical Title: Junior, Associate Normal Qualifications: B.S. Degree or equivalent; and Experience: 0-3 years

Experience/Qualifications Substitutions

- (1) Any combination of additional years of experience in the proposed field of expertise plus full time college level study in the particular field totaling four (4) years will be an acceptable substitute for a B.S. Degree.
- (2) A B.S. Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience and graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling two (2) years will be an acceptable substitute for a Masters Degree.
- (3) A B.S. Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience and graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling four (4) years or a Masters Degree plus two (2) years of either additional experience or graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise will be an acceptable substitute for a Ph.D. Degree.
- (4) Additional years of graduate level study in an appropriate field will be considered equal to years of experience on a one-for-one basis.

TECHNICIAN

(1) Level 3 - Performs nonroutine and complex assignments. Works under general supervision of a scientist or engineer. Performs experiments or tests which may require nonstandard procedures and complex instrumentation. Records, computes and analyzes test data prepares test reports. May supervise lower level technicians.

Typical Title: Senior Technician Experience: 6 years or more

(2) Level 2 - Performs assignments that are normally standardized. Operates testing or processing equipment of moderate complexity. May construct components or subassemblies of prototype models. May troubleshoot malfunctioning equipment and make simple repairs. Extracts and processes test data.

Typical Title: Technician Experience: 2-6 years

(3) Level 1 - Performs simple and routine tasks or tests under close supervision. Records test data and may prepare simple charts or graphs. Performs routine maintenance and may install or set up test equipment.

Typical Title: Junior Technicians, Technician Trainee Experience: 0-2 years

Experience/Qualifications Substitutions

- (1) Any combination of additional years of experience in the proposed field of expertise plus full time college level study in the particular field totaling four (4) years will be an acceptable substitute for a B.S. Degree.
- (2) A B.S. Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience and graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling two (2) years will be an acceptable substitute for a Masters Degree.
- (3) A B.S. Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience and graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling four (4)

years or a Masters Degree plus two (2) years of either additional experience or graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise will be an acceptable substitute for a Ph.D. Degree.

(4) Additional years of graduate level study in an appropriate field will be considered equal to years of experience on a one-for-one basis.

L.17 EVALUATION OF OTHER DIRECT COSTS (EP 52.215-130) (APR 1984)

For evaluation purposes, offerors shall propose the following amounts for each period, if it is normal practice to charge these costs directly to the contract. If some of these costs are normally treated as indirect, exclude the appropriate amount (s) and explain why the cost was excluded. ODC's are broken out below by contract period, base quantity and option quantity.

Base and Option Periods - Total Base number of Hours per year (25,4	Base and	d Option	Periods -	Total	Base	number	οf	Hours	per	year	(25,	,400
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	Materials/Supplies	\$82,000 (labels, computer disks and CDs, reference/supplies materials, logistical
suppo	ort	such as AV rental presentation materials,
	Postage/Shipping	\$34,000 (courier service, shipping booths for conferences, etc.)
	Reproduction/ Graphics	\$13,602
	Telephone/Fax	\$17,000
	Computer	\$41,000
	Dues/Subscriptions	\$ 130
	Travel:	\$65,000

Base and Option Periods - Total Optional Quantity hours per year (25,000)

	Materials/Supplies	\$53,000 (labels, computer disks and CDs, reference/supplies materials, logistical
suppo	ort	such as AV rental presentation materials, etc)
	Postage/Shipping	\$ 2,500 (courier service, shipping booths for conferences, etc.)
	Reproduction/ Graphics	\$ 8,750
	Telephone/Fax	\$11,000
	Computer	\$26,500

Dues/Subscriptions \$ 1,500

Travel \$42,000

L.18 PROCEDURES FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE EPA MENTOR-PROTEGE PROGRAM (EPAAR 1552.219-71) (OCT 2000)

- (a) This provision sets forth the procedures for participation in the EPA Mentor-Protege Program (hereafter referred to as the Program). The purpose of the Program is to increase the participation of concerns owned and/or controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals as subcontractors, suppliers, and ultimately as prime contractors; to establish a mutually beneficial relationship between these concerns and EPA's large business prime contractors (although small businesses may participate as Mentors); to develop the technical and corporate administrative expertise of these concerns, which will ultimately lead to greater success in competition for contract opportunities; to promote the economic stability of these concerns; and to aid in the achievement of goals for the use of these concerns in subcontracting activities under EPA contracts. If the successful offeror is accepted into the Program they shall serve as a Mentor to a Protege firm(s), providing developmental assistance in accordance with an agreement with the Protege firm(s).
- (b) To participate as a Mentor, the offeror must receive approval in accordance with paragraph (h) of this section.
- (c) A Protege must be a concern owned and/or controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals within the meaning of section 8(a)(5) and (6) of the Small Business Act $(15\ U.S.C.\ 673(a)(5)$ and (6)), including historically black colleges and universities. Further, in accordance with Public Law 102-389 (the 1993 Appropriation Act), for EPA's contracting purposes, economically and socially disadvantaged individuals shall be deemed to include women.
- (d) Where there may be a concern regarding the Protege firm's eligibility to participate in the program, the protege's eligibility will be determined by the contracting officer after the SBA has completed any formal determinations.
- (e) The offeror shall submit an application in accordance with paragraph (k) of this section as part of its proposal which shall include as a minimum the following information.
- (1) A statement and supporting documentation that the offeror is currently performing under at least one active Federal contract with an approved subcontracting plan and is eligible for the award of Federal contracts;
- (2) A summary of the offeror's historical and recent activities and accomplishments under any disadvantaged subcontracting programs. The offeror is encouraged to include any initiatives or outreach information believed pertinent to approval as a Mentor firm;
- (3) The total dollar amount (including the value of all option periods or quantities) of EPA contracts and subcontracts received by the offeror

during its two preceding fiscal years. (Show prime contracts and subcontracts separately per year);

- (4) The total dollar amount and percentage of subcontract awards made to all concerns owned and/or controlled by disadvantaged individuals under EPA contracts during its two preceding fiscal years. If recently required to submit a SF 295, provide copies of the two preceding year's reports;
- (5) The number and total dollar amount of subcontract awards made to the identified Protege firm(s) during the two preceding fiscal years (if any).
- (f) In addition to the information required by paragraph (e) of this section, the offeror shall submit as a part of the application the following information for each proposed Mentor-Protege relationship:
- (1) Information on the offeror's ability to provide developmental assistance to the identified Protege firm and how the assistance will potentially increase contracting and subcontracting opportunities for the Protege firm.
- (2) A letter of intent indicating that both the Mentor firm and the Protege firm intend to enter into a contractual relationship under which the Protege will perform as a subcontractor under the contract resulting from this solicitation and that the firms will negotiate a Mentor-Protege agreement. The letter of intent must be signed by both parties and contain the following information:
 - (i) The name, address and phone number of both parties;
- (ii) The Protege firm's business classification, based upon the NAICS code(s) which represents the contemplated supplies or services to be provided by the Protege firm to the Mentor firm;
- (iii) A statement that the Protege firm meets the eligibility criteria;
- (iv) A preliminary assessment of the developmental needs of the Protege firm and the proposed developmental assistance the Mentor firm envisions providing the Protege. The offeror shall address those needs and how their assistance will enhance the Protege. The offeror shall develop a schedule to assess the needs of the Protege and establish criteria to evaluate the success in the Program;
- (v) A statement that if the offeror or Protege firm is suspended or debarred while performing under an approved Mentor-Protege agreement the offeror shall promptly give notice of the suspension or debarment to the EPA Office of Small Disadvantaged Business Utilization (OSDBU) and the contracting officer. The statement shall require the Protege firm to notify the Contractor if it is suspended or debarred.
- (g) The application will be evaluated on the extent to which the offeror's proposal addresses the items listed in paragraphs (e) and (f) of this section. To the maximum extent possible, the application should be limited to not more than 10 single pages, double spaced. The offeror may

identify more than one Protege in its application.

- (h) If the offeror is determined to be in the competitive range, or is awarded a contract without discussions, the offeror will be advised by the contracting officer whether their application is approved or rejected. The contracting officer, if necessary, may request additional information in connection with the offeror's submission of its revised or best and final offer. If the successful offeror has submitted an approved application, they shall comply with the clause titled "Mentor-Protege Program."
- (i) Subcontracts of \$1,000,000 or less awarded to firms approved as Proteges under the Program are exempt from the requirements for competition set forth in FAR 44.202-2 (a) (5), and 52.244-5 (b). However, price reasonableness must still be determined and the requirements in FAR 44.202-2 (a) (8) for cost and price analysis continue to apply.
- (j) Costs incurred by the offeror in fulfilling their agreement(s) with a Protege firm(s) are not reimbursable as a direct cost under the contract. Unless EPA is the responsible audit agency under FAR 42.703-1, offerors are encouraged to enter into an advance agreement with their responsible audit agency on the treatment of such costs when determining indirect cost rates. Where EPA is the responsible audit agency, these costs will be considered in determining indirect cost rates.
- (k) Submission of Application and Questions Concerning the Program. The application for the Program for Headquarters and Regional procurements shall be submitted to the contracting officer, and to the EPA OSDBU at the following address:

Socioeconomic Business Program Officer,
Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization,
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency,
Ariel Rios Building (1230A),
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW,
Washington, DC 20460,
Telephone: (202) 564-4322,
Fax: (202) 565-2473.

The application for the Program for RTP procurements shall be submitted to the contracting officer, and to the Small Business Specialist at the following address:

Small Business Program Officer, RTP Procurement Operations Division (E105-02), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, Telephone: (919) 541-2249, Fax: (919) 541-5539.

The application for the Program for Cincinnati procurements shall be submitted to the contracting officer, and to the Small Business Specialist at the following address:

Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization Officer, Cincinnati Procurement Operations Division (CPOD-Norwood), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency,

26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, OH 45268, Telephone: (513) 487-2024 Fax: (513) 487-2004.

L.19 SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS PARTICIPATION PROGRAM (EPAAR 1552.219-72) (OCT 2000)

- (a) Section M of this solicitation contains a source selection factor or subfactor related to the participation of small disadvantaged business (SDB) concerns in the performance of the contract. The nature of the evaluation of an SDB offeror under this evaluation factor or subfactor is dependent upon whether the SDB concern qualifies for the price evaluation adjustment under the clause at FAR 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns and whether the SDB concern specifically waives this price evaluation adjustment.
- (b) In order to be evaluated under the source selection factor or subfactor, an offeror must provide, with its offer, the following information:
- (1) The extent of participation of SDB concerns in the performance of the contract in terms of the value of the total acquisition. Specifically, offerors must provide targets, expressed as dollars and percentages of the total contract value, for SDB participation in the applicable and authorized North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Industry Subsectors as determined by the Department of Commerce. Total dollar and percentage targets must be provided for SDB participation by the prime contractor, including team members and joint venture partners. In addition, total dollar and percentage targets for SDB participation by subcontractors must be provided and listed separately;
- (2) The specific identification of SDB concerns to be involved in the performance of the contract;
- (3) The extent of commitment to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract:
- (4) The complexity and variety of the work the SDB concerns are to perform; and
- (5) The realism of the proposal to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract.
- (c) An SDB offeror who waives the price evaluation adjustment provided in FAR 52.219-23 shall provide, with their offer, targets, expressed as dollars and percentages of the total contract value, for the work that it intends to perform as the prime contractor in the applicable and authorized North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Industry Subsectors as determined by the Department of Commerce. All of the offeror's identified targets described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause will be incorporated into and made part of any resulting contract.

L.20 IDENTIFICATION OF SET-ASIDE/8A PROGRAM APPLICABILITY (EP 52.219-100) (FEB 1991)

This new procurement is being processed as follows:

- (a) Type of set-aside: No Applicable Set-Aside
 Percent of the set-aside: 0%
- (b) 8(a) Program: Not Applicable

L.21 SUBCONTRACTING PROGRAM PLAN FOR UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS AND SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERNS (EP 52.219-125) (AUG 1984)

As part of the initial offer, offerors shall submit a subcontracting plan as called for by FAR 52.219-9.

L.22 NOTICE OF FILING REQUIREMENTS FOR AGENCY PROTESTS (EPAAR 1552.233-70) (JUL 1999)

Agency protests must be filed with the Contracting Officer in accordance with the requirements of FAR 33.103(d) and (e). Within 10 calendar days after receipt of an adverse Contracting Officer decision, the protester may submit a written request for an independent review by the Head of the Contracting Activity. This independent review is available only as an appeal of a Contracting Officer decision on a protest. Accordingly, as provided in 4 CFR 21.2(a)(3), any protest to the GAO must be filed within 10 days of knowledge of the initial adverse Agency action.

L.23 UTILIZATION OF SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESSES AND SMALL BUSINESSES AS SUBCONTRACTORS (RTP-L-1)

The Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 19.702 - SUBCONTRACTING requires that in all negotiated acquisitions which are expected to exceed \$500,000 (\$1,000,000 for construction) and that have subcontracting possibilities the successful offeror must submit an acceptable subcontracting plan utilizing small and disadvantaged businesses unless the offeror is a small business firm. Once subcontracting possibilities are determined, the prime contractor must aggressively seek out small disadvantaged firms and small firms who can be utilized as subcontractors. Negotiations must begin early in the process in order to include these firms as a part of the total team. Upon determining the area(s) to be subcontracted, the offerors may contact one of the following to obtain information available to EPA on small disadvantaged business and small business sources:

- Socio-Economic Program Officer
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
 Crystal Mall, Building No. 2
 Arlington, Virginia 20460
- 2. Small Business Specialist U.S. Environmental Protection Agency E105-02 Research Triangle Park, N.C. 27711

L.24 DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST (RTP-L-14)

(a) The purpose of this contract includes the requirement that he contractor support EPA in a broad range of activities designed to support the development and implementation of national policies on indoor air pollution. The EPA has a requirement to provide technical and analytical support to (a) development and analyses of indoor pollutant exposure and contamination problems, (b) policy and outreach aspects of indoor air pollutant issues, (c) policy and outreach aspects of indoor air pollutant issues, (c) technology transfer development and dissemination, and (d) general meeting support.

All offerors shall specifically disclose whether they have any business or competitive relationships with firms who contribute to indoor air or radiation pollution, especially radon and airborne radionuclide exposure and contaminants. In addition, all offerors shall specifically disclose whether they themselves contribute to or if they have any business or competitive relationships with entities who are: (a) subject to radiation standards, guidance, or control; (b) produce, handle, store, or use radioactive materials or byproducts, (c) manufacture equipment or develop technologies related to radioactive material or byproducts: or (d) are involved in radiation technologies or control practices subject (directly or indirectly) to EPA analysis or control.

- (b) K provision entitled, ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST CERTIFICATION (EPAAR 1552.209-72), requires the offeror to certify that it is not aware of any potential organizational conflicts of interest. If the offeror cannot so certify, then L provision entitled, ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST NOTIFICATION (EPAAR 1552.209-70), requires the offeror to provide a disclosure statement with its proposal describing all relevant information concerning any past, present, or planned interests bearing on whether it (including its chief executives and any directors, or any proposed consultant or subcontractors) may have a potential organizational conflict of interest.
- (c) The Agency has determined that firms directly engaged in the business or which have a business or competitive relationship(s) with firms involved in the activities described in paragraph (a) above (further referred to as "these activities") may have significant potential organizational conflict of interest in relation to the requirements of this solicitation. In addition, a potential organizational conflict of interest may exist with firms that provide consulting and/or technical services related to these activities.
- (d) Firms responding to this solicitation are required to disclose any such business relationships. The disclosure statement must address actual and potential organizational conflicts of interest within the offeror's entire corporate umbrella, including parent company, sister companies, affiliates, subsidiaries, and other interests held by an offeror. In addition to identifying actual and potential organizational conflicts of interest, the disclosure statement shall describe how any such conflict can be avoided, neutralized, or mitigated. The EPA Contracting Officer will determine an offeror's eligibility for award based on the information provided in the disclosure statement.

(e) The purpose of requiring the information covered by paragraphs (c) and (d) above is to provide the Agency with an opportunity to assess its vulnerabilities relative to organizational conflicts of interest of individual offerors prior to award. The Agency recognizes that there exists a need for firms to gain the requisite technical experience necessary to fulfill the requirements of the proposed contract and that such experience is often gained through provision of consulting or related technical services to firms who are involved in these activities. Accordingly, the fact that a firm has, or plans to work for a company who is involved in these activities will not necessarily disqualify the firm for consideration for award on the basis of actual or potential conflicts of interest. The more dependent a firm is on commercial work that relates to these activities, the greater the risk to the Agency that there will arise during contract performance a significant number of conflict of interest situations which would preclude the Agency from using the contractor's support. There is no set formula for determining how much corporate business involving these activities would result in a determination by the Contracting Officer that award to a particular offeror would not be in the best interest of the Government due to organizational conflicts of interest concerns; each offeror will be evaluated individually on the basis of the information disclosed pursuant to the requirements of this provision and upon the adequacy of the offeror's plan for avoiding, neutralizing, or mitigating such conflicts. In summary, the Agency is seeking a technically qualified firm which can demonstrate that its corporate base of activities will not impact its ability to provide unbiased work products to the Agency under the proposed contract.

L.25 MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR EPA CONTRACTORS' CONFLICT OF INTEREST PLANS (RTP-L-16)

1. PURPOSE

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has identified a need to avoid, neutralize, or mitigate actual and potential contractor conflicts of interest (COI). To accomplish this, contractors are required to have a COI plan for identifying and reporting actual and potential COI. The purpose of this document is to set forth the minimum standards for a contractor's COI plan.

2. COI PLAN

The contractor's COI Plan is a document which describes the procedures a company uses to identify and report COI. Generally, a contractor's corporate COI plan will describe how a company, in its entirety, addresses conflicts, and will not be contract or program specific. The plan may also describe the options a company will consider proposing to avoid, neutralize, or mitigate a COI whenever a conflict is identified. The plan will be evaluated and approved by the applicable EPA Contracting Officer (CO) if the COI Plan meets the EPA's minimum requirements for detecting and reporting conflicts of interest. Contractor's COI Plans should be identified by a version number, date, and applicable CO for any previously approved COI Plan.

3. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR CONTRACTORS' COI PLANS

A. Corporate Structure

The COI Plan shall describe any parent relationship and list all affiliates, subsidiaries, and sister companies, etc. Generally this need not exceed three corporate tiers, unless a relationship exists beyond three tiers that would potentially create a conflict. In such a case, relationships beyond three tiers should also be included in the COI Plan. Contractors should report changes in its corporate structure to the Agency throughout contract performance.

Contractors are invited to include under this section a company profile. The profile should discuss all pertinent information relevant to COI including a summary of a contractor's primary and/or environmental business functions and activities. This background information will be very useful to COs when evaluating whether or not a contractor has a COI.

B. Searching and Identifying COI

The COI Plan shall include a requirement describing when a COI search must be performed by company personnel and clearly identify the procedures to be followed. The searching requirement shall encompass all work related to all clients for whom work was performed over the last three years, all current work, all sites (if applicable) and any future work reflected in marketing proposals. Contractors must search their records over the past 36 months, or through all available records for a new company until 36 months of records are accumulated, from the time of receipt of the work from EPA. However, contractors are encouraged to search back as far as a company's records cover.

C. Data Base

The COI Plan shall require a data base that includes all necessary information for a contractor to review its past work (at a minimum over the past 36 months or through all available records for a new company until 36 months of records are accumulated), work in progress, and work the company may be pursuing under any marketing proposals. This requirement does not establish any particular type or kind of retrieval system, however, the data base shall contain, at a minimum, the following information and capabilities.

- (1) a list of the company's past and public clients;
- (2) a description of the type(s) of work that was performed and any other pertinent information;
- (3) a list of the past sites (when applicable) a contractor has worked on;
- (4) a list of site name(s) (when applicable) related to any work performed;
- (5) the ability to search and retrieve the information in the data base; and
- (6) dollar value of work performed.

If applicable, the COI Plan shall include provisions for supplemental searches of parent, affiliate, subsidiary, or sister company records. The COI Plan shall also describe any cross-checks used by the company when searching COI issues.

D. Personal Certification

At a minimum, the COI Plan shall require ALL employees of the company

performing work under an EPA Superfund and/or Non-Superfund contract, including work on a site, work relating to a site, work pertaining to a CERCLA/RCRA action, or work that may endanger a CERCLA enforcement action, to sign a personal certification. EPA recommends a policy whereby all company employees are required to sign such a certification rather than only those employees working under an EPA contract. The certification shall require at a minimum, that the individual agrees to report to the proper company authority any personal COI and that the individual has read and understands the company's COI Plan and procedures. Employee certifications shall be retained by the company.

E. Work Assignment (WA), Technical Direction Document (TDD), or Delivery Order (DO) Notification and Certification

The COI Plan shall describe the process the company requires for notifying the Agency prior to beginning work, and for submission of its WA/TDD/DO certification within 20 days of receipt of the work from EPA.

NOTE: WA/TDD/DO certifications are NOT required if the contract contains an annual certification requirement. Nevertheless, the contractor's COI Plan should address the procedures to be followed for WA/TDD/DO certifications.

F. Annual Certification

The COI Plan shall describe the process the company requires for submission of its annual certification.

NOTE: Annual certification is NOT required if the contract contains a WA/TDD/DO certification requirement. Nevertheless, the contractor's COI Plan should address the procedures to be followed for annual certifications.

G. Notification and Documentation

The COI Plan shall clearly delineate the official within the company responsible for making COI determinations. Generally, this would be someone at a middle to upper level of management. The responsible official shall be free of any personal conflicts for the purpose of making COI determination, e.g., a program manager who receives bonuses based on the total amount of sales may not be free of conflicts.

The plan shall clearly identify the process that is required when notifying the EPA of any actual or potential COI and the actions that the company has taken or will take to avoid, neutralize, or mitigate the conflict. In addition, the contractor shall document all COI searches related to EPA work, whether or not an actual or potential COI has been identified.

H. Training

The COI Plan shall require all employees of the company to receive basic COI training and that each employee receive COI awareness training at least annually. The company's COI Plan shall be available for all employees to review. Annual awareness training shall include, at a minimum, a review of the certification language and any changes that may have occurred in the company's COI Plan. In addition, companies are encouraged to routinely disseminate to their employees current COI information.

I. Subcontractor's COI Plans

The COI Plan shall describe the process and mechanism by which the company will monitor its subcontractors to ensure all subcontractors are complying with the COI provisions in their contracts. It is important that subcontractors identify and report COI as well as submit Limitation of Future Contracting (LOFC) requests for approval.

L.26 SUBMISSION OF COST PROPOSALS (RTP-L-2)

Offerors shall submit cost proposals for each of the following:

- 1) A summary proposal for the entire contract period
- 2) For each contract period:
 - i) a Summary Proposal (assume all options to be exercised)
 - ii) a proposal for the base (25,400 hours)
 - iii) a proposal for the 500 hour increment
 - iv) a proposal for the total of the options for increased quantity ($500 \times 50 = 25,000 \text{ hours}$)

Additionally, offerors shall submit a chart outlining the level of effort in hours and associated costs for the prime contractor and each team subcontractor (including interdivisional transfers and/or subsidiaries, if any) for:

- 1) The base period base quantity.
- 2) The base period option for increased quantity.
- 3) The Option I period basic quantity.
- 4) The Option I period option for increased quantity.
- 5) The Option II period basic quantity.
- 6) The Option II period option for increased quantity.
- 7) The Option III period basic quantity.
- 8) The Option III period option for increased quantity.
- 9) The Option IV period basic quantity.
- 10) The Option IV period option for increased quantity.
- 11) The total contract.

Offerors shall submit a similar chart outlining travel and ODCs for the prime contractor and each team subcontractor (including interdivisional transfers and/or subsidiaries) for the periods and optional increments outlined above.

In addition to the instructions set forth in paragraph (b) of the provision entitled "Instructions for the Preparation of Technical and Cost or Pricing Proposals," offerors shall submit a chart showing each firm's (prime and subcontractors) fully loaded hourly rate for each period and optional increment. The fully loaded rates should be a computation (total cost divided by total technical hours) based on the end result of your cost proposal.

Offerors shall provide a summary chart of the professional skill mix by the RFP specified labor categories (Prof. Level 4, Prof. Level 3, etc.) for the prime contractor and each team subcontractor (including interdivisional

transfers and/or subsidiaries).

Offerors shall submit the following information regarding indirect costs:

- 1) State the basis of proposed indirect rates;
- 2) If the rates are based upon a written agreement with a Government agency, then the offeror is required to provide a copy of the referenced agreement as an attachment to the cost proposal.
- 3) If the rates have been accepted by a Government agency other than by a written agreement, then the offeror shall state this in the cost proposal and shall provide information as to when and by whom the rates were accepted.

Offerors who prepare proposals by computer should submit a floppy disk of the proposal and supporting cost data (including all rates, factors and formulas) using Lotus 123. The disk should be double sided-double density and compatible with the IBM personal computer.

Proposals should include the results of the Prime Contractor's evaluation of subcontract cost as required by FAR 15.404-3(b)(2).

L.27 CONFLICT OF INTEREST PLAN (RTP-L-7)

Offerors shall submit, along with their cost proposal, an Organizational Conflict of Interest Plan which outlines the procedures in place to detect and report conflicts of interest (COI), whether actual or potential, throughout the period of contract performance. The plan shall address step by step, the checks and balances in place to detect and report potential or actual COI at the organizational and personal level as set forth in the L provision entitled, "Minimum Standards for EPA Contractors' Conflict of Interest Plans". The minimum standards set forth the criteria which offerors' COI plans must meet in order to be acceptable to the Agency.

The plan shall be evaluated in accordance with the criteria set forth in the Section M provision entitled "Evaluation of Conflict of Interest Plan."

L.28 EPA'S GOALS FOR SUBCONTRACTING WITH SMALL BUSINESSES (RTP-L-9)

In reviewing offerors' subcontracting plans submitted in accordance with the provision entitled, "Utilization of Small, Small Disadvantaged and Women-Owned Small Business Concerns," (FAR 52.219-8) and FAR 52.219-9, "Small, Small Disadvantaged and Women-Owned Small Business Subcontracting Plan," EPA will use its own goals as an agency guideline. The breakout is as follows:

Percent of Subcontract Dollars Awarded

Awards to	Small Businesses	50%	
Awards to	Small Disadvantaged Businesses	20%	
Awards to	Women-Owned Businesses	6%	
Awards to	HUBZones	2.5%	- 2002
		3%	- 2003 and each year
			thereafter

Awards to Service Disabled Veterans

1%

These goals are not intended to be mandatory; however, offerors are encouraged to keep these goals in mind when developing their subcontracting plan. Please note that goals must be proposed as a percentage of total dollars being subcontracted.

A subcontracting plan format, which can be found on the internet at http://www.epa.gov/oam/rtp_cmd under the heading "Forms", can be utilized as a guide to assist offerors in preparation of subcontracting plans.

SECTION M - EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

M.1 EVALUATION OF OPTIONS (FAR 52.217-5) (JUL 1990)

Except when it is determined in accordance with FAR 17.206(b) not to be in the Government's best interests, the Government will evaluate offers for award purposes by adding the total price for all options to the total price for the basic requirements. Evaluation of options will not obligate the Government to exercise the option(s).

M.2 EPA SOURCE EVALUATION AND SELECTION PROCEDURES--NEGOTIATED PROCUREMENTS (EPAAR 1552.215-70) (AUG 1999)

- (a) The Government will perform source selection in accordance with FAR Part 15 and the EPA Source Evaluation and Selection Procedures in EPAAR Part 1515 (48 CFR Part 1515). The significant features of this procedure are:
 - (1) The Government will perform either cost analysis or price analysis of the offeror's cost/business proposal in accordance with FAR Parts 15 and 31, as appropriate. In addition, the Government will also evaluate proposals to determine contract cost or price realism. Cost or price realism relates to an offeror's demonstrating that the proposed cost or price provides an adequate reflection of the offeror's understanding of the requirements of this solicitation, i.e., that the cost or price is not unrealistically low or unreasonably high.
 - (2) The Government will evaluate technical proposals as specified in 1552.215-71, Evaluation Factors for Award.
- (b) In addition to evaluation of the previously discussed elements, the Government will consider in any award decision the responsibility factors set forth in FAR Part 9.

M.3 EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD (EPAAR 1552.215-71) (AUG 1999)

- (a) The Government will make award to the responsible offeror(s) whose offer conforms to the solicitation and is most advantageous to the Government cost or other factors considered. For this solicitation, all evaluation factors other than cost or price when combined are significantly more important than cost or price.
- (b) Evaluation factors and significant subfactors to determine quality of product or service:

Weight

(1) TECHNICAL APPROACH

25 points

This rating is to be based on an assessment of the offeror's entire proposal in terms of its demonstrated understanding of EPA's requirements as

defined in the areas of the Statement of Work. The offeror shall describe a plan for successful completion of the work requirements, giving an illustration of how an appropriate balance of depth, detail, and scope for the tasks will be achieved such that efficient utilization of resources results.

(2) **PAST PERFORMANCE**

25 points

Demonstrate successful past performance of the offeror and any major subcontractors as evidenced by information gathered concerning the identified list of contracts and subcontracts completed during the past three years and those currently in process for similar work. Work which would be considered similar includes: development and dissemination of guidance documents and information products for the general public and for targeted audiences; analyses of indoor environmental problems leading to the identification of potential policy direction; development and execution of communication, outreach and marketing strategies; and technical support to ensure information product accuracy.

Offerors will be evaluated on the following qualitative factors, which are all of equal importance:

- 1. Quality of services/supplies
- 2. Timeliness of performance
- Effectiveness of management (including subcontractors)
- 4. Initiative in meeting requirements
- 5. Response to Technical Direction
- 6. Responsiveness to performance problems
- 7. Compliance with cost/price estimates
- 8. Customer satisfaction
- 9. Overall performance
- 10. Compliance with subcontracting plan goals for small disadvantaged business concerns, monetary targets for small disadvantaged business participation, and the notifications submitted under FAR 19.1202-4(b).

The offeror's past performance will be evaluated based on the information obtained through the Past Performance Questionnaire (see Section J which identifies this attachment).

(Instructions: As discussed in the L Provision entitled "Past Performance Information," offerors shall submit information on the five (5) most recent contracts and subcontracts completed during the past three years and all contracts and subcontracts currently in process for similar work. This should include information on five (5) contracts and subcontracts and may include similar contracts with Federal, State and local governments, as well as commercial businesses. Information should be provided as indicated in the L Provision.)

NOTE: As discussed in the L Provision entitled "Past Performance Information," if an offeror has no available past performance, a neutral rating of adequate (score = 3) will be assigned for the past performance criteria.

(3) MANAGEMENT PLAN

20 points

This rating is to be based on the responsiveness of the proposed

management system in achieving the contract objective, in terms of management structure; the lines of responsibility, supervision, and communication; the assignment of key managerial personnel; and accurate projection and monitoring of costs. The management plan must demonstrate effective administrative information gathering and sharing within the management process throughout the contract. The offeror must demonstrate the ability to successfully manage all aspects of the contract, using a creative approach and state-of-the-art business techniques. The offeror shall also show a plan for frequent and effective communication with the Project Officer and Work Assignment Managers. Specific information regarding the following areas, should be provided:

- a. A detailed description of the management structure the offeror will employ. This description is to include 1) identification of key project personnel that the offeror will use to staff each area of the contract effort; 2) the position in the management structure each individual will fill by technical discipline or by supervisory title; 3) the percentage of time each individual will devote to the contract effort; 4) how continuous availability of key project persons will be assured and/or how they will be replaced in the event of prolonged illness or termination of employment prior to completion of the contract effort; and 5) each individual's specific responsibilities and, where applicable, supervisory roles. Describe any planned staffing changes required for the contract effort.
- b. The offeror shall describe the qualifications of all proposed consultants and/or subcontractors, their precise purpose in the overall effort, the hours anticipated for each, and a description of how the work will be managed and distributed between any proposed consultants/subcontractors. Letters of agreement shall be proposed for individuals not currently employed.
- c. The offeror shall provide a discussion of how the offeror can provide quick turnaround support, how the organization can respond to changes, increased workloads and mobilization to solve problems.
- d. The offeror shall specifically address experience managing complex, multi-tasked and multi-disciplinary contracts. The offeror's response should be specific and be organized by the individual work areas of the Statement of Work.
- e. The offeror shall address their most recent corporate experience on technical, managerial, and resource capabilities, specifically addressing corporate experience relative to managing complex, multi-tasked and multi-disciplinary contracts. A description of specific experience should be organized by the individual work areas of the Statement of Work. All relevant experience of any subcontractors or consultants to be used for that work must also be fully and completely described. Concise experience and/or capability statements of each item in the statement of work is required.

(4) QUALIFICATIONS OF PERSONNEL

10 points total

Offerors shall be evaluated based on the demonstrated specific, relevant education and experience and availability of all proposed personnel, including subcontractors and consultants. Resumes shall be

provided for all proposed personnel. Offerors should specifically address
the expertise/experience of the proposed individuals in the following areas:

a. <u>Key Personnel</u>:

(8 points)

Key personnel are those associated with (a) program management; (b) policy analysis; (c) technical analysis; (d) economic analysis; (e) education and outreach product development; (f) communications and marketing strategies. These personnel will be evaluated on their expertise and ability to provide project management in the specified Statement of Work areas

b. Other personnel:

(2 points)

Overall experience, qualifications and disciplinary areas of the remaining staff needed to successfully accomplish the wide range of program areas related to the Statement of Work.

(5) QUALITY ASSURANCE

10 points

Demonstrated capability to ensure deliverable product quality and to plan, develop, implement, manage, and assess the effectiveness of quality control and quality assurance plans and operations. If the offeror has an existing quality system in place, the system should be described and information provided as to: how long the system has been in place, the type of work that the system has been used for.

Offeror's quality system shall use American National Standard ANSI/ASQC E4-1994 Specifications and Guidelines for Quality System for Environmental Data Collection and Environmental Technology, included by reference, and shall be documented in a Quality Management Plan (QMP), or other equivalent document, prepared by the contractor following EPA QA/R2, "EPA Requirements for Quality Management Plans," included by reference. (Refer to L provisions entitled "Quality Management Plan" and "Instructions for the Preparation of Technical and Cost or Pricing Proposals.") If the offeror conducts periodic reviews, such as required by ANSI/ASQC E4-1994, Section 2.2.1, or ANSI/ASQC Q900-1-1994, Section 5.5, to assess its quality system, the results of these internal reviews should be summarized and presented.

(6) FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

5 points

The offeror shall demonstrate the availability of facilities sufficient for the maintenance and storage of the field equipment to be provided as detailed in the "Government-Furnished Property" clause in Section G.

(7) SDB PARTICIPATION

5 points

The specific identification of SDB's proposed to participate in performance of the contract and the extent of their participation in terms of the value of the total acquisition based upon the Agency's SDB subcontracting goals of 20%, offerors will be evaluated as follows: 5 pts for SDB participation of 30% and above; 4 pts for SDB participation between 21% to 29%; 3 pts for SDB participation at 20%; 2 pts for SDB participation

between 10% to 19%; 1 pt. for SDB participation between 1% to 9%; 0 pts for zero SDB participation.

Total Points - 100

EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR ORAL PROPOSALS

(1) KEY PERSONNEL

35 points

Key personnel associated with (a) program management, (b) policy analysis, (c) technical analysis, (d) economic analysis, (e) education and outreach product development, and (f) communications and marketing strategies, will be evaluated on their response to specific technical and managerial questions related to their areas of expertise and/or areas of responsibility. Each response will be evaluated with respect to succinctness, accuracy, and thoroughness as well as presentation effectiveness. NOTE: if the offeror proposes more than one individual in a category defined as key above, the person providing the oral presentation should be the individual the offeror expects to perform the majority of the work under the contract.

(2) **TEAM RESPONSE**

35 points

The team response [which will be delivered by the key personnel identified in criterion (1) above] will be evaluated on its responsiveness to technical questions designed to evaluate the ability of the team to pool its expertise in various relevant disciplines and perform and communicate its answers to the various questions. The response will be evaluated for: relevance to the questions, coherence, succinctness, creativity, understanding of the issues involved, managerial perspective and the participation of the entire team in delivering the answer.

(3) OVERALL ORAL PRESENTATION

30 points

The offeror's overall oral presentation will be evaluated for its demonstration of the team's understanding of the Statement of Work and technical and managerial expertise relevant to the Statement or Work. The presentation will also be evaluated on its completeness, conciseness and clarity.

100 Total Points

M.4 EVALUATION OF CONTRACT OPTIONS (EPAAR 1552.217-70) (APR 1984)

For award purposes, in addition to an offeror's response to the basic requirement, the Government will evaluate its response to all options, both technical and cost. Evaluation of options will not obligate the Government to exercise the options. For this solicitation the options are as specified in Section H.

M.5 SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS PARTICIPATION EVALUATION FACTOR (EPAAR 1552.219-74) (OCT 2000)

Under this factor [or subfactor, if appropriate], offerors will be evaluated based on the demonstrated extent of participation of small disadvantaged business (SDB) concerns in the performance of the contract in each of the authorized and applicable North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Industry Subsectors as determined by the Department of Commerce. As part of this evaluation, offerors will be evaluated based on:

- (1) The extent to which SDB concerns are specifically identified to participate in the performance of the contract;
- (2) The extent of the commitment to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract (enforceable commitments will be weighed more heavily than nonenforceable commitments);
- (3) The complexity and variety of the work the SDB concerns are to perform under the contract;
- (4) The realism of the proposal to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract; and
- (5) The extent of participation of SDB concerns, at the prime contractor and subcontractor level, in the performance of the contract (in the authorized and applicable NAICS Industry Subsectors in terms of dollars and percentages of the total contract value.

M.6 EVALUATION OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST PLAN (LOCAL LRT-09-07) (DEC 2001)

The plan described in Section L entitled, "Conflict of Interest Plan" will be evaluated as acceptable or not acceptable. Notwithstanding the evaluation of an offeror with respect to the technical evaluation criteria or the evaluation of an offeror's cost, an offeror that submits a plan that ultimately is unacceptable at time of award will not be eligible for a contract award. The contractor's COI plan will be evaluated as part of the contractor's responsibility determination.

ATTACHMENT 1

STATEMENT OF WORK

Statement of Work

SUPPORT FOR POLICY DEVELOPMENT, ANALYSIS AND INFORMATION DEVELOPMENT, COMMUNICATIONS STRATEGY DESIGN, EDUCATION AND OUTREACH PRODUCTS, AND DISSEMINATION OF GUIDANCE ON INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ISSUES

BACKGROUND:

Title IV of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) gives the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) broad authority to conduct and coordinate research on indoor air quality, develop and disseminate information on the subject, and coordinate efforts at the federal, state, and local levels. Title III of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) directs EPA to undertake a variety of activities to address the public health risks posed by exposures to indoor radon. The law directs EPA to study the health effects of radon, assess exposure levels, set an action level and advise the public of steps they can take to reduce exposure, evaluate mitigation methods, institute training centers to ensure a supply of competent radon service providers, establish radon contractor proficiency programs, and assist states with program development through the administration of a grants program.

The Indoor Environments Division (IED) in the Office of Radiation and Indoor Air (ORIA) is responsible for a broad range of voluntary activities designed to support the development and implementation of national policies on indoor air quality. The primary objective of the Indoor Environments Program (hereinafter, "the Program") is to protect the public health by promoting healthier indoor environments. To achieve this goal, the Program establishes and carries out Agency policy on indoor environments by:

- identifying the sources, health effects, and health risks of exposure to contaminants and conditions indoors, using the best available science;
- carrying out risk management studies;
- supporting the development of data on indoor contaminant sources, exposures, and health risks when information gaps exist;
- developing, implementing, and/or recommending control strategies which can diagnose, prevent, abate, and/or mitigate indoor contaminants;
- developing and disseminating guidance on aspects of building design, construction, operation, and maintenance that affect the indoor environment:
- providing technical assistance to state and local governments seeking to develop capabilities to respond
 effectively to indoor air quality problems and to private sector entities offering identification or
 abatement services to the public;
- working with regulatory programs within EPA and other Agencies that have the authority to prohibit or otherwise restrict products which could exacerbate unhealthy levels of exposure; and
- developing and disseminating information to educate key audiences, both domestic and international, about indoor air pollution and its associated health risks, mitigation, and control strategies.

The Program serves as a catalyst for action by guiding research, using innovative and creative risk

communication tools to spur individual and societal behavioral change, and building public-private partnerships to achieve indoor pollutant exposure risk reduction. IED is also the (EPA) lead office for intra- and interagency activities coordinated through the Committee for Indoor Air Quality (CIAQ).

Currently, the Program focuses on several critical aspects of indoor air quality that pose significant risks to public health, and in particular, to children and to other disproportionately impacted segments of society. These priority areas include:

Asthma

Over the last 20 years, the incidence of asthma in the United States has more than doubled. The greatest increase has been seen among inner city and socioeconomically disadvantaged children and young adults. It is the leading chronic illness of children in the US and the leading cause of school absenteeism due to chronic illness (an estimated 10 million missed school days a year). While the mechanisms that cause asthma are complex and rates vary among population groups and even individuals, it has been scientifically determined that certain factors can trigger or worsen asthma. The National Academy of Sciences report "Clearing the Air" (IOM, 2000)established that asthma episodes can be triggered by certain contaminants commonly found indoors, including allergens and irritants, and by certain indoor conditions. EPA continues to make progress in identifying pollutants in indoor environments that can trigger asthma, and in providing guidance to schools and residential occupants on methods to reduce contaminant exposures that can trigger more frequent and more severe asthma episodes. EPA is also working with health care community to educate their patients/clients with asthma about the role of indoor triggers as well as the importance of proper medication as critical components of a comprehensive asthma management plan. Simple actions often can be taken to avoid the most obvious and common triggers. The Agency has produced and distributed public service announcements on TV, radio, print media and elsewhere to raise public awareness of the role that indoor air contaminants can play in asthma.

Schools

According to the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics, in 1999, 43% of America's public schools reported at least one unsatisfactory environmental condition. Approximately 20% of public schools reported indoor air quality (IAQ) to be unsatisfactory. Further reports from the U.S. General Accounting Office indicated that public elementary and secondary schools in the U.S. need guidance about how to identify, prevent, and correct environmental problems in school buildings that can impact the health and comfort of students and staff. Typically, these problems culminate from improper operation and deferred maintenance of building facilities as well as poor construction and/or renovation design. EPA has developed the *Indoor Air Quality Tools for Schools (IAQ TfS)* Kit and the web-based *Design Tools for Schools* to assist school-based personnel and the school community in addressing IAQ issues by using sound design, construction, operation and maintenance techniques, coupled with low-cost solutions to ensure a healthy school environment. As part of the *IAQ TfS* Program, EPA offers specialized training and recognition opportunities, such as the *IAQ TfS* Awards Program, and produces education and outreach documents to raise awareness about the importance of good IAQ practices and ensuring a healthy school environment..

Radon

Since the mid-1980s the United States has made significant progress in reducing the risk from exposure to radon. This progress is the result of a long-term effort between EPA, citizens, non-profit organizations, state and local governments, the business community, and other Federal agencies working together. More adult Americans are knowledgeable about radon than at any time since the mid-1980s, when radon became a national health concern. Approximately two-thirds (66%) of Americans are generally aware of radon, and of those, three-quarters (75%, on average) understand that radon is a health hazard. Since the mid-1980s, about 18 million homes have

been tested for radon and about 500,000 of them have been mitigated. Approximately 1.8 million new homes have been built with radon-resistant features since 1990. EPA continues to focus its efforts, and those of its partners, which include State radon programs supported by State Indoor Radon Grants, non-profit environmental health advocacy organizations, home builders, and the radon service industry, on achieving actual risk reduction through the mitigation of existing homes and the building of new homes to be radon-resistant.

Secondhand Smoke

Secondhand smoke affects everyone, but children are especially vulnerable because they are still growing and developing. EPA has created a national Smoke-Free Home Pledge Initiative to motivate parents to protect their children. Exposure to secondhand smoke causes serious health effects in children, including bronchitis, pneumonia, ear infections, worsened asthma and even sudden infant death syndrome. For children, particularly young children, the most likely place of exposure is their home. In the U.S., 27% of homes with children, aged six and younger currently allow smoking, affecting approximately 15 million children per year. EPA is encouraging parents though a variety of means to commit and make their homes smoke free and to protect their children from secondhand smoke. The agency uses a number of channels to deliver this message including health care providers and a national media campaign highlighting the effects of secondhand smoke. The Program has also worked internationally with the World Health Organization to assist other countries to create smoke free home programs since secondhand smoke exposure is a significant health issue in many countries throughout the world.

Large Buildings

Indoor air quality (IAQ) problems are not limited to homes. Many office buildings have significant air pollution sources. Some of these buildings may be inadequately ventilated. For example, mechanical ventilation systems may not be designed or operated to provide adequate amounts of outdoor air, and buildings may not be maintained in a manner that promotes healthy indoor air quality. People generally have less control over the indoor environment in their offices than they do in their homes. As a result, there has been an increase in the incidence of reported health problems. The Program has designed a number of tools for building owners and managers to better understand how their buildings operate to provide an indoor environment for occupants, and how that environment can be improved to create healthier, more productive spaces for them. In particular, the Program has worked collaboratively with EPA's Energy Star programs to promote the compatibility of improved indoor air quality and energy efficiency to ensure that these issues are addressed simultaneously and to the benefit of both.

Other relevant topics

Recent terrorist events have increased concern about the vulnerability of workplaces, schools, residences, and other occupied buildings to threats. The Agency continues to build on its experience and historical ties to the buildings community to ensure that the information they need to help protect building occupants is developed and disseminated in an effective manner.

An international initiative, the Partnership for Clean Indoor Air, was launched by the Administrator of EPA at the World Summit for Sustainable Development in Johannesburg, South Africa in August, 2002. The objective of this Partnership is to increase access to safe, reliable, and affordable heating and cooking practices in developing countries. An estimated 2 billion people in the developing world burn traditional biomass fuels indoors, and according to the Wold Health Organization, the resulting levels of indoor air pollution contribute to 2 million premature deaths each year, primarily affecting women and children. The Division is leading an effort to address this issue by bringing governments, non-government organizations, and the private sector together to focus on four core dimensions of the problem: addressing social and cultural barriers to change; promoting market development to create sustainable local industries; developing design and performance criteria for cooking and

heating technologies; and identifying priority research needs to improve understanding of exposure and health effects.

EPA has been engaged in supporting an "integrated air toxics", community-based pilot project and has plans to extend this type of program to additional communities in the future. As an integral part of any community-based focus on reducing citizens' exposure to airborne toxics, the Indoor Environments Program will be an active participant in both the planning and implementation of future projects.

STATEMENT OF WORK (SOW):

The contractor shall furnish the necessary personnel, materials, equipment, services and facilities (except as otherwise specified), to perform the following Statement of Work/Specifications.

In meeting the requirements of this SOW, the Contractor shall be in a support role, and will not, under any circumstances, be involved in the development of EPA policy, or in any activity that is construed as "inherently governmental functions."

The contractor shall submit for review and obtain approval from the EPA Project Officer/Work Assignment Manager prior to use or dissemination of any and all manuals, technical documents, and outreach materials (to include all training and workshop materials).

A. Support for the Development of Indoor Air Quality Policy

1. Background/General

Support for the development of new, science-based indoor air quality policies and program strategies, and evaluation of existing program implementation strategies. The contractor shall provide analytic services, including cost-benefit and/or other economic analyses, market penetration assessments, etc., to evaluate the effectiveness of current Agency policies on indoor environmental quality and provide recommendations for improvements.

2. Work Areas

- (a) The contractor shall provide support in identifying, compiling, and/or analyzing existing scientific evidence concerning the causes and effects of indoor air quality problems that pose risks to human health, comfort, and productivity, and strategies for their control. This may include literature searches, contact with professionals in the public sector, e.g., state and local environmental and public health officials, professionals and other service providers in the private sector, and the development of summary reports.
- (b) The contractor shall provide support in identifying successful national, state, or local approaches to the reduction of exposure to indoor air contaminants, including the development or analysis of legislative proposals as directed.

B. Support for Analysis And Information Development

1. Background/General

Support to analyze and/or develop information about indoor air quality problems.

2. Work Areas

- (a) The contractor shall provide technical and analytical support in assessing the nature and magnitude of indoor air quality problems in non-industrial buildings, and in identifying causes, consequences, and mitigation options.
- (b) The contractor shall provide support to determine through surveys or other measures the extent of awareness of indoor air quality issues and the extent to which actions have been taken to prevent or mitigate indoor air quality problems.
- (c) The contractor shall provide support in performing studies and comparative evaluations of cost effectiveness of various indoor air quality management options.
- (d) The contractor shall provide technical and analytical support in the development of tools to track results and/or outcomes of EPA's indoor air quality programs, such as databases or spreadsheets of contact information.

C. Support for the Development of Communications and Marketing Strategies

1. Background/General

Support for developing effective methods to communicate with the general public and with specified target audiences, domestically and internationally, such as: school decision makers, parents, school-based personnel; health care providers, asthma patients and their care givers; parents and public health advocates concerned about children's exposure to secondhand smoke; homeowners, home buyers and sellers, renters, code officials, and the real estate and building industries regarding the health impacts of radon exposure; building owners and managers concerning proper design, construction, operation, and maintenance of buildings for healthy indoor air quality and reduced vulnerability to intentional releases of biological or chemical contaminants; health care industry regarding incorporation of environmental controls into standards of care; and other audiences with whom the Program may choose to communicate messages concerning risk reduction in the indoor environment.

2. Work Areas

- (a) The contractor shall provide support and assistance in the development of plans to support outreach activities to educate the general public and target audiences including school communities, patients with asthma, medically under-served and high risk populations, health professionals, building design and management professionals, and other groups, about health risks and impacts on comfort and productivity posed by exposure to indoor contaminants and conditions and steps they can take to reduce their exposure. Support may include consultation with experts in specific indoor air quality subject areas such as asthma, school design and operation, building construction and maintenance, radon industry representatives, and professionals involved in outreach, communications theory, and related subjects.
 - (b) The contractor shall provide support to analyze the available body of knowledge

concerning the nature and extent of the indoor air quality issue being addressed and its impact on specific populations.

- (c) The contractor shall provide technical support in the design, implementation, and distribution of communications strategies for national campaigns on various IAQ issues in order to increase public awareness concerning indoor air quality health risks and exposure reduction strategies.
- (d) The contractor shall provide technical support to design, implement, market and maintain a national media campaign center for campaign materials on various indoor environments issues.
- (e) The contractor shall provide technical support in identifying effective methods of information transfer, including written, graphic, multi-media, audio-visual, and electronic formats, for specific products. Editorial, layout, graphics, presentations, and related publication development support for technical and non-technical information products shall also be provided.

D. Support for Education and Outreach Product Development and Dissemination

1. Background/General

Public demand for knowledge about indoor environmental problems, including their health risks and the means by which human exposure can be reduced, has been fueled by a growing body of scientific information confirming the adverse impacts of poor indoor air quality on health, comfort, and productivity. The Program recognizes the need for a variety of audiences to understand these risks and to be informed about available methods for risk reduction.

As a voluntary program, two of the main objectives of the Program are to: (1) develop and disseminate information, including technical and non-technical guidance; and (2) conduct education and outreach activities that will inform a broad range of potential users – the general public; building design, construction, and management professionals; private sector diagnostic and mitigation firms; industry associations; environmental researchers and experts; indoor environments educators; EPA program partners; public health and advocacy organizations; health practitioners; environmental health officials at Federal, state, and local levels; and related groups.

2. Work Areas

- (a) The contractor shall provide support in the development and implementation of information, guidance, and other outreach materials, including paper, multi-media, and electronic formats, to be disseminated to target audiences such as the public, school officials, health care providers and insurers, building owners, facility managers, design and construction professionals and personnel, indoor air quality service providers, real estate professionals, code officials, and others.
- (b) The contractor shall provide support in analyzing the existing body of knowledge in specified areas of indoor air quality concern.
- (c) The contractor shall provide support in the design and development of guidance for a range of target audiences concerning improvements in indoor air quality.
- (d) The contractor shall provide support in the development and implementation of programs to train specific targeted audiences, e.g., school personnel on proper operation, maintenance, and construction of schools, or building owners and managers on proper operation, maintenance, and construction of

commercial buildings.

- (e) The contractor shall provide support in assessing the effectiveness of current information and guidance, including training courses and strategies, and propose curricula to meet training requirements and continuing education needs of various public and private sector audiences.
- (f) The contractor shall provide support in assessing the economic and institutional barriers to change that must be addressed in program strategies to improve indoor air quality.
- (g) The contractor shall provide support in assessing state and local indoor air quality activities, e.g., outreach and education programs, information products, legislative initiatives, state and local codes, and may be called upon to develop model indoor air programs for adoption at the state or local level.
- (h) The contractor shall provide support in the development, implementation, and/or maintenance of web site pages for dissemination of key indoor air related program information via Internet public access.
- (i) The contractor shall provide support in the development, implementation, maintenance, modification, marketing, and/or end-user support of EPA software tools that provide indoor air quality guidance to a variety of audiences.
- (j) The contractor shall provide technical support to the EPA Partner Network (EPA Regions, states, national partner groups, field affiliates, and other funded and unfunded partners) through outreach materials and related activities as specified in individual work assignments.
- (k) The contractor shall provide support in developing recommendations for studies to evaluate consumer response to indoor air quality public information materials and programs as specified in individual work assignments.
- (1) The contractor shall provide support by attending conferences where indoor air quality is a topic, as specified by EPA. This support may include attending conferences, trainings, meetings, technical forums, etc., to take notes and report relevant information back to EPA; it may include making technical or non-technical presentations as a contractor representing EPA; it may require staffing information booths and/or disseminating EPA information materials. The contractor may also be tasked to reserve booth space at conferences, and ship EPA information booths and related materials.
- (m) The contractor shall provide support in developing, writing, and/or editing articles for magazine, newspapers, trade journals, etc., and creating related graphic and multi-media support for target technical and non-technical audiences.
- (n) The contractor shall provide support in analyzing, developing, drafting, and/or editing code change proposals as they relate to indoor air quality issues including radon..
- (o) The contractor shall provide support in the analysis and/or development of cost/benefit analyses for indoor air quality mitigation approaches in new construction and in building renovation, including residences, schools, and commercial/institutional buildings.
- (p) The contractor shall support the development and analysis of options for allocating any Federal grant funds available to States and local communities for indoor air quality activities based on factors including: population, risk, program activity, and program results and provide support in the implementation and

tracking of such allocation approaches.

(q) The contractor shall support the development and implementation of recruitment efforts for targeted institutions such as members of K-12 schools/school districts (or school-related associations), or other such targeted audiences as specified by EPA.

F. Facilitation and/or Logistical Support for Meetings, Conferences, Workshops

1. Background/General

The Program works with Agencies and organizations at the Federal, state and local level, with other nations, and with a range of domestic and international stakeholder and target audience groups, to promote more effective approaches to identifying and solving indoor environmental problems. To provide effective communication, the program may initiate meetings, conferences, events, or workshops, or work collaboratively with others to do so.

2. Work Areas

The contractor shall provide support in the following work areas:

- (a) Arrange, conduct and/or facilitate meetings involving contractor personnel, government personnel, and other involved parties.
- (b) Plan, coordinate, and provide logistical support (e.g. staffing, venue, meeting rooms, audiovisual equipment and services, telephone links, etc.).
 - (c). Record and produce minutes, and provide other similar meeting support.

G. Graphic Support

1. Background/General

Among the key responsibilities of the Indoor Environments Divisions are the development and dissemination of publications and other outreach materials and the live presentation of both substantive and organizational information to a variety of audiences.

2. Work Areas

(a) The contractor shall provide technical support by developing or securing graphics for presentations and products. These products may include fact sheets, brochures, booklets, and may be requested in hard copy, in a specific computer software application, in video, CD-ROM, DVD, or other format.

ATTACHMENT 2

REPORT OF WORK

REPORTS

All reports shall be prepared in accordance with the guidelines set forth in the current EPA publication specification (Publication Management: A Guide to Process Standards and Styles (EPA 175K-92-001), or the relevant guidelines as specified by the office responsible for the program activities described at the time this contract is in effect.

The contractor shall submit the following reports:

- 1. Work Plans (submitted only if requested in the individual work assignments)
 - 2. Monthly Technical and Financial Reports
 - 3. Final Reports and,
 - 4. Monthly Invoice Reports.

Description of Reports:

1. Work Plans:

When work plans are requested in the Work Assignment the following applies:

- 1. Original Work Plan is to be submitted fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the approved work assignment issued under this contract. The contractor shall submit one (1) copy of a work plan to the Contracting Officer and two (2) copies of a work plan to the Project Officer. The work plan shall consist of the following:
 - a) Description of the Work Assignment
 - b) Description of the approach to be taken to complete the

assignment,

- c) An estimated schedule for completion of each task,
- d) A list of the people proposed for the project with an estimate of the time to be spent by each person, also a description of their qualifications and experience,
- e) An estimate of time by P-level required for each task and for the total WA, $\,$
- f) An estimate of the projected total cost for completion of each task. Total cost is to show hours, billing rates, and actual rates, overhead, fringe, ODCs by category, G&A, and fee,
- g) A description of the quality assurance and quality control procedures which will be used to insure quality of work,
- h) A description of potential conflict(s) of interest of the personnel assigned to this project.

Within fifteen (15) working days after the receipt of the work plan, the Project Officer will provide written approval or disapproval in the form of a work assignment amendment. In cases where negotiations are required, this will be done in conjunction with and the approval of the Contracting Officer.

2. Monthly Technical and Financial Report:

The contractor shall furnish a combined monthly technical and financial report. The reporting period shall be equal to one month and

shall coincide with the period covered by the contractor invoice.

The technical section of the report shall have the following minimum contents:

- 1. State the progress made on each work assignment task, including the percentage of the level of effort completed and the percentage of the dollars expended at the end of the reporting period.
- 2. State the difficulties encountered:
- 3. State the remedial actions taken:
- 4. Statement of anticipated activities, including estimated level of effort and dollars;
- 5. List hours worked by personnel (by P-level) for each task and dollars charged;
 - 6. List deliverables submitted.

The financial section of the report shall include for each work assignment (the billing rate and the actual rate)

- 1. Professional hours;
- 2. Percentage of hours and dollars expended of the total LOE;
- 3. Hours and dollars estimated in the work plan, the actual hours and dollars, the cumulative hours and dollars, balance remaining and the estimate for the next period;
- 4. The work assignment budget;
- 5. Percentage of dollars used of the total budget;
- 6. Other Direct Costs should be itemized (to show travel long distance and local; telephone; reproduction costs; materials/supplies; office automation; and miscellaneous other direct costs);
- 7. Subcontractor Direct Labor current and cumulative; subcontractor level of effort and dollars and subcontractor other direct costs;
- 8. Show G&A;
- 9. Total expenditure excluding fee;
- 10. Show the fee;
- 11. Show the total including fee.

The contractor shall indicate when 75% of the total projected costs and/or hours have been expended. The contractor shall also notify the WAM, Project Officer, and the Contracting Officer as soon as they are aware of the 75% milestone.

The Project Officer may request the contractor to provide additional information on work assignments. The may include: specify hourly expenses on a task-by-task basis; resources-usage breakdown by staff or P-level, and detail how time or charges were derived on either the individual task or on the overall work assignment.

The contractor shall provide a graph displaying the costs and hours for each work assignment. This graph shall show the projected level of effort vs. the actual hours, and project costs vs. the actual costs.

The reports shall be submitted to the following addresses on or before the $15^{\rm th}$ day of each month following the month of performance; 1 copy to Contracting Officer, 1 copy to the WAM, and 1 copy to the Project Officer.

3. Final Reports:

1. Draft reports: The contractor shall deliver draft final reports as

called for by the individual work assignments. The number and the schedule of the submission will also be specified in each work assignment.

2. Final reports: The contractor shall submit a final report incorporating the Project Officer's and /or Work Assignment Manager's comments on the draft report. The number and schedule will be specified in each work assignment.

4. Monthly Invoice Reports:

In order to be properly submitted, an invoice must meet certain requirements of EPAAR 1552.232-70 (Sep 1990) Alternate II, in addition to the requirements of FAR 32.905.

ATTACHMENT 3

INVOICE PREPARATION INSTRUCTION

INVOICE PREPARATION INSTRUCTIONS SF 1034

The information which a contractor is required to submit in its Standard Form 1034 is set forth as follows:

- (1) U.S. Department, Bureau, or establishment and location insert the names and address of the servicing finance office unless the contract specifically provides otherwise.
- (2) **Date Voucher Prepared** insert date on which the public voucher is prepared and submitted.
- (3) Contract/Delivery Order Number and Date insert the number and date of the contract and delivery order, if applicable, under which reimbursement is claimed.
- (4) Requisition Number and Date leave blank.
- Voucher Number insert the appropriate serial number of the voucher. A separate series of consecutive numbers, beginning with Number 1, shall be used by the contractor for each new contract. When an original voucher was submitted, but not paid in full because of suspended costs, resubmission vouchers should be submitted in a separate invoice showing the original voucher number and designated with the letter "R" as the last character of the number. If there is more than one resubmission, use the appropriate suffix (R2, R3, etc.)
- (6) Schedule Number; Paid By; Date Invoice Received leave blank.
- (7) Discount Terms enter terms of discount, if applicable.
- (8) Payee's Account Number this space may be used by the contractor to record the account or job number(s) assigned to the contract or may be left blank.
- (9) Payee's Name and Address show the name of the contractor exactly as it appears in the contract and its correct address, except when an assignment has been made by the contractor, or the right to receive payment has been restricted, as in the case of an advance account. When the right to receive payment is restricted, the type of information to be shown in this space shall be furnished by the Contracting Officer.
- (10) Shipped From; To; Weight Government B/L Number insert for supply contracts.
- (11) Date of Delivery or Service show the month, day and year, beginning and ending dates of incurrence of costs claimed for reimbursement. Adjustments to costs for prior periods should identify the period applicable to their incurrence, e.g., revised provisional or final indirect cost rates, award fee, etc.

(12) Articles and Services - insert the following: "For detail, see Standard Form 1035 total amount claimed transferred from Page ______ of Standard Form 1035." Type "COST REIMBURSABLE-PROVISIONAL PAYMENT" or "INDEFINITE QUANTITY/INDEFINITE DELIVERY-PROVISIONAL PAYMENT" on the Interim public vouchers. Type "COST REIMBURSABLE-COMPLETION VOUCHER" or "INDEFINITE QUANTITY/INDEFINITE DELIVERY-COMPLETION VOUCHER" on the Completion public voucher. Type "COST REIMBURSABLE-FINAL VOUCHER" or "INDEFINITE QUANTITY/INDEFINITE DELIVERY-FINAL VOUCHER" on the Final public voucher. Type the following certification, signed by an authorized official, on the face of the Standard Form 1034.

"I certify that all payments requested are for appropriate purposes and in accordance with the agreements set forth in the contract."

(Name of Official)

(Title)

- (13) Quantity; Unit Price insert for supply contracts.
- (14) $\bf Amount$ insert the amount claimed for the period indicated in (11) above.

INVOICE PREPARATION INSTRUCTIONS SF 1035

The information which a contractor is required to submit in its Standard Form 1035 is set forth as follows:

- (1) U.S. Department, Bureau, or Establishment insert the name and address of the servicing finance office.
- (2) **Voucher Number** insert the voucher number as shown on the Standard Form 1034.
- (3) Schedule Number leave blank.
- (4) Sheet Number insert the sheet number if more than one sheet is used in numerical sequence. Use as many sheets as necessary to show the information required.
- (5) Number and Date of Order insert payee's name and address as in the Standard Form 1034.
- (6) Articles or Services insert the contract number as in the Standard Form 1034.
- (7) Amount insert the latest estimated cost, fee (fixed, base, or award, as applicable), total contract value, and amount and type of fee payable (as applicable).
- (8) A summary of claimed current and cumulative costs and fee by major cost element. Include the rate(s) at which indirect costs are claimed and indicate the base of each by identifying the line of costs to which each is applied. The rates invoiced should be as specified in the contract or by a rate agreement negotiated by EPA's Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Branch.
- (9) The **fee** shall be determined in accordance with instructions appearing in the contract.
 - NOTE: Amounts claimed on vouchers must be based on records maintained by the contractor to show by major cost element the amounts claimed for reimbursement for each applicable contract. The records must be maintained based on the contractor's fiscal year and should include reconciliations of any differences between the costs incurred per books and amounts claimed for reimbursement. A memorandum record reconciling the total indirect cost(s) claimed should also be maintained.

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES FOR COST REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS

The following backup information is required as an attachment to the invoice as shown by category of cost:

 ${f Direct\ Labor\ }$ - identify the number of hours (by contractor labor category and total) and the total loaded direct labor hours billed for the period in the invoice.

Indirect Cost Rates - identify by cost center, the indirect cost rate,
the period, and the cost base to which it is applied.

Subcontracts - identify the major cost elements for each subcontract.

Other Direct Costs - when the cost for an individual cost (e.g., photocopying, material and supplies, telephone usage) exceeds \$1,000 per the invoice period, provide a detailed explanation for that cost category.

Contractor Acquired Equipment (if authorized by the contract) - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Contractor Acquired Software (if authorized by the contract) - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Travel - when travel costs exceed \$2,000 per invoice period, identify by trip, the number of travellers, the duration of travel, the point of origin, destination, purpose of trip, transportation by unit price, per diem rates on daily basis and total dollars billed. Detailed reporting is not required for local travel.

The manner of breakdown, e.g., work assignment/delivery order basis with/without separate program management, contract period will be specified in the contract instructions.

NOTE: For other than small business concerns, amounts claimed for purchased material and subcontracted items should be based on the cash disbursed by the contractor. These costs cannot be billed to the Government until paid for by the contractor. Any of these costs billed to the Government prior to being paid in cash, in addition to their associated indirect costs, will be considered improper charges and will be suspended until evidence of cash payment is provided. Similarly, any costs requiring advance consent by the Contracting Officer will be considered improper and will be suspended, if claimed prior to receipt of Contracting Officer consent. Include the total cost claimed for the current and cumulative-to-date periods. After the total amount claimed, provide summary dollar amounts of cumulative costs: (1) suspended as of the date of the invoice; and (2) disallowed on the contract as of the date of the invoice. The amount under (2) shall include costs originally suspended and later disallowed. Also include an explanation of the changes in cumulative costs suspended or disallowed by addressing each adjustment in terms of: voucher number, date, dollar amount, source, and reason for the adjustment. Disallowed costs should be identified in unallowable accounts in the contractor's accounting system.

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES FOR FIXED-RATE CONTRACTS

The following backup information is required as an attachment to the invoice as shown by category of cost:

Direct Labor - identify the number of hours (by contractor labor category and total) and the total direct labor hours billed for the period of the invoice.

Subcontracts - identify the major cost elements for each subcontract.

Other Direct Costs - when the cost for an individual cost (e.g., photocopying, material and supplies, telephone usage) exceeds \$1,000 per the invoice period, provide a detailed explanation for that cost category

Indirect Cost Rates - identify by cost center, the indirect cost rate,
the period, and the cost base to which it is applied.

Contractor Acquired Equipment - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Contractor Acquired Software - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Travel - when travel costs exceed \$2,000 per invoice period, identify by trip, the number of travelers, the duration of travel, the point of origin, destination, purpose of trip, transportation by unit price, per diem rates on daily basis and total dollars billed. Detailed reporting is not required for local travel.

The manner of breakdown, e.g., work assignment/delivery order basis with/without separate program management, contract period will be specified in the contract instructions.

NOTE: For other than small business concerns, amounts claimed for purchased material and subcontracted items should be based on the cash disbursed by the contractor. These costs cannot be billed to the Government until paid for by the contractor. Any of these costs billed to the Government prior to being paid in cash, in addition to their associated indirect costs, will be considered improper charges and will be suspended until evidence of cash payment is provided. Similarly, any costs requiring advance consent by the Contracting Officer will be considered improper and will be suspended, if claimed prior to receipt of Contracting Officer consent. Include the total cost claimed for the current and cumulative-to-date periods. After the total amount claimed, provide summary dollar amounts of cumulative costs: (1) suspended as of the date of the invoice; and (2) disallowed on the contract as of the date of the invoice. The amount under (2) shall include costs originally suspended and later disallowed. Also include an explanation of the changes in cumulative costs suspended or disallowed by addressing each adjustment in terms of: voucher number, date, dollar amount, source, and reason for the adjustment. Disallowed costs should be identified in unallowable accounts contractor's accounting system.

RESUBMISSIONS

When an original voucher was submitted, but not paid in full because of suspended costs and after receipt of a letter of removal of suspension, resubmissions of any previously claimed amounts which were suspended should be submitted in a separate invoice showing the original voucher number and designated with the letter "R" with the copy of the removal of suspension notice. The amounts should be shown under the appropriate cost category and include all appropriate supplemental schedules. NOTE: All disallowances must be identified as such in the accounting system through journal entries.

Voucher resubmittals may also occur as a result of: (1) a new indirect cost rate agreement; or (2) adjustments to previously billed direct cost rates due to audit resolution. Such claims should be submitted in a separate invoice or request for contractor financing payment number. They should include supplemental schedules showing the previously adjusted amounts by contract period. If the resubmission is based on a new rate agreement, a copy of the agreement should be attached. Costs must be identified by delivery order or work assignment where appropriate. If the contract is Superfundrelated, voucher resubmittals shall also identify the amount claimed against each Superfund site and non-site-specific activity.

COMPLETION VOUCHERS

Submit a completion voucher when all performance provisions of the contract are physically complete, when the final report (if required) is accepted, and when all direct costs have been incurred and booked. Indirect costs may be claimed at the provisional rates, if final rates are not yet available. Contractors must identify these vouchers by typing "Completion Voucher" next to the voucher number. For contracts separately invoiced by delivery order, provide a schedule showing total costs claimed by delivery order and in total for the contract.

In addition to the completion voucher, the contractor must submit an original and two copies of EPA Form 1900-10, Contractor's Cumulative Claim and Reconciliation showing the total cumulative costs claimed under the contract.

The information which a contractor is required to submit in its EPA Form 1900-10 is set forth as follows:

- (1) Contractor's Name and Address show the name of the contractor exactly as it appears in the contract and its correct address, except when an assignment has been made by the contractor, or the right to receive payment has been restricted, as in the case of an advance account. When the right to receive payment is restricted, the type of information to be shown in this space shall be furnished by the Contracting Officer.
- (2) **Contract Number** insert the number of the contract under which reimbursement is claimed.
- (3) First voucher number and completion voucher number.
- (4) Total amount of cost claimed for each cost element category through the completion voucher.
- (5) Total Fee awarded.
- (6) Amount of indirect costs calculated using negotiated final indirect cost rate(s) and/or provisional rate(s) as specified in the contract, if final rate(s) are not yet negotiated for any fiscal period.
- (7) Fiscal year.
- (8) Indirect cost center.
- (9) Appropriate basis for allocation.

- (10) Negotiated final indirect cost rate(s) or provisional indirect cost rate(s).
- (11) Signature.
- (12) Official title.
- (13) Date.

FINAL VOUCHER AND CLOSING DOCUMENTS

After completion of the final audit and all suspensions and/or audit exceptions have been resolved as to the final allowable costs and fee, including establishment of final indirect cost rate(s) for all periods the contractor shall prepare a final voucher including any adjustments to vouchered costs necessitated by the final settlement of the contract price. Contractors must identify these vouchers by typing "Final Voucher" next to the voucher number. For contracts separately invoiced by delivery order, provide a schedule showing final total costs claimed by delivery order and in total for the contract. The contractor shall also provide an original and two copies of an updated EPA Form 1900-10, Contractors Cumulative Claim and Reconciliation, showing the total negotiated, cumulative costs for the contract. Indirect costs shall be included at the final negotiated rates.

In addition to the final voucher, the contractor must submit an original and two copies of the Contractor's Release; Assignee's Release, if applicable; the Contractor's Assignment of Refunds, Rebates, Credits and other Amounts; the Assignee's Assignment of Refunds, Rebates, Credits and other Amounts, if applicable; and the Contractor's Affidavit of Waiver of Lien, when required by the contract.

ATTACHMENT 4

CLIENT AUTHORIZATION LETTER

Client Authorization Letter

[Addressee]

Dear "Client":

We are currently responding to the Environmental Protection Agency's RFP No. PR-NC-03-10349 the procurement of Support for Policy Development, Analysis and Information Development, Communications Strategy Design, Education and Outreach Products, and Dissemination of Guidance on Indoor Environmental Quality Issues. The EPA is placing increased emphasis in their acquisitions on past performance as a source selection factor.

EPA has asked the offeror to send Past Performance Questionnaires to customers to complete and send to the Contracting Officer. Please complete the attached Past Performance Questionnaire and mail to U.S. EPA, Attn: Natalia Fisher-Jackson, E105-02, RTP, NC 27711, within five (5) days of receipt of this letter.

If you are contacted by EPA for information on work we have performed under contract for your company, you are hereby authorized to respond to EPA inquiries.

Your cooperation is appreciated. Any questions may be directed to

Sincerely,

ATTACHMENT 5

PAST PERFORMANCE QUESTIONNAIRE

PAST PERFORMANCE QUESTIONNAIRE PR-NC-03-10349

SOURCE SELECTION SENSITIVE INFORMATION

(TO BE COMPLETED BY OFFEROR PRIOR TO MAILING TO REFERENCE)

Name of Offeror:	
Contract Number:	
Contract Title:	
Contract Value:	
Type of Contract:	
Period of Performa	nce:

The remainder of this form is to be completed by the reference and returned to EPA as instructed in the Client Authorization Letter.

Performance Elements	Not Applicable	Outstanding	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
1. Quality of Product or Service				
2. Timeliness of Performance				
3. Effectiveness of Management(including subcontractors)				
4. Initiative in Meeting Requirements				
5. Response to Technical Direction				
6. Responsiveness to Performance Problems				
7. Compliance with Cost Estimates				
8. Customer Satisfaction				
9. Overall Performance				

10. Remarks on outstanding performance:

(Provide data supporting this observation; you may continue on a separate sheet if needed.)

11. Remarks on unsatisfactory performance:

(Provide data supporting this observation; you may continue on separate

12.	Please identify any corporate affiliations with the offeror.
13.	Would you do business with this firm again?
14.	<pre>Information provided by: Agency/Firm: Name:</pre>
	Title:
	Mailing Address (Street and P.O. Box)
	City, State and Zip Code
	Telephone and Fax Numbers
	Phone: